

# **LABOUR FORCE**

AUSTRALIA

EMBARGO: 11:30AM (CANBERRA TIME) FRI 26 APR 2002

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 For further information about these and related statistics, contact Mark Webb on Canberra 02 6252 6525, or the National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070.

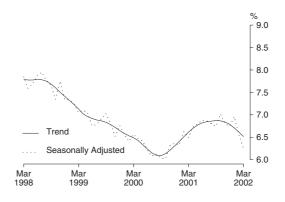
### ΝΟΤΕ S

FORTHCOMING ISSUES	Issue	Release Date
	April 2002	31 May 2002
	May 2002	28 June 2002
	June 2002	26 July 2002
	July 2002	30 August 2002
	August 2002	27 September 2002
	September 2002	25 October 2002
STATE INQUIRIES	For further inquiries about labour force d Inquiries in ABS State offices: Sydney 02 9 Melbourne 03 9615 7073, Brisbane 07 32 Adelaide 08 8237 7365, Perth 08 9360 59 Darwin 08 8943 2120, Canberra 02 6207	9268 4633, 22 6068, 40, Hobart 03 6220 5884,

Dennis Trewin Australian Statistician

#### LABOUR MARKET IN BRIEF

TREND ESTIMATES	The trend estimate of employed persons has been increasing since December 2000, reaching 9,293,300 in March 2002. Full-time
	employment rose to 6,683,100, and part-time employment rose to 2,610,300. The trend estimate of unemployment decreased to 648,000 in
	March 2002. The trend unemployment rate in March 2002 decreased to 6.5%. The male unemployment rate remained steady at 6.8% while the
	female unemployment rate fell to 6.2%. The trend participation rate in
	March 2002 remained steady at 63.9%. The male and female participation
	rates remained at 72.5% and 55.5% respectively.
EMPLOYMENT	The seasonally adjusted estimate of employment increased by 21,200 to 9,304,300 in March 2002. Full-time employment increased by 36,500 to 6,700,600 with female full-time employment increasing by 27,600 to 2,260,000 and male full-time employment increasing by 8,800 to 4,440,600. Part-time employment fell by 15,300 to 2,603,700. Female part-time employment fell by 18,100 to 1,848,600 while male part-time employment rose by 2,800 to 755,000.
UNEMPLOYMENT	The seasonally adjusted estimate of unemployment decreased by 30,300 to 622,300 in March 2002. The number of unemployed persons seeking full-time work decreased by 27,600 to 474,100, with the number of males decreasing by 14,600 and the number of females decreasing by 12,900. The number of unemployed persons seeking part-time work fell by 2,700 to 148,200, with the number of females seeking part-time work decreasing by 3,700 and the number of males increasing slightly.
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate decreased to 6.3% in March 2002. The female rate fell by 0.4 percentage points to 5.8% while the male rate fell by 0.2 percentage points to 6.6%.



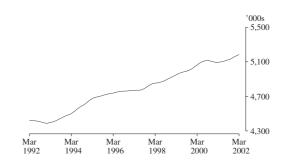
#### PARTICIPATION RATE

The seasonally adjusted labour force participation rate fell by 0.1 percentage point to 63.8% in March 2002. The female participation rate decreased by 0.1 percentage point to 55.3% while the male participation rate decreased by 0.1 percentage point to 72.5%.

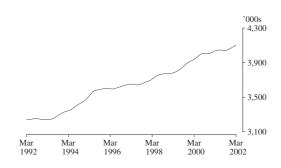
#### PRINCIPAL LABOUR FORCE SERIES

EMPLOYED PERSONS: TREND SERIES

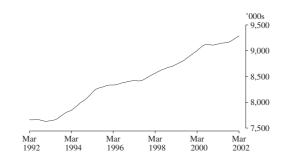
Males From a low of 4,391,200 in January 1993, the trend estimate of employed males rose to 5,116,100 in September 2000. The trend then fell to 5,095,700 in March 2001, before rising to stand at 5,187,700 in March 2002.



Females The trend estimate of employed females rose strongly from 3,247,200 in May 1993 to 3,582,100 in July 1995. Since then the trend has continued to rise at a slower rate and stood at 4,105,600 in March 2002.

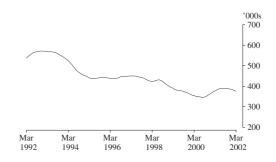


Persons The trend estimate of employed persons generally rose from a low of 7,634,000 in January 1993 to 9,126,300 in September 2000. The trend then fell to 9,113,100 in December 2000, and has since risen to stand at 9,293,300 in March 2002.

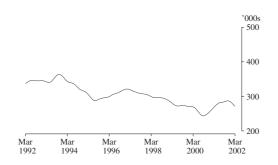


#### UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: TREND SERIES

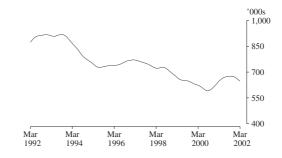
Males After reaching a peak of 572,400 in December 1992, the trend estimate of unemployed males fell rapidly to 438,300 in May 1995. The trend estimate then remained relatively flat until July 1998, before falling to 346,900 in August 2000. The trend then rose to 391,300 in September 2001, before falling to stand at 376,600 in March 2002.



Females From a high of 364,200 in October 1993, the trend estimate of unemployed females fell rapidly to 288,100 in July 1995. The trend estimate then rose steadily until January 1997, before falling to 243,800 in September 2000. The trend then rose to 287,600 in November 2001, before falling to 271,400 in March 2002.

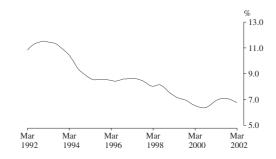


Persons The trend estimate of unemployed persons peaked at 920,600 in September 1993, before falling rapidly to 728,100 in July 1995. The trend then rose slowly, reaching 771,600 in February 1997 before falling to 591,800 in September 2000. The trend then rose to 677,300 in October 2001, before falling to stand at 648,000 in March 2002.

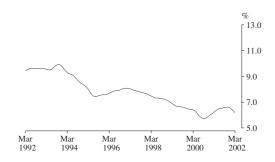


#### UNEMPLOYMENT RATE: TREND SERIES

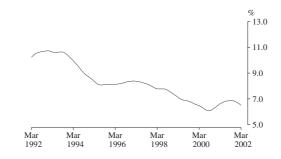
Males The male trend unemployment rate peaked at 11.5% in December 1992, before falling rapidly to 8.5% in May 1995. The trend then remained relatively steady until July 1998, before falling again to 6.4% in August 2000. The trend estimate then rose to 7.1% in August 2001, before falling to stand at 6.8% in March 2002.



Females From a high of 9.9% in October 1993, the trend unemployment rate for females fell steeply to 7.4% in July 1995. The trend then rose to 8.1% in January 1997, before falling to 5.7% in September 2000. The trend then rose to 6.6% in October 2001, before falling to stand at 6.2% in March 2002.

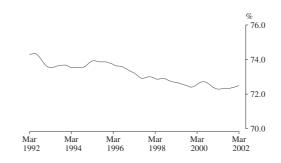


Persons After reaching a high of 10.7% in late 1992, the trend unemployment rate remained steady for twelve months, before falling rapidly to 8.1% in July 1995. The trend then rose slowly until February 1997, before falling to 6.1% in September 2000. The trend rate then rose to 6.9% in September 2001, before falling to 6.5% in March 2002.

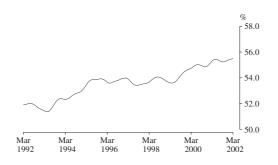


# PARTICIPATION RATE: TREND SERIES

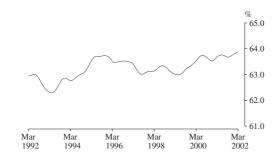
Males The trend estimate of the male participation rate remained relatively flat from March 1993 until November 1994 at about 73.6%. After rising to 73.9% in April 1995, the trend rate then generally fell to 72.4% in December 1999. The trend rate then rose to 72.7% in July 2000, before falling to stand at 72.3% in April 2001. Recently the trend has increased slightly to 72.5% in March 2002.



Females The trend estimate of the female participation rate rose from 51.4% in May 1993 to 53.9% in November 1995. The trend then remained relatively stable until April 1999. The trend then generally rose to 55.4% in May 2001. Recently the trend has remained relatively stable, standing at 55.5% in March 2002.



Persons From a low of 62.3% in April 1993, the trend estimate of the participation rate rose to 63.7% in November 1995, before generally decreasing to 63.0% in August 1997. The trend then remained steady until May 1999. Over the past three years the trend has generally increased to stand at 63.9% in March 2002.



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				Looking		ioyeu						
				<u>full-time</u> Aged 15-19	work	Looking for				Civilian		
	Full-time	Employed Part-time		looking for		part- time		Labour	Not in labour	population aged 15		Partic-
Month	workers	workers	Total	first job	Total	work	Total	force	force	and over	rate	ipation rate
					MALE	<u>- '000 -</u>					- per	cent -
2001 —					MALI	-0						
January	4,391.9	667.2	5,059.1	27.3	337.4	55.2	392.6	5,451.7	2,102.9	7,554.6	7.2	72.2
February	4,416.5	661.7	5,078.1	29.7	352.8	62.2	415.0	5,493.2	2,069.7	7,562.9	7.6	72.6
March	4,379.0	690.8	5,069.8	21.8	318.5	65.7	384.2	5,454.0	2,117.1	7,571.1	7.0	72.0
April	4,388.8	712.8	5,101.7	21.7	322.1	63.3	385.4	5,487.1	2,092.4	7,579.4	7.0	72.4
May	4,374.1	721.7	5,095.8	23.4	316.8	64.9	381.8	5,477.6	2,110.2	7,587.8	7.0	72.2
June	4,359.3	744.2	5,103.5	23.8	316.9	60.6	377.4	5,481.0	2,115.1	7,596.1	6.9	72.2
July	4,384.2	748.6	5,132.8	19.6	307.1	58.8	365.8	5,498.6	2,106.8	7,605.4	6.7	72.3
August	4,337.6	747.8	5,085.4	17.5	319.1	54.4	373.6	5,459.0	2,155.7	7,614.7	6.8	71.7
September	4,431.2	725.0	5,156.2	22.2	330.4	66.3	396.7	5,552.9	2,071.1	7,624.0	7.1	72.8
October	4,407.0	740.1	5,147.0	21.7	320.3	60.5	380.9	5,527.9	2,105.7	7,633.7	6.9	72.4
November	4,403.3	720.6	5,123.9	22.0	317.3	54.1	371.4	5,495.3	2,148.1	7,643.3	6.8	71.9
December	4,501.3	715.0	5,216.3	29.2	313.2	63.3	376.5	5,592.8	2,060.2	7,653.0	6.7	73.1
2002 —	1,00110	/1010	0,21010	_>	01012	0010	01010	0,072.0	2,00012	,,00010	0.7	7011
January	4,428.8	695.9	5,124.7	29.6	353.4	69.3	422.8	5,547.5	2,113.8	7,661.3	7.6	72.4
February	4,444.8	723.3	5,168.1	29.0	350.0	66.8	416.8	5,584.8	2,084.7	7,669.5	7.5	72.8
March	4,416.7	758.7	5,175.3	21.3	310.3	71.2	381.5	5,556.9	2,120.9	7,677.8	6.9	72.4
Standard error of — March 2002 estimates	21.4	10.2	23.5	2.5	7.2	4.2	7.8	24.7	15.4		0.1	0.3
Feb 02 to Mar 02 movements	14.1	7.5	14.8	2.1	5.7	3.2	6.1	15.2	10.8		0.1	0.2
				MA	RRIED F	EMALES						
2001 —												
January	1,274.7	1,040.6	2,315.4	* 1.0	56.6	28.1	84.7	2,400.0	2,023.4	4,423.4	3.5	54.3
February	1,293.3	1,081.5	2,374.8	* 0.5	61.7	37.2	98.9	2,473.7	1,930.8	4,404.5	4.0	56.2
March	1,304.8	1,094.3	2,399.1	* 0.2	64.6	30.5	95.1	2,494.2	1,890.9	4,385.1	3.8	56.9
April	1,287.0	1,162.9	2,449.9	* 1.0	63.3	32.3	95.6	2,545.4	1,883.2	4,428.6	3.8	57.5
May	1,310.1	1,150.5	2,460.6	* 1.1	67.0	32.3	99.3	2,560.0	1,905.8	4,465.8	3.9	57.3
June	1,305.4	1,166.3	2,471.6	* 0.8	66.6	33.9	100.5	2,572.2	1,892.4	4,464.6	3.9	57.6
July	1,305.1	1,175.3	2,480.4	* 1.3	64.0	30.6	94.6	2,575.0	1,902.7	4,477.7	3.7	57.5
August	1,302.0	1,170.5	2,472.5	* 1.3	67.1	30.9	98.0	2,570.4	1,911.6	4,482.1	3.8	57.3
September	1,358.4	1,150.1	2,508.5	* 1.9	70.7	29.0	99.7	2,608.2	1,879.3	4,487.6	3.8	58.1
October	1,313.6	1,163.6	2,477.2	* 1.6	65.7	35.4	101.1	2,578.3	1,897.6	4,475.9	3.9	57.6
November	1,330.0	1,160.8	2,490.9	* 0.2	62.3	32.2	94.5	2,585.3	1,899.0	4,484.3	3.7	57.7
December	1,345.4	1,150.6	2,496.0	* 0.3	60.1	28.3	88.4	2,584.4	1,917.6	4,501.9	3.4	57.4
2002 —		-						-				
January	1,322.9	1,092.6	2,415.5	* 1.3	67.6	29.9	97.6	2,513.1	1,978.3	4,491.5	3.9	56.0
February	1,328.5	1,142.3	2,470.8	* 1.5	70.0	38.0	108.0	2,578.8	1,907.1	4,485.9	4.2	57.5
March	1,346.7	1,152.1	2,498.8	* 1.6	62.4	30.3	92.7	2,591.5	1,901.7	4,493.2	3.6	57.7
Standard error of — March 2002												
estimates	12.8	12.0	16.4	0.6	4.0	2.9	4.6	16.7	14.7		0.2	0.4
Feb 02 to Mar 02												~
movements	9.2	8.7	11.5	0.8	3.2	2.6	3.7	11.6	10.4		0.1	0.3

TABLE 1. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER

				Looking	<u>Unemp</u> for	<i>noyeu</i>						
				full-time	work							
				Aged		Looking						
				15-19		for				Civilian		
		Employed		looking		part-			Not in	population		Partic
	Full-time	Part-time		for		time		Labour	labour	aged 15	-	ipation
Month	workers	workers	Total	first job	Total	work	Total	force	force	and over	rate	rate
					ALL FEM	<u>- '000 -</u> ALES					- per	cent -
2001 —				1		TLLD						
January	2,265.8	1,659.4	3,925.2	20.5	166.9	88.5	255.4	4,180.6	3,590.9	7,771.5	6.1	53.8
February	2,286.8	1,705.1	3,991.8	24.4	189.9	116.6	306.6	4,298.4	3,480.5	7,778.9	7.1	55.3
March	2,284.9	1,736.2	4,021.0	15.9	169.6	121.7	291.3	4,312.4	3,474.1	7,786.4	6.8	55.4
April	2,240.1	1,813.8	4,053.9	18.6	169.9	113.9	283.8	4,337.7	3,456.5	7,794.1	6.5	55.7
May	2,241.1	1,797.0	4,038.2	19.1	184.0	106.0	289.9	4,328.1	3,473.7	7,801.8	6.7	55.5
June	2,230.8	1,830.4	4,061.2	21.1	179.1	97.8	276.9	4,338.1	3,471.4	7,809.5	6.4	55.5
	2,230.8	1,822.2	4,058.2	18.9	167.1	84.7	251.8	4,310.0	3,508.4	7,809.5	5.8	55.1
July												
August	2,206.0	1,832.8	4,038.8	17.5	175.5	94.9	270.4	4,309.2	3,518.1	7,827.2	6.3	55.1
September	2,286.5	1,812.4	4,098.9	18.2	179.3	96.6	275.9	4,374.7	3,461.4	7,836.1	6.3	55.8
October	2,232.2	1,825.4	4,057.6	19.7	183.1	96.1	279.2	4,336.8	3,508.5	7,845.2	6.4	55.3
November	2,229.4	1,837.1	4,066.5	18.3	170.1	87.9	258.1	4,324.6	3,529.8	7,854.3	6.0	55.1
December	2,263.2	1,834.8	4,098.1	26.8	185.5	99.5	285.0	4,383.0	3,480.4	7,863.5	6.5	55.7
2002 —												
January	2,249.0	1,750.1	3,999.1	24.7	208.5	96.0	304.5	4,303.7	3,567.7	7,871.4	7.1	54.7
February	2,236.6	1,826.2	4,062.9	24.1	204.5	104.9	309.5	4,372.3	3,507.0	7,879.3	7.1	55.5
March	2,239.1	1,853.1	4,092.2	23.5	178.3	102.1	280.4	4,372.6	3,514.6	7,887.2	6.4	55.4
Standard error of —												
March 2002												
	157	14.6	20.5	26	5.0	4.0	7.0	21.2	10.0		0.2	0.2
estimates	15.7	14.6	20.5	2.6	5.9	4.8	7.0	21.2	19.0	••	0.2	0.3
Feb 02 to Mar 02												
movements	11.0	10.3	13.7	2.2	4.7	3.7	5.5	14.0	12.9		0.1	0.2
2001					PERSO	NS						
2001 —	( ( == =	2 224 4	0.004.2	17.0	504.2	1 4 2 7	(10.0	0 (00 0	5 (02 0	15 00 ( 1	<b>(-</b>	(0.0
January	6,657.7	2,326.6	8,984.3	47.9	504.3	143.7	648.0	9,632.3	5,693.8	15,326.1	6.7	62.8
February	6,703.3	2,366.7	9,070.0	54.1	542.7	178.8	721.6	9,791.6	5,550.2	15,341.8	7.4	63.8
March	6,663.9	2,427.0	9,090.8	37.7	488.1	187.5	675.5	9,766.4	5,591.2	15,357.6	6.9	63.6
April	6,628.9	2,526.6	9,155.5	40.3	492.0	177.2	669.2	9,824.8	5,548.8	15,373.6	6.8	63.9
May	6,615.2	2,518.8	9,133.9	42.5	500.8	170.9	671.7	9,805.6	5,583.9	15,389.6	6.9	63.7
June	6,590.1	2,574.7	9,164.7	44.9	496.0	158.3	654.3	9,819.1	5,586.6	15,405.6	6.7	63.7
July	6,620.2	2,570.8	9,191.0	38.5	474.2	143.5	617.6	9,808.6	5,615.2	15,423.8	6.3	63.6
August	6,543.6	2,580.6	9,124.2	35.0	494.6	149.3	644.0	9,768.2	5,673.7	15,441.9	6.6	63.3
September	6,717.6	2,537.4	9,255.0	40.5	509.7	162.8	672.5	9,927.6	5,532.5	15,460.1	6.8	64.2
October	6,639.2	2,565.4	9,204.6	41.4	503.4	156.7	660.1	9,864.7	5,614.2	15,478.9	6.7	63.7
November	6,632.7	2,557.7	9,190.4	40.3	487.5	142.0	629.5	9,819.8	5,677.8	15,497.7	6.4	63.4
December	6,764.5	2,549.9	9,314.4	56.0	498.7	162.8	661.5	9,975.8	5,540.6	15,516.5	6.6	64.3
2002 —	( ( == )	0.446.0	0.122.0	<b>540</b>	561.0	165.0	707.0	0.051.1	5 (01 (	15 500 5	- ·	<i>(</i> <b>)</b> <i>(</i>
January	6,677.8	2,446.0	9,123.8	54.3	561.9	165.3	727.3	9,851.1	5,681.6	15,532.7	7.4	63.4
February	6,681.4	2,549.5	9,230.9	53.1	554.5	171.7	726.2	9,957.2	5,591.7	15,548.8	7.3	64.0
March	6,655.8	2,611.8	9,267.6	44.8	488.7	173.3	661.9	9,929.5	5,635.5	15,565.0	6.7	63.8
Standard error of —												
March 2002												
estimates	28.2	16.7	37.5	3.5	8.6	5.8	9.7	40.1	24.9		0.1	0.3
Feb 02 to Mar 02												
movements	16.2	11.6	18.3	2.7	6.7	4.4	7.4	18.7	15.3		0.1	0.1

TABLE 1. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER

 TABLE 2. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES

 Unemployed

			_	Looking fo	Unemploy r	ved				
	Full-time workers	<u>Employed</u> Part-time workers	 Total	Looking jo <u>full-time wo</u> Aged 15-19 looking for first job		Looking for part- time work	Total	Labour force	Unemp- loyment rate	Partic- ipation rate
Month	workers	workers	10101	jirsi job	- '000 -	WOIK	10101	jorce	- per	cent -
				MALES						
2001 — January February March April May June July August September October November December 2002 —	$\begin{array}{c} 4,409.1\\ 4,404.3\\ 4,402.1\\ 4,405.6\\ 4,400.9\\ 4,379.2\\ 4,355.3\\ 4,382.5\\ 4,404.1\\ 4,399.9\\ 4,406.5\\ 4,424.3\end{array}$	687.0 688.5 687.2 697.0 708.4 718.4 751.8 743.9 718.8 734.9 733.8 725.8	5,096.1 5,092.8 5,089.3 5,102.6 5,109.3 5,097.5 5,107.1 5,126.4 5,122.9 5,134.7 5,140.2 5,150.1	$19.3 \\ 23.7 \\ 21.7 \\ 23.1 \\ 24.6 \\ 24.5 \\ 24.0 \\ 23.5 \\ 26.7 \\ 26.2 \\ 25.0 \\ 21.4 \\$	$\begin{array}{c} 307.9\\ 323.3\\ 314.0\\ 326.9\\ 320.8\\ 324.4\\ 325.0\\ 325.9\\ 327.7\\ 337.1\\ 326.1\\ 316.2 \end{array}$	$54.4 \\ 57.3 \\ 57.6 \\ 60.0 \\ 63.6 \\ 65.9 \\ 67.2 \\ 60.8 \\ 60.4 \\ 64.3 \\ 60.7 \\ 59.6 \\ \end{cases}$	362.3 380.7 371.6 386.9 384.4 390.3 392.2 386.7 388.1 401.4 386.8 375.7	5,458.4 5,473.5 5,460.9 5,489.5 5,493.7 5,487.8 5,499.4 5,513.0 5,511.1 5,536.2 5,527.0 5,525.8	$\begin{array}{c} 6.6\\ 7.0\\ 6.8\\ 7.0\\ 7.0\\ 7.1\\ 7.1\\ 7.0\\ 7.0\\ 7.3\\ 7.0\\ 6.8 \end{array}$	72.3 72.4 72.1 72.4 72.2 72.3 72.4 72.3 72.4 72.3 72.5 72.3 72.2
January February March	4,447.6 4,431.7 4,440.6	715.8 752.3 755.0	5,163.4 5,184.0 5,195.6	21.0 23.0 21.2	323.2 320.9 306.3	68.5 61.6 62.5	391.8 382.4 368.8	5,555.2 5,566.4 5,564.4	7.1 6.9 6.6	72.5 72.6 72.5
	.,			MARRIED FEM				-,		
2001 — January February March April May June July August September October November December	$\begin{array}{c} 1,288.2\\ 1,303.9\\ 1,314.1\\ 1,300.6\\ 1,320.7\\ 1,315.4\\ 1,284.8\\ 1,310.8\\ 1,336.6\\ 1,305.8\\ 1,325.6\\ 1,322.9\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,122.9\\ 1,100.3\\ 1,084.4\\ 1,151.4\\ 1,133.1\\ 1,139.1\\ 1,162.8\\ 1,164.9\\ 1,122.8\\ 1,164.7\\ 1,158.4\\ 1,160.6\end{array}$	2,411.2 2,404.3 2,398.5 2,452.0 2,453.8 2,454.5 2,447.6 2,475.8 2,479.3 2,470.5 2,484.1 2,483.5	n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	$\begin{array}{c} 55.6\\ 54.3\\ 59.1\\ 61.5\\ 66.7\\ 69.4\\ 69.3\\ 69.9\\ 69.7\\ 67.8\\ 64.4\\ 64.9\end{array}$	33.4 31.1 27.6 30.5 30.4 32.9 32.2 31.0 29.1 36.2 33.8 34.4	89.0 85.4 86.8 92.0 97.1 102.2 101.4 100.9 98.8 104.0 98.1 99.3	2,500.2 2,489.6 2,485.3 2,544.0 2,550.9 2,556.8 2,549.1 2,576.6 2,558.2 2,574.5 2,582.2 2,582.2 2,582.8	3.6 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.8 4.0 3.9 3.9 4.0 3.9 3.9 3.8 3.8 3.8	56.5 56.5 57.4 57.1 57.3 56.9 57.5 57.0 57.5 57.6 57.6 57.4
2002 — January February March	1,336.3 1,339.3 1,356.5	1,179.0 1,162.3 1,141.8	2,515.3 2,501.7 2,498.3	n.a. n.a. n.a.	66.5 61.7 56.9	35.6 31.7 27.6	102.1 93.4 84.5	2,617.4 2,595.1 2,582.7	3.9 3.6 3.3	58.3 57.9 57.5
				ALL FEMAL	LES					
2001 — January February March April May June July August September October November December 2002 —	2,255.1 2,282.2 2,306.6 2,259.3 2,270.9 2,251.9 2,201.6 2,241.1 2,269.1 2,223.2 2,231.3 2,212.9	1,764.3 1,742.6 1,731.5 1,797.1 1,775.6 1,797.9 1,824.7 1,826.7 1,766.5 1,821.5 1,820.2 1,836.1	$\begin{array}{c} 4,019.4\\ 4,024.8\\ 4,038.1\\ 4,056.4\\ 4,046.6\\ 4,049.8\\ 4,026.3\\ 4,067.8\\ 4,067.8\\ 4,067.8\\ 4,034.6\\ 4,044.6\\ 4,051.5\\ 4,048.9\end{array}$	$15.8 \\ 20.8 \\ 16.7 \\ 17.7 \\ 19.8 \\ 24.1 \\ 22.5 \\ 20.8 \\ 22.4 \\ 22.0 \\ 19.2 \\ 19.9 \\ 19.9 \\ 19.9 \\ 10.1 \\ $	$\begin{array}{c} 156.1 \\ 167.5 \\ 159.5 \\ 167.2 \\ 180.4 \\ 186.0 \\ 185.3 \\ 187.2 \\ 181.3 \\ 190.9 \\ 184.0 \\ 182.3 \end{array}$	97.3 99.3 102.4 106.4 103.5 99.5 96.3 97.4 93.1 101.2 100.1 107.3	253.4 266.8 261.9 273.6 283.9 285.5 281.6 284.6 274.5 292.2 284.1 289.5	$\begin{array}{c} 4.272.8\\ 4.291.6\\ 4.300.0\\ 4.330.0\\ 4.335.3\\ 4.307.9\\ 4.352.4\\ 4.310.1\\ 4.336.8\\ 4.335.6\\ 4.338.5\end{array}$	$5.9 \\ 6.2 \\ 6.1 \\ 6.3 \\ 6.6 \\ 6.5 \\ 6.5 \\ 6.5 \\ 6.4 \\ 6.7 \\ 6.6 \\ 6.7 \\ 6.7 \\ 6.6 \\ 6.7 $	55.0 55.2 55.6 55.5 55.5 55.1 55.0 55.0 55.3 55.2 55.2
January February March	2,239.4 2,232.4 2,260.0	1,859.9 1,866.7 1,848.6	4,099.3 4,099.1 4,108.7	19.3 20.4 24.8	195.3 180.7 167.8	105.4 89.4 85.7	300.7 270.1 253.5	4,400.1 4,369.2 4,362.2	6.8 6.2 5.8	55.9 55.5 55.3
2001				PERSONS	5					
2001 — January February March April May June July August September October November December 2002 —	$\begin{array}{c} 6,664.3\\ 6,686.5\\ 6,708.7\\ 6,664.9\\ 6,671.8\\ 6,631.1\\ 6,557.0\\ 6,623.5\\ 6,673.2\\ 6,623.0\\ 6,637.8\\ 6,637.2\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2,451.3\\ 2,431.1\\ 2,418.7\\ 2,494.2\\ 2,484.0\\ 2,516.2\\ 2,576.5\\ 2,570.6\\ 2,485.4\\ 2,556.4\\ 2,556.4\\ 2,554.0\\ 2,561.8 \end{array}$	9,115.5 9,117.7 9,127.4 9,159.1 9,155.9 9,147.3 9,133.4 9,194.1 9,158.6 9,179.4 9,191.8 9,199.0	$\begin{array}{c} 35.1 \\ 44.5 \\ 38.4 \\ 40.9 \\ 44.4 \\ 48.6 \\ 46.5 \\ 44.3 \\ 49.2 \\ 48.2 \\ 44.1 \\ 41.3 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 464.0 \\ 490.9 \\ 473.5 \\ 494.1 \\ 501.2 \\ 510.4 \\ 510.3 \\ 513.0 \\ 509.0 \\ 528.0 \\ 510.1 \\ 498.4 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 151.7\\ 156.6\\ 160.0\\ 166.3\\ 167.1\\ 165.4\\ 163.5\\ 158.2\\ 153.6\\ 165.6\\ 160.8\\ 166.9\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 615.7\\ 647.5\\ 633.5\\ 660.5\\ 668.3\\ 675.8\\ 673.8\\ 673.8\\ 671.3\\ 662.6\\ 693.6\\ 670.9\\ 665.3 \end{array}$	9,731.3 9,765.1 9,761.0 9,819.5 9,824.2 9,823.1 9,807.2 9,865.4 9,821.2 9,873.0 9,862.7 9,864.3	$\begin{array}{c} 6.3\\ 6.6\\ 6.5\\ 6.7\\ 6.8\\ 6.9\\ 6.9\\ 6.8\\ 6.7\\ 7.0\\ 6.8\\ 6.7\end{array}$	63.5 63.7 63.6 63.9 63.8 63.8 63.8 63.9 63.5 63.9 63.5 63.8 63.6 63.6
January February March	6,687.0 6,664.1 6,700.6	2,575.7 2,619.0 2,603.7	9,262.7 9,283.1 9,304.3	40.3 43.4 46.0	518.6 501.6 474.1	174.0 150.9 148.2	692.5 652.5 622.3	9,955.2 9,935.7 9,926.6	7.0 6.6 6.3	64.1 63.9 63.8

TABLE 3. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE: TREND SERIES

			<u></u>	Looking fo	Unemploy					
Month	Full-time workers	Employed Part-time workers	 Total	full-time wo Aged 15-19 looking for first job		Looking for part- time work	Total	Labour force	Unemp- loyment rate	Partic- ipation rate
				MALES	- 000 -				- per	<u>cent -</u>
2001 — January February March April May June July August September r October r November r December r 2002 —	$\begin{array}{c} 4,418.4\\ 4,411.3\\ 4,403.5\\ 4,395.3\\ 4,388.0\\ 4,382.7\\ 4,380.3\\ 4,382.9\\ 4,382.9\\ 4,401.4\\ 4,413.6\\ 4,423.7\end{array}$	680.8 685.1 692.2 702.0 712.9 723.2 731.4 735.4 734.7 734.7 734.7 731.7 729.7 730.7	5,099.3 5,096.5 5,095.7 5,097.3 5,100.9 5,105.9 5,111.7 5,117.8 5,124.6 5,133.1 5,143.3 5,154.3	21.1 21.9 22.7 23.3 23.8 24.3 24.8 25.1 25.2 24.8 24.1 23.2	$\begin{array}{c} 312.1\\ 316.2\\ 319.5\\ 321.6\\ 323.1\\ 324.8\\ 326.4\\ 327.7\\ 328.6\\ 328.2\\ 326.4\\ 323.4 \end{array}$	$55.2 \\ 56.9 \\ 59.1 \\ 61.1 \\ 62.8 \\ 63.9 \\ 64.1 \\ 63.5 \\ 62.7 \\ 62.1 \\ 62.2 \\ 62.5 \\ $	367.2 373.1 378.5 382.7 385.9 388.7 390.5 391.2 391.3 390.3 388.5 385.9	5,466.5 5,469.6 5,474.2 5,480.0 5,486.8 5,494.6 5,502.2 5,509.0 5,515.9 5,523.4 5,531.8 5,540.3	$\begin{array}{c} 6.7 \\ 6.8 \\ 6.9 \\ 7.0 \\ 7.0 \\ 7.1 \\ 7.1 \\ 7.1 \\ 7.1 \\ 7.1 \\ 7.1 \\ 7.0 \\ 7.0 \end{array}$	72.4 72.3 72.3 72.3 72.3 72.3 72.3 72.3 72.3
January r February r March	4,431.7 4,438.0 4,442.5	734.3 739.3 745.2	5,166.0 5,177.3 5,187.7	22.4 21.7 21.1	320.0 316.5 313.2	62.9 63.3 63.4	382.9 379.8 376.6	5,548.9 5,557.1 5,564.3	6.9 6.8 6.8	72.4 72.5 72.5
	1,112.0	7 13.2		ARRIED FEMA		03.1	570.0	5,501.5	0.0	
2001 — January February March April May June July August September r October r November r December r	$\begin{array}{c} 1,296.1\\ 1,300.8\\ 1,304.8\\ 1,307.8\\ 1,309.1\\ 1,309.3\\ 1,309.6\\ 1,311.1\\ 1,313.9\\ 1,318.3\\ 1,324.1\\ 1,330.2\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,101.0\\ 1,108.1\\ 1,117.1\\ 1,126.6\\ 1,135.9\\ 1,144.0\\ 1,149.6\\ 1,152.3\\ 1,154.0\\ 1,156.4\\ 1,159.4\\ 1,161.5\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2,397.0\\ 2,408.8\\ 2,421.9\\ 2,434.4\\ 2,445.0\\ 2,453.4\\ 2,459.2\\ 2,463.4\\ 2,459.2\\ 2,463.4\\ 2,467.9\\ 2,474.8\\ 2,483.5\\ 2,491.6\end{array}$	n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	$56.8 \\ 58.0 \\ 59.8 \\ 62.2 \\ 65.2 \\ 67.8 \\ 69.4 \\ 69.6 \\ 69.1 \\ 68.0 \\ 66.5 \\ 65.0 \\ $	29.4 29.9 30.4 30.7 30.8 31.0 31.4 32.0 32.7 33.4 33.8 33.8	86.2 87.9 90.1 92.9 96.0 98.8 100.7 101.6 101.8 101.3 100.4 98.8	2,483.3 2,496.7 2,512.1 2,527.3 2,541.0 2,559.9 2,564.9 2,564.9 2,564.9 2,576.1 2,583.8 2,590.4	$\begin{array}{c} 3.5\\ 3.5\\ 3.6\\ 3.7\\ 3.8\\ 3.9\\ 3.9\\ 4.0\\ 4.0\\ 4.0\\ 3.9\\ 3.9\\ 3.9\\ 3.8\end{array}$	56.4 56.6 57.0 57.1 57.2 57.2 57.2 57.2 57.3 57.4 57.4 57.6 57.7
2002 — January r February r March	1,335.0 1,338.4 1,340.8	1,162.3 1,161.6 1,161.0	2,497.3 2,500.1 2,501.8	n.a. n.a. n.a.	63.4 61.7 60.2	33.2 32.3 31.2	96.6 94.0 91.4	2,593.9 2,594.1 2,593.2	3.7 3.6 3.5	57.8 57.8 57.8
				ALL FEMALE	ES					
2001 — January February March April May June July August September r October r November r December r 2002 —	2,273.3 2,276.8 2,275.9 2,270.2 2,260.6 2,250.5 2,241.9 2,236.5 2,233.7 2,232.3 2,231.6 2,231.9	$\begin{array}{c} 1,743.2\\ 1,750.3\\ 1,761.3\\ 1,774.1\\ 1,786.7\\ 1,797.0\\ 1,804.0\\ 1,807.2\\ 1,809.7\\ 1,815.3\\ 1,824.6\\ 1,835.9\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 4,016.5\\ 4,027.0\\ 4,037.2\\ 4,044.2\\ 4,047.3\\ 4,047.5\\ 4,045.9\\ 4,043.7\\ 4,043.4\\ 4,047.6\\ 4,056.3\\ 4,067.8\end{array}$	$16.8 \\ 17.6 \\ 18.5 \\ 19.4 \\ 20.4 \\ 21.4 \\ 22.0 \\ 22.2 \\ 21.7 \\ 20.9 \\ 20.4 \\ 20.3 \\ $	160.8 163.2 166.7 171.2 176.4 181.4 184.7 186.3 187.1 187.0 186.6 185.5	$\begin{array}{c} 96.8\\ 99.9\\ 102.1\\ 102.8\\ 102.1\\ 100.2\\ 98.2\\ 97.5\\ 98.3\\ 99.9\\ 101.0\\ 100.5\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 257.7\\ 263.0\\ 268.8\\ 274.0\\ 278.5\\ 281.6\\ 282.9\\ 283.8\\ 285.4\\ 287.0\\ 287.6\\ 286.1 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 4.274.2\\ 4.290.1\\ 4.306.0\\ 4.318.3\\ 4.325.8\\ 4.329.1\\ 4.328.8\\ 4.327.4\\ 4.328.8\\ 4.327.4\\ 4.328.8\\ 4.334.6\\ 4.343.8\\ 4.353.9\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6.0\\ 6.1\\ 6.2\\ 6.3\\ 6.4\\ 6.5\\ 6.5\\ 6.6\\ 6.6\\ 6.6\\ 6.6\\ 6.6\\ 6.6$	55.0 55.1 55.3 55.4 55.4 55.4 55.2 55.2 55.2 55.3 55.3 55.4
January r February r March	2,233.5 2,236.6 2,240.6	1,847.2 1,856.4 1,865.0	4,080.7 4,093.0 4,105.6	20.6 21.1 21.6	183.6 181.1 178.4	98.7 95.9 93.0	282.3 277.0 271.4	4,363.0 4,370.0 4,377.0	6.5 6.3 6.2	55.4 55.5 55.5
				PERSONS						
2001 — January February March April May June July August September r October r November r December r 2002 —	$\begin{array}{c} 6,691.8\\ 6,688.1\\ 6,679.4\\ 6,665.5\\ 6,648.7\\ 6,633.2\\ 6,622.1\\ 6,618.9\\ 6,623.6\\ 6,633.7\\ 6,645.2\\ 6,655.6\end{array}$	2,424.0 2,435.4 2,453.5 2,476.0 2,520.2 2,535.4 2,542.6 2,544.5 2,544.5 2,544.5 2,554.3 2,556.6	9,115.8 9,123.5 9,132.9 9,141.5 9,148.2 9,153.4 9,157.6 9,161.5 9,168.0 9,180.7 9,199.5 9,222.2	$\begin{array}{c} 37.8\\ 39.5\\ 41.2\\ 42.7\\ 44.2\\ 45.7\\ 46.8\\ 47.3\\ 46.9\\ 45.7\\ 44.5\\ 43.5\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 472.9\\ 479.4\\ 486.2\\ 492.8\\ 499.5\\ 506.2\\ 511.1\\ 514.0\\ 515.7\\ 515.2\\ 512.9\\ 508.9\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 152.0\\ 156.8\\ 161.1\\ 163.9\\ 164.9\\ 164.1\\ 162.3\\ 160.9\\ 161.0\\ 162.1\\ 163.1\\ 163.1 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 624.9\\ 636.2\\ 647.3\\ 656.7\\ 664.4\\ 670.3\\ 673.4\\ 675.0\\ 676.7\\ 677.3\\ 676.1\\ 672.0 \end{array}$	9,740.7 9,759.7 9,780.3 9,798.2 9,812.6 9,823.7 9,831.0 9,836.4 9,844.7 9,844.7 9,858.0 9,875.6 9,894.2	$\begin{array}{c} 6.4 \\ 6.5 \\ 6.6 \\ 6.7 \\ 6.8 \\ 6.8 \\ 6.9 \\ 6.9 \\ 6.9 \\ 6.8 \\ 6.8 \\ 6.8 \\ 6.8 \\ 6.8 \end{array}$	63.6 63.7 63.7 63.8 63.8 63.7 63.7 63.7 63.7 63.7 63.7 63.8
2002 — January r February r March	6,665.2 6,674.6 6,683.1	2,581.5 2,595.7 2,610.3	9,246.7 9,270.3 9,293.3	43.0 42.8 42.7	503.6 497.6 491.6	161.6 159.2 156.4	665.2 656.8 648.0	9,912.0 9,927.1 9,941.3	6.7 6.6 6.5	63.8 63.9 63.9

# TABLE 4. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER:MARITAL STATUS, MARCH 2002

									Civilian		
					Unemployed				popula-		
	Full-time workers	<u>Employed</u> Part-time workers	Total	Looking for full- time work	Looking for part- time work - '000 -	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	tion aged 15 and over	Unemp- loyment rate - per	Partici- pation rate cent -
Males	4.416.7	758.7	5.175.3	310.3	71.2	381.5	5.556.9	2.120.9	7.677.8	6.9	72.4
	,		.,				.,	,	.,		
Married	3,032.5	312.3	3,344.8	122.7	9.4	132.1	3,476.9	1,168.6	4,645.5	3.8	74.8
Not married	1,384.1	446.4	1,830.5	187.7	61.8	249.5	2,080.0	952.3	3,032.3	12.0	68.6
Females	2,239.1	1,853.1	4,092.2	178.3	102.1	280.4	4,372.6	3,514.6	7,887.2	6.4	55.4
Married	1,346.7	1,152.1	2,498.8	62.4	30.3	92.7	2,591.5	1,901.7	4,493.2	3.6	57.7
Not married	892.4	701.1	1,593.4	116.0	71.7	187.7	1,781.1	1,612.9	3,394.1	10.5	52.5
Persons	6,655.8	2,611.8	9,267.6	488.7	173.3	661.9	9,929.5	5,635.5	15,565.0	6.7	63.8

# TABLE 5. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: STATES AND TERRITORIES, MARCH 2002

			51111	l	Unemployed				Civilian popula-		
State or Territory	Full-time workers	Employed Part-time workers	Total	Looking for full- time work	Looking for part- time work - '000 -	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	tion aged 15 and over	Unemp- loyment rate - perc	Partici pation rate
					MALES					pere	cm
New South Wales	1,484.9	237.8	1,722.7	99.0	26.4	125.4	1,848.1	739.3	2,587.4	6.8	71.4
Victoria	1,127.6	190.6	1,318.3	73.0	13.3	86.3	1,404.6	519.0	1,923.5	6.1	73.0
Queensland	820.1	146.2	966.4	68.2	16.1	84.3	1,050.7	380.2	1,430.8	8.0	73.4
South Australia	320.4	64.0	384.4	24.6	4.1	28.7	413.1	183.2	596.2	6.9	69.3
Western Australia	452.7	80.5	533.2	24.0	7.2	36.2	569.4	194.3	763.7	6.3	74.6
Tasmania	93.4	15.4	108.8	28.9 9.8	1.6	30.2 11.4	120.2	61.1	181.3	9.5	66.3
Northern Territory	43.2	13.4	54.8	3.3	* 0.9	4.2	59.0	15.1	74.1	9.5 7.1	79.6
Australian Capital	45.2	11.0	34.8	5.5	* 0.9	4.2	39.0	13.1	/4.1	7.1	79.0
Territory	74.2	12.6	86.8	3.5	1.6	5.1	91.9	28.8	120.6	5.6	76.2
Australia	4,416.7	758.7	5,175.3	310.3	71.2	381.5	5,556.9	2,120.9	7,677.8	6.9	72.4
				F	FEMALES						
New South Wales	777.0	572.5	1,349.5	50.7	33.5	84.3	1,433.8	1,224.4	2,658.2	5.9	53.9
Victoria	557.0	473.1	1,030.2	43.4	26.4	69.9	1,100.0	893.5	1,993.5	6.4	55.2
Queensland	428.3	345.6	774.0	45.9	21.6	67.5	841.5	621.7	1,463.2	8.0	57.5
South Australia	147.7	157.6	305.3	13.5	7.8	21.3	326.6	294.6	621.3	6.5	52.6
Western Australia	205.0	213.4	418.4	17.2	8.1	25.3	443.7	320.5	764.2	5.7	58.1
Tasmania	45.1	44.1	89.2	4.3	2.0	6.3	95.5	96.6	192.1	6.6	49.7
Northern Territory Australian Capital	29.1	15.8	44.9	1.9	* 0.9	2.8	47.8	21.0	68.7	5.9	69.5
Territory	49.7	30.9	80.7	1.4	1.6	3.0	83.7	42.3	126.0	3.6	66.4
Australia	2,239.1	1,853.1	4,092.2	178.3	102.1	280.4	4,372.6	3,514.6	7,887.2	6.4	55.4
				I	PERSONS						
New South Wales	2,262.0	810.3	3,072.2	149.8	59.9	209.7	3,281.9	1,963.7	5,245.6	6.4	62.6
Victoria	1,684.7	663.8	2,348.4	116.5	39.7	156.2	2,504.6	1,412.5	3,917.1	6.2	63.9
Queensland	1,248.5	491.9	1,740.3	114.1	37.7	151.8	1,892.1	1,001.9	2,894.0	8.0	65.4
South Australia	468.1	221.6	689.7	38.1	11.9	50.0	739.7	477.8	1,217.5	6.8	60.8
Western Australia	657.7	293.9	951.6	46.1	15.3	61.5	1,013.1	514.8	1,527.9	6.1	66.3
Tasmania	138.6	59.5	198.0	14.1	3.6	17.7	215.7	157.7	373.4	8.2	57.8
Northern Territory Australian Capital	72.3	27.4	99.7	5.2	1.8	7.0	106.8	36.1	142.8	6.6	74.7
Territory	124.0	43.5	167.4	4.9	3.2	8.1	175.5	71.1	246.6	4.6	71.2
Australia	6,655.8	2,611.8	9,267.6	488.7	173.3	661.9	9,929.5	5,635.5	15,565.0	6.7	63.8

				Unemployed				Civilian popula-		
	Employ	ved	Looking	Looking			Not in	tion	Unemp-	Partici-
	Full-time workers	Total	for full- time work	for part- time work	Total	Labour force	labour force	aged 15 and over	loyment rate	pation rate
Capital city	workers	10141	time work	- '000 -	10101	joree	joree	und over		cent -
				MALES					per	
Sydney	999.1	1,150.6	52.8	16.7	69.5	1,220.1	432.9	1,653.0	5.7	73.8
Melbourne	831.4	976.3	49.4	11.2	60.6	1,036.9	373.8	1,410.7	5.8	73.5
Brisbane	380.8	448.8	25.8	10.0	35.8	484.7	169.0	653.7	7.4	74.1
Adelaide	234.3	281.4	19.6	3.2	22.8	304.2	134.2	438.4	7.5	69.4
Perth	327.8	386.8	21.3	6.1	27.4	414.2	146.6	560.7	6.6	73.9
Hobart	35.6	42.3	4.0	0.9	4.9	47.2	27.4	74.5	10.4	63.3
Total	2,809.1	3,286.3	172.9	48.0	221.0	3,507.3	1,283.8	4,791.1	6.3	73.2
				FEMALE	S					
Sydney	565.3	910.1	32.1	19.9	52.0	962.1	739.9	1,702.0	5.4	56.5
Melbourne	432.6	772.1	32.2	19.9	52.1	824.2	644.5	1,468.7	6.3	56.1
Brisbane	211.1	369.7	22.3	11.1	33.4	403.1	279.0	682.1	8.3	59.1
Adelaide	114.8	228.6	10.4	6.1	16.6	245.2	220.5	465.7	6.8	52.6
Perth	158.6	311.6	13.2	6.1	19.2	330.8	246.0	576.8	5.8	57.4
Hobart	20.4	38.4	2.0	1.1	3.1	41.5	39.8	81.2	7.5	51.1
Total	1,502.6	2,630.4	112.2	64.3	176.5	2,806.9	2,169.7	4,976.5	6.3	56.4
				PERSON	S					
Sydney	1,564.4	2,060.7	84.9	36.6	121.5	2,182.2	1,172.8	3,355.0	5.6	65.0
Melbourne	1,264.0	1,748.4	81.6	31.1	112.7	1,861.1	1,018.3	2,879.4	6.1	64.6
Brisbane	591.9	818.5	48.2	21.1	69.3	887.8	448.0	1,335.8	7.8	66.5
Adelaide	349.1	510.0	30.0	9.4	39.4	549.4	354.7	904.1	7.2	60.8
Perth	486.3	698.4	34.4	12.2	46.6	745.0	392.5	1,137.5	6.3	65.5
Hobart	56.1	80.7	6.0	2.0	8.0	88.7	67.1	155.8	9.0	56.9
Total	4,311.7	5,916.7	285.2	112.3	397.5	6,314.2	3,453.5	9,767.6	6.3	64.6

## TABLE 7. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY, MARCH 2002

					Persons	1	
		Females		Aged	Aged	Aged 25 and	
	Males	Married	Total	15-19	20-24	over	Total
		_`000	I				
Employed	86.8	48.7	80.7	11.3	21.6	134.5	167.4
Full-time workers	74.2	31.0	49.7	3.0	14.9	106.1	124.0
Part-time workers	12.6	17.6	30.9	8.4	6.7	28.4	43.5
Unemployed	5.1	* 0.9	3.0	2.1	1.9	4.0	8.1
Looking for full-time work	3.5	* 0.4	1.4	* 0.8	1.3	2.8	4.9
Looking for part-time work	1.6	* 0.4	1.6	1.3	* 0.7	1.2	3.2
Labour force	91.9	49.5	83.7	13.5	23.6	138.5	175.5
Not in labour force	28.8	22.0	42.3	10.3	3.9	56.8	71.1
Aged 15-19 attending school	4.7	* 0.0	3.2	7.9			7.9
Civilian population	120.6	71.6	126.0	23.8	27.5	195.3	246.6
		— per cer	nt —				
Unemployment rate	5.6	* 1.8	3.6	15.8	8.3	2.9	4.6
Looking for full-time work	4.5	* 1.4	2.6	* 21.8	7.9	2.6	3.8
Participation rate	76.2	69.2	66.4	56.6	85.7	70.9	71.2
Employment/population ratio	71.9	68.0	64.0	47.6	78.6	68.9	67.9
		— numbe	er —				
Average weekly hours worked							
by employed persons	39.0	31.2	30.1	19.4	32.6	36.4	34.7
Average duration of unemployment (weeks)	39.2	* 8.5	18.8	14.5	24.0	44.5	31.7

			Male				Ουκ γυκυ		Fema						Perso	ons		
	Emplo	yed			Unemp-	Partic	Emplo	yed			Unemp-	Partic	Emplo	yed			Unemp-	Partie
	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation
Month	workers	Total	loyed	force	rate	rate	workers	Total	loyed	force	rate	rate	workers	Total	loyed	force	rate	rate
Monin			- '000 -		- per	cent -			- '000 -		- per	cent -			- '000 -		- per	cent -
							NEW	SOUTH	WALES									
2001 —																		
January	1,482.1	1,702.3	109.0	1,811.2	6.0	71.0	786.0	1,338.5	69.5	1,408.0	4.9	53.6	2,268.1	3,040.8	178.5	3,219.3	5.5	62.2
February	1,483.7	1,698.2	113.1	1,811.3	6.2	70.9	795.1	1,340.9	76.0	1,416.9	5.4	53.9	2,278.8	3,039.1	189.1	3,228.2	5.9	62.3
March	1,488.4	1,705.0	104.6	1,809.6	5.8	70.8	805.2	1,335.8	72.0	1,407.8	5.1	53.5	2,293.7	3,040.8	176.6	3,217.3	5.5	62.0
April	1,486.0	1,711.8	109.8	1,821.6	6.0	71.2	789.1	1,355.1	77.3	1,432.4	5.4	54.4	2,275.1	3,066.9	187.1	3,254.0	5.7	62.7
May	1,486.6	1,714.2	112.3	1,826.4	6.1	71.3	791.0	1,347.3	78.0	1,425.3	5.5	54.1	2,277.6	3,061.5	190.3	3,251.7	5.9	62.6
June	1,484.2	1,713.2	114.9	1,828.1	6.3	71.3	797.5	1,347.2	83.6	1,430.8	5.8	54.3	2,281.6		198.5	3,258.9	6.1	62.7
July	· · ·	1,717.3		1,831.3	6.2	71.4		1,340.3		1,423.6	5.8	53.9	,	3,057.6	197.2		6.1	62.5
August	· · ·	1,724.6		1,827.6	5.6	71.2		1,352.6		1,441.6	6.2	54.6	,	3,077.2	192.0	· ·	5.9	62.8
September	· · ·	1,718.8		1.835.2	6.3	71.4		1,336.2		1,423.1	6.1	53.8	,	3,055.0		3,258.3	6.2	62.5
October	1,483.9			1,838.7	6.5	71.4		1,333.5		1,431.0	6.8	54.1	,	3,052.2		3,269.7	6.7	62.6
November	· · ·	1,719.0		1,837.1	6.4	71.3		1,337.8		1,427.3	6.3	53.9	2,242.6	,	207.6	,	6.4	62.5
December	1,492.5	,		1,829.4	5.9	70.9		1,334.7		1,425.4	6.4	53.8	,	3,055.9		3,254.8	6.1	62.2
2002 —																		
January	1,496.6	1.721.2	113.5	1,834.6	6.2	71.0	787.9	1,378.3	97.3	1.475.6	6.6	55.6	2,284.4	3.099.4	210.8	3,310.2	6.4	63.2
February	1,503.4	,	117.2	1,855.2	6.3	71.8		1,369.0	75.0	1,444.0	5.2	54.4	,	3,107.0	192.2	· ·	5.8	62.9
March		1,727.9		1,848.8	6.5	71.5		1,354.5		1,429.3	5.2	53.8	2,271.1	,		3,278.1	6.0	
								VICTOR	RIA									
2001 —																		
January	1,126.8	1,302.7	81.5	1,384.2	5.9	73.4	565.1	1,011.9	63.9	1,075.8	5.9	54.8	1,691.9	2,314.6	145.4	2,460.0	5.9	63.9
February	1,119.7	1,308.2	84.4	1,392.6	6.1	73.7	569.5	1,014.4	65.9	1,080.3	6.1	55.0	1,689.2	2,322.6	150.2	2,472.8	6.1	64.2
March	1,118.4	1.291.8	83.9	1,375.8	6.1	72.7	569.7	1.016.8	66.7	1,083.5	6.2	55.1	1,688.1	2,308.7	150.6	2,459.3	6.1	63.7
April	1,124.4	,		1,390.6	6.3	73.4	569.8	1,011.1		1,077.9	6.2	54.7	· ·	2,314.8	153.7	2,468.5	6.2	63.9
May	1.116.3	1,302.6	82.8	1,385.4	6.0	73.0	568.8	1,014.5	75.7	1,090.3	6.9	55.3		2,317.1	158.5	2,475.6	6.4	64.0
June	1,115.8			1.387.9	6.0	73.1		1.011.6		1.081.2	6.4	54.8	,	2.316.2	153.0	· ·	6.2	63.8
July	1,108.0		88.3	1,388.1	6.4	73.0	546.5	1,007.5	67.9	1,075.4	6.3	54.4	1.654.5	2,307.3	156.2	2,463.5	6.3	63.5
August	1,110.3			1,390.0	6.4	73.0		1.021.0		1.088.2	6.2	55.0			156.4	· ·	6.3	63.8
September	1,118.5	,		1,394.1	6.5	73.1		1,015.1		1,076.1	5.7	54.4	1,692.3	,		2,470.2	6.1	63.6
October	· · ·	1,301.6		1,403.6	7.3	73.5		1,016.4		1,088.4	6.6	54.9	1,682.1	,		2,492.0	7.0	64.0
November		1,305.6		1,393.4	6.3	72.8		1.019.3		1.090.3	6.5	54.9		2,324.8	158.9		6.4	63.7
December	,	1,308.9		1,397.0	6.3	72.9		1,014.1		1,088.6	6.8	54.8	· ·	2,322.9		2,485.6	6.5	63.7
2002 —																		
January	1,135.3	1,317.6	94.8	1,412.4	6.7	73.6	559.1	1,036.1	71.5	1,107.6	6.5	55.7	1,694.5	2,353.7	166.3	2,520.0	6.6	64.5
February	1,117.8	1,303.7		1,393.4	6.4	72.5	549.7	,	67.9	1.095.3	6.2	55.0	1.667.5	2,331.1	157.6	2,488.7	6.3	63.6
March	,	1,317.9		1,400.2	5.9	72.8		1,033.2		1,096.2	5.7	55.0	,	2,351.2		2,496.4	5.8	

TABLE 8	CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES: 5	SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES
INDEL 0	er i han i habber i okel, biitibo	Shirbor meet meges the shirtes

			Male				FURCE, SI		Fema		0				Perso	ons		
	Employ	ved			Unemp-	Partic	Employ	ved			Unemp-	Partic	Emplo	ved			Unemp-	Partic
	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation
Month	workers	Total		force	rate	rate	workers	Total		force	rate	rate	workers	Total		force	rate	rate
			- '000 -		- per	cent -			- '000 -		- per	cent -			- '000 -		- per	cent -
							QI	JEENSL	AND									
2001 —																		
January	810.4	933.3	82.9	1,016.3	8.2	72.5	408.3	755.6	59.5	815.2	7.3	57.0	1,218.6	1,689.0	142.5	1,831.4	7.8	64.6
February	808.7	931.7	87.7	1,019.4	8.6	72.6	419.0	752.2	67.7	820.0	8.3	57.2	1,227.7	1,683.9	155.4	1,839.3	8.4	64.8
March	813.5	938.8	89.4	1,028.2	8.7	73.1	420.4	755.4	67.7	823.1	8.2	57.3	1,233.9	1,694.2	157.0	1,851.3	8.5	65.1
April	810.2	935.9	92.8	1,028.7	9.0	73.0	409.7	757.2	71.3	828.5	8.6	57.6	1,219.9	1,693.1	164.1	1,857.2	8.8	65.2
May	809.8	941.3	95.5	1,036.8	9.2	73.5	417.1	760.4	69.4	829.9	8.4	57.6	1,226.9	1.701.7	165.0	1,866.6	8.8	65.5
June	795.4	934.3	92.0	,	9.0	72.7	414.0	760.5	65.9	826.4	8.0	57.3	1,209.4	,	157.9	1,852.7	8.5	64.9
July	804.7	942.1	86.1	,	8.4	72.7	399.6	764.7	65.5	830.2	7.9	57.5	,	1,706.9	151.7	1,858.5	8.2	65.0
August	805.7	951.4	87.7	1,039.1	8.4	73.3	414.3	764.0	66.1	830.2	8.0	57.4	1,220.0	1,715.4	153.8	1,869.3	8.2	65.3
September	814.5	949.3	86.9	1.036.2	8.4	73.0	415.8	760.2	64.0	824.1	7.8	56.9		1,709.4	150.9	1.860.4	8.1	64.9
October	815.9	954.3		1,038.1	8.1	73.1	411.9	761.4	67.1	828.6	8.1	57.1		1,715.8	150.9	1,866.7	8.1	65.0
November	811.9	952.7	86.0	1.038.7	8.3	73.0	413.3	761.3	62.6	823.9	7.6	56.7	1,225.2	1.714.0	148.5	1,862.5	8.0	64.7
December	816.3	958.5		1,046.8	8.4	73.5	413.7	766.0	62.9	828.9	7.6	56.9	,	1,724.5	151.1	1,875.6	8.1	65.1
2002 —																		
January	817.5	956.8	89.9	1,046.8	8.6	73.4	414.2	766.2	62.6	828.8	7.5	56.8	1 231 7	1,723.1	152.5	1,875.6	8.1	65.0
February	824.8	970.0	85.6	,	8.1	73.9	424.9	772.2	65.0	837.1	7.8	57.3	1.249.6	1.742.2	150.6	1,892.8	8.0	65.5
March	824.8	969.1		1,052.0	7.9	73.5	431.3	779.8	60.6	840.5	7.2	57.4	,	1,748.9		1,892.5	7.6	
	021.0	707.1	02.9	1,052.0	1.5	15.5			TRALIA	010.5	7.2	57.1	1,250.0	1,7 10.9	115.5	1,072.0	7.0	
							500											
2001 —																		
January	321.5	377.1	32.4	409.5	7.9	69.2	157.6	297.4	19.2	316.6	6.1	51.3	479.0	674.6	51.6	726.1	7.1	60.1
February	319.5	375.3	32.5	407.8	8.0	68.9	155.7	301.5	18.9	320.4	5.9	51.9	475.3	676.8	51.4	728.3	7.1	60.2
March	312.4	369.0	32.7	401.6	8.1	67.8	156.6	301.5	17.0	318.5	5.3	51.6	469.0	670.5	49.7	720.1	6.9	59.5
April	316.8	371.7	34.7	406.4	8.5	68.6	154.4	302.6	19.7	322.3	6.1	52.2	471.2	674.3	54.4	728.7	7.5	60.2
May	319.8	373.7	34.3	408.0	8.4	68.8	155.8	304.1	20.0	324.1	6.2	52.5	475.5	677.8	54.3	732.1	7.4	60.5
June	314.3	371.8	32.7	404.5	8.1	68.2	156.1	305.1	20.9	326.0	6.4	52.7	470.5	676.8	53.7	730.5	7.3	60.3
July	314.2	370.8	36.1	407.0	8.9	68.6	156.4	302.5	20.7	323.2	6.4	52.3	470.6	673.3	56.9	730.2	7.8	60.2
August	317.8	374.1	32.6	406.7	8.0	68.5	151.8	302.7	20.8	323.5	6.4	52.3	469.6	676.8	53.4	730.2	7.3	60.2
September	316.9	374.4	31.8	406.2	7.8	68.3	156.3	301.6	20.7	322.3	6.4	52.0	473.2	676.0	52.5	728.5	7.2	60.0
October	318.4	374.9	32.7	407.5	8.0	68.5	154.0	303.5	20.0	323.4	6.2	52.2	472.4	678.4	52.6	731.0	7.2	60.2
November	318.8	376.4	32.1	408.5	7.9	68.7	159.3	307.9	18.4	326.3	5.6	52.6	478.2	684.3	50.5	734.8	6.9	60.5
December	317.6	377.3	31.7	409.0	7.8	68.7	154.7	303.8	20.4	324.2	6.3	52.3	472.3	681.1	52.1	733.2	7.1	60.3
2002 —																		
January	323.0	380.6	31.2	411.9	7.6	69.2	151.8	304.9	21.1	326.0	6.5	52.5	474.8	685.5	52.4	737.9	7.1	60.7
February	317.3	381.2	32.5	413.7	7.8	69.4	151.0	305.7	20.6	326.4	6.3	52.6	468.3	687.0	53.1	740.0	7.2	60.8
March	321.1	384.2	28.7	413.0	7.0	69.3	148.3	305.0	19.8	324.8	6.1	52.3	469.4	689.2	48.5	737.7	6.6	

			Male						Fema		0		<b>S</b> —continued		Perso	ons		
	Employ	ved			Unemp-	Partic	Employ	ved			Unemp-	Partic	Employ	ed			Unemp-	Partic
	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation
Month	workers	Total		force	rate	rate	workers	Total		force	rate	rate	workers	Total		force	rate	rate
			- '000 -		- per	cent -			- '000 -		- per	cent -			- '000 -		- per	cent -
							WESTI	ERN AU	STRALIA	1								
2001 —																		
January	452.4	528.0	35.9	563.8	6.4	75.2	218.0	415.1	24.4	439.5	5.6	58.6	670.5	943.0	60.3	1,003.3	6.0	66.9
February	459.7	528.8	41.0	569.8	7.2	75.9	221.8	413.7	24.9	438.5	5.7	58.4	681.5	942.5	65.9	1,008.3	6.5	67.1
March	446.8	523.3	43.2	566.5	7.6	75.4	220.3	413.6	25.9	439.5	5.9	58.4	667.1	936.9	69.1	1,006.1	6.9	66.9
April	452.0	526.9	42.2	569.1	7.4	75.6	214.0	415.4	27.2	442.6	6.1	58.8	666.0	942.3	69.4	1,011.7	6.9	67.2
May	451.9	525.3	41.8	567.1	7.4	75.3	213.4	410.8	31.2	441.9	7.1	58.6	665.3	936.1	73.0	1,009.1	7.2	66.9
June	454.2	528.8	44.6	573.4	7.8	76.0	207.8	408.2	35.7	443.9	8.0	58.8	662.0	937.0	80.3	1,017.3	7.9	67.4
July	453.4	528.7	43.7	572.5	7.6	75.8	207.3	408.1	29.2	437.3	6.7	57.8	660.7	936.8	73.0	1,009.7	7.2	66.8
August	452.8	527.3	43.6	570.9	7.6	75.4	212.3	413.3	25.8	439.1	5.9	58.0	665.1	940.6	69.3	1,009.9	6.9	66.7
September	452.7	527.2	41.5	568.8	7.3	75.1	212.1	411.5	28.3	439.8	6.4	58.0	664.8	938.7	69.8	1,008.5	6.9	66.5
October	454.1	529.8	40.1	569.9	7.0	75.1	206.0	411.4	28.8	440.2	6.6	58.0	660.1	941.2	68.9	1,010.2	6.8	66.5
November	464.3	536.5	38.2	574.7	6.6	75.6	206.7	412.7	26.0	438.8	5.9	57.7	671.0	949.2	64.2	1,013.4	6.3	66.7
December	457.2	533.7	38.6	572.3	6.7	75.2	203.7	409.4	25.6	435.0	5.9	57.1	660.8	943.1	64.2	1,007.3	6.4	66.2
2002 —																		
January	460.9	533.1	39.9	573.0	7.0	75.2	203.6	407.4	30.6	438.1	7.0	57.5	664.5	940.5	70.6	1,011.1	7.0	66.3
February	461.3	537.5	38.7	576.3	6.7	75.5	207.4	417.7	25.6	443.3	5.8	58.1	668.7	955.2	64.3	1,019.5	6.3	66.8
March	455.3	535.0	34.4	569.4	6.0	74.6	205.6	420.0	21.8	441.8	4.9	57.8	660.9	955.0		1,011.2	5.6	
							]	FASMA	NIA									
2001 —																		
January	93.6	112.1	12.5	124.6	10.0	68.9	43.2	89.6	7.5	97.2	7.7	50.9	136.7	201.8	20.0	221.8	9.0	59.6
February	96.3	111.4	12.8	124.2	10.3	68.6	43.9	90.2	6.2	96.4	6.4	50.4	140.2	201.6	18.9	220.5	8.6	59.3
March	96.2	111.1	11.4	122.5	9.3	67.7	43.0	89.2	6.7	95.9	7.0	50.1	139.3	200.3	18.1	218.4	8.3	58.7
April	94.8	110.2	12.8	123.0	10.4	68.0	43.2	89.7	6.8	96.5	7.1	50.5	138.1	199.9	19.6	219.6	8.9	59.0
May	95.0	110.2	11.8	122.0	9.6	67.4	42.3	89.5	5.9	95.4	6.2	49.9	137.3	199.7	17.6	217.4	8.1	58.4
June	94.3	109.9	11.8	121.7	9.7	67.2	42.3	88.5	6.9	95.4	7.3	49.8	136.5	198.3	18.7	217.1	8.6	
July	93.8	109.1	12.4	121.5	10.2	67.1	42.7	88.4	8.3	96.7	8.5	50.5	136.6	197.6	20.7	218.2	9.5	58.6
August	92.8	107.1	13.0	120.1	10.8	66.3	43.8	89.0	7.5	96.5	7.8	50.4	136.5	196.1	20.5	216.6	9.5	58.1
September	95.5	109.7	13.1	122.8	10.7	67.8	47.1	89.9	7.6	97.5	7.7	50.8	142.6	199.6	20.6	220.2	9.4	59.1
October	92.5	109.9	12.4	122.3	10.1	67.5	45.0	90.1	6.5	96.6	6.7	50.4	137.5	200.1	18.9	219.0	8.6	58.7
November	93.9	110.6	12.4	122.3	10.1	68.0	44.9	90.3	6.6	96.9	6.8	50.5	138.8	200.9	19.3	220.2	8.8	59.0
December	94.0	109.7	11.5	121.2	9.5	66.9	44.6	88.8	7.0	95.9	7.3	50.0	138.6	198.5	18.6	217.1	8.6	
2002 —																		
January	93.8	110.8	11.4	122.2	9.3	67.4	44.5	87.6	8.2	95.8	8.5	49.9	138.4	198.4	19.6	218.0	9.0	58.4
February	94.0	110.6	10.5	121.0	8.6	66.8	43.0	88.3	8.4	96.6	8.6	50.3	137.0	198.9	18.8	210.0	8.6	
March	93.7	108.7	11.6	121.0	9.6	66.4	44.4	88.9	5.9	94.8	6.2	49.4	138.1	197.7	17.5	217.7	8.1	57.6

TABLE 8. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES—continued
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			Mal				<u>OUK FUKU</u>		Fema		0111201				Perso	ons		
	Emplo	ved			Unemp-	Partic-	Emplo	yed			Unemp-	Partic-	Emplo	ved			Unemp-	Partic
	Full-time	·	Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	
Month	workers	Total		force	rate	rate	workers	Total		force	rate	rate	workers	Total		force	rate	rate
			- '000 -		- per	cent -			- '000 -		- per	cent -			- '000 -		- per	cent -
							NEW	SOUTH	WALES									
2001 —																		
January	1,487.1	1,705.2	108.0	1,813.1	6.0	71.1	789.4	1,333.0	72.9	1,405.9	5.2	53.5	2,276.5	3,038.1	180.9	3,219.0	5.6	62.2
February	1,485.8	1,704.1	109.4	1,813.5	6.0	71.0	792.4	1,337.9	73.6	1,411.6	5.2	53.7	2,278.2	3,042.0	183.0	3,225.1	5.7	62.2
March	1,485.0	1,705.3	110.3	1,815.6	6.1	71.1	794.6	1,342.9	74.8	1,417.8	5.3	53.9	2,279.6	3,048.2	185.1	3,233.3	5.7	62.3
April	1,484.2	1,708.4	110.7	1,819.0	6.1	71.1	795.2	1,346.5	76.5	1,423.0	5.4	54.1	2,279.4	3,054.8	187.2	3,242.0	5.8	62.5
May	1,483.6	1,712.1	110.8	1,822.9	6.1	71.2	793.6	1,347.9	78.9	1,426.8	5.5	54.2	2,277.2	3,060.0	189.7	3,249.7	5.8	62.6
June	1,482.8	1,715.6	111.4	1,827.0	6.1	71.3	790.1	1,347.4	81.9	1,429.3	5.7	54.2	2,272.9	3,063.0	193.3	3,256.3	5.9	62.6
July	1,481.9	1,718.1	112.3	1,830.4	6.1	71.3	785.1	1,345.6	84.8	1,430.5	5.9	54.2	2,266.9	3,063.7	197.2	3,260.9	6.0	62.7
August	1,481.5			1.832.4	6.2	71.3		1,342.3		1.430.2		54.1	2,260.3	,	201.1	3,262.5	6.2	62.6
September r	,	1,719.4	113.8	1,833.2	6.2	71.3		1,338.8	90.6	1,429.4		54.1	,	3,058.2	204.5	3,262.7	6.3	62.6
October r	1,484.9			1,834.1	6.2	71.2		1,337.0		1,429.1	6.4	54.0	,	3,056.9		3,263.2	6.3	62.5
November r	· · ·	1,721.0		1,835.6	6.2	71.2		1,337.9		1,429.8		54.0	2,252.0	,	206.4	,	6.3	62.5
December r	,	1,722.9		1,838.0	6.3	71.2		1,341.0		1,431.0		54.0	,	3,063.9	205.1	,	6.3	62.5
2002 —																		
January r	1,493.4	1.725.3	115.6	1.840.9	6.3	71.3	766.5	1,345.5	87.0	1,432.5	6.1	54.0	2,259.9	3.070.8	202.6	3,273.4	6.2	62.5
February r	1,495.3	1,727.7	116.4	1,844.2	6.3	71.3		1,350.3	83.5	1,433.8	5.8	54.0	2,265.1	3,078.0	199.9	3,278.0	6.1	62.5
March	,	1,730.3		1,847.0	6.3	71.4		1,355.7		1,435.7		54.0	,	3,086.0		3,282.7	6.0	62.6
								VICTO	RIA									
2001 —																		
January	1,127.0	1,302.1	84.6	1,386.7	6.1	73.5	568.3	1,009.2	62.3	1,071.6	5.8	54.6	1,695.3	2,311.3	146.9	2,458.2	6.0	63.9
February	1,124.7	1,302.3	84.3	1,386.6	6.1	73.4	569.0	1,011.8	64.8	1,076.6	6.0	54.8	1,693.7	2,314.1	149.1	2,463.2	6.1	63.9
March	1,121.5	1,301.9	84.1	1,386.0	6.1	73.3	568.2	1,013.3	67.4	1,080.7	6.2	54.9	1,689.8	2,315.3	151.5	2,466.8	6.1	63.9
April	1,118.5	1,301.6	84.0	1,385.6	6.1	73.1	566.2	1,013.7	69.3	1,083.0	6.4	55.0	1,684.8	2,315.3	153.2	2,468.6	6.2	63.9
May	1,115.9	1,301.6	84.5	1,386.1	6.1	73.1		1,013.4	69.8	1,083.2	6.4	54.9	1,679.6	2,314.9	154.3	2,469.3	6.3	63.8
June	1,113.8	1,301.6	85.9	1,387.5	6.2	73.1	561.7	1,013.1	69.3	1.082.4	6.4	54.9	1,675.5	2.314.7	155.2	2,469.9	6.3	63.8
July	,	1,301.6		1,389.4	6.3	73.1		1,013.6	68.3	1,081.9		54.8	,	2,315.2		2,471.3	6.3	63.7
August	,	1,302.0		1,391.7	6.5	73.1		1,014.5		1,082.3		54.7	,	2,316.4		,	6.4	63.7
September r	1,116.0			1.394.4	6.6	73.1		1.015.2		1.083.4		54.7		2,318.0		2,477.8	6.4	63.7
October r	1,120.1	1,304.1	92.7	/	6.6	73.1		1,016.0	69.1	1,085.2		54.7	,	2,320.2	161.8	,	6.5	63.8
November r	1,124.1	1,306.2		1.398.8	6.6	73.1		1.017.2	70.2	,	6.5	54.8		2,323.4			6.5	63.8
December r	,	1,308.5		1,400.0	6.5	73.1		1,019.0		1,089.7		54.8	,	2,327.4		2,489.7	6.5	63.8
2002 —																		
January r	1,128.8	1,310.5	90.1	1,400.6	6.4	73.0	558.3	1,021.4	70.2	1,091.6	6.4	54.9	1.687.1	2,331.9	160.3	2,492.2	6.4	63.8
February r	1,129.7	1,312.3		1,400.9	6.3	72.9	555.8	1.024.2	69.2	1.093.3		54.9	1.685.4	,	157.7	2,494.2	6.3	63.8
March	,	1,313.8		1,400.7	6.2	72.8		1,027.4		1,095.4		55.0	,	2,330.5		2,496.0	6.2	63.7

TABLE 9.	CIVILIAN L	ABOUR FORCE	. STATES AND	TERRITORIES:	TREND SERIES

			Male				UKCE, SIA		Fema						Perso	ons		
	Employ	ved			Unemp-	Partic-	Employ	ved			Unemp-	Partic-	Emplo	yed			Unemp-	Partic
	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation
Month	workers	Total		force	rate	rate	workers	Total		force	rate	rate	workers	Total		force	rate	rate
			- '000 -		- per	cent -			- '000 -		- per	cent -			- '000 -		- per	cent -
							QU	UEENSL	AND									
2001 —																		
January	814.5	937.6	83.3	1,020.9	8.2	72.8	415.2	751.5	64.6	816.1	7.9	57.0	1,229.7	1,689.1	148.0	1,837.1	8.1	64.8
February	812.4	936.2	86.9	1,023.1	8.5	72.8	415.3	753.8	66.5	820.3	8.1	57.2	1,227.8	1,690.1	153.3	1,843.4	8.3	65.0
March	810.1	935.7	89.9	1,025.5	8.8	72.9	415.1	756.1	67.9	823.9	8.2	57.4	1,225.1	1,691.8	157.7	1,849.5	8.5	65.1
April	807.5	936.1	91.8	1,027.9	8.9	73.0	414.3	758.1	68.5	826.6	8.3	57.5	1,221.8	1,694.2	160.2	1,854.4	8.6	65.2
May	805.5	937.7	92.2	1,029.9	9.0	73.0	413.0	759.8	68.4	828.2	8.3	57.5	1,218.6	1.697.5	160.6	1,858.1	8.6	65.2
June	804.8	940.3		1.031.5	8.8	73.0	411.7	761.2	67.7	829.0	8.2	57.5	1,216.5	1.701.5	159.0	1.860.5	8.5	65.2
July	805.4	943.5		1,032.9	8.7	73.0	410.9	762.1	66.8	828.9	8.1	57.4	,	1,705.6	156.2	1,861.7	8.4	65.1
August	807.1	946.5		1,034.1	8.5	73.0	410.7	762.3	65.7	828.0	7.9	57.2	1,217.8	1,708.8	153.3	1,862.1	8.2	65.0
September r	809.6	949.5	86.5	1.036.0	8.3	73.0	411.2	762.0	65.0	826.9	7.9	57.1	1,220.8	1.711.5	151.4	1.862.9	8.1	65.0
October r	812.6	952.5		1,038.7	8.3	73.1	412.1	762.1	64.5	826.6	7.8	56.9	,	1,714.5	150.7	,	8.1	64.9
November r	815.2	955.3		1.041.9	8.3	73.2	413.8	763.3	64.1	820.0	7.7	56.9	,	1,718.6	150.7	1,869.2	8.1	65.0
December r	815.2	958.2		1,041.9	8.3	73.3	416.1	765.5	63.5	827.3	7.7	56.9	1,229.0	· ·	150.0	1,809.2	8.0	65.0
December I	017.5	936.2	80.8	1,045.0	0.5	15.5	410.1	705.5	03.5	629.1	1.1	50.9	1,233.4	1,723.7	150.4	1,074.1	8.0	05.0
2002 —											_							
January r	819.4	961.4		1,048.1	8.3	73.5	418.9	768.5	63.0	831.5	7.6	57.0	1,238.3		149.7	,	8.0	65.1
February r	821.6	964.6		1,050.9	8.2	73.6	421.9	771.7	62.6	834.2	7.5	57.1	1,243.5	1,736.3	148.9	1,885.2	7.9	65.2
March	823.3	967.7	85.8	1,053.5	8.1	73.7	425.1	774.8	62.2	837.1	7.4	57.2	1,248.4	1,742.5	148.1	1,890.6	7.8	65.4
							SOU	TH AUS	TRALIA									
2001 —																		
January	321.2	375.6	32.3	407.9	7.9	68.9	156.2	298.5	19.4	317.9	6.1	51.5	477.3	674.1	51.7	725.8	7.1	60.0
February	318.9	373.8	32.8	406.6	8.1	68.7	156.0	300.0	18.9	318.9	5.9	51.7	474.9	673.8	51.7	725.5	7.1	60.0
March	317.2	372.5	33.3	405.8	8.2	68.5	155.9	301.6	18.9	320.4	5.9	51.9	473.1	674.1	52.2	726.2	7.2	60.0
April	316.1	371.8	33.8	405.6	8.3	68.4	155.8	302.8	19.2	322.0	6.0	52.1	471.9	674.6	52.9	727.6	7.3	60.1
May	315.7	371.6	34.1	405.7	8.4	68.4	155.5	303.4	19.8	323.2	6.1	52.3	471.2	675.0	53.8	728.8	7.4	60.2
June	315.8	371.8	34.1	405.9	8.4	68.4	155.2	303.4	20.4	323.8	6.3	52.4	471.0	675.3	54.4	729.7	7.5	60.2
July	316.1	372.4	33.8	406.2	8.3	68.4	155.1	303.3	20.6	323.9	6.4	52.4	471.2	675.7	54.5	730.1	7.5	60.2
August	316.6	373.1	33.3	406.5	8.2	68.4	155.3	303.2	20.6	323.8	6.4	52.3	471.9	676.4	53.9	730.3	7.4	60.2
September r	317.2	374.0	32.8	406.9	8.1	68.5	155.5	303.4	20.0	323.8	6.3	52.3	472.7	677.5	53.2	730.6	7.3	60.2
October r	317.2	375.1	32.8	407.5	8.0	68.5	155.6	303.4	20.3	323.8	6.2	52.3	473.5	679.0	52.5	731.5	7.2	60.2
November r	317.9	375.1	32.4	407.3	8.0 7.8	68.7	155.0	303.9	20.1	324.0	6.2	52.3 52.3	473.3	681.1	52.5	731.3	7.2	60.3
December r	319.2	378.2	32.1 31.7	408.7	7.8	68.9	155.2	304.5	20.0	324.3	6.2	52.5 52.4	473.8	683.2	51.8	735.2	7.1	60.4
December r	519.2	578.2	51./	409.9	1.1	08.9	134.3	505.0	20.1	323.1	0.2	32.4	4/3.3	085.2	31.8	755.0	7.0	00.5
2002 —																		
January r	319.6	379.9	31.3	411.2	7.6	69.1	153.0	305.3	20.2	325.5	6.2	52.5	472.6	685.1	51.5	736.7	7.0	60.6
February r	320.0	381.4	31.0	412.4	7.5	69.2	151.6	305.4	20.3	325.7	6.2	52.5	471.5	686.8	51.2	738.1	6.9	60.7
March	320.3	382.8	30.6	413.4	7.4	69.4	150.0	305.5	20.4	325.9	6.2	52.5	470.3	688.4	50.9	739.3	6.9	60.7

TABLE	9. CIVILIAN LABOUH	R FORCE. STATES A	AND TERRITORIES: '	<b>TREND SERIES</b> —continued

			Male	25					Fema	les	LS: IKE				Perso	ons		
	Employ	ved			Unemp-	Partic-	Employ	ved			Unemp-	Partic-	Employ	ed			Unemp-	Partic-
	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation
Month	workers	Total	loyed	force	rate	rate	workers	Total	loyed	force	rate	rate	workers	Total	loyed	force	rate	rate
			- '000 -		- per	cent -			- '000 -		- per	cent -			- '000 -		- per	cent -
							WEST	ERN AU	STRALIA	4								
2001 —																		
January	454.2	525.7	38.4	564.1	6.8	75.3	220.4	414.1	24.6	438.8	5.6	58.5	674.7	939.9	63.0	1,002.9	6.3	66.9
February	453.7	526.3	39.9	566.1	7.0	75.4	219.5	414.2	25.6	439.8	5.8	58.5	673.2	940.5	65.5	1,006.0	6.5	67.0
March	453.0	526.6	41.3	567.9	7.3	75.6	217.6	413.7	27.1	440.8	6.2	58.6	670.6	940.3	68.5	1,008.7	6.8	67.1
April	452.4	526.7	42.6	569.2	7.5	75.6	215.2	412.7	28.7	441.4	6.5	58.6	667.6	939.4	71.2	1,010.6	7.0	67.1
May	451.9	526.7	43.4	570.1	7.6	75.7	213.0	411.5	29.9	441.4	6.8	58.5	664.9	938.1	73.3	1,011.5	7.2	67.1
June	452.0	526.9	43.7	570.6	7.7	75.6	211.1	410.6	30.5	441.1	6.9	58.4	663.2	937.5	74.2	1.011.7	7.3	67.0
July	452.7	527.5	43.4	570.8	7.6	75.6	210.0	410.5	30.2	440.7	6.8	58.3	662.7	938.0	73.5	1,011.5	7.3	66.9
August	453.6	528.4	42.6	571.0	7.5	75.5	209.2	410.6	29.2	439.8	6.6	58.1	662.9	939.0	71.8	1,010.8	7.1	66.8
September r	455.1	529.6	41.7	571.2	7.3	75.4	208.5	410.7	28.3	439.0	6.4	57.9	663.6	940.3	69.9	1.010.2	6.9	66.6
October r	456.6	530.9	40.7	571.6	7.1	75.3	207.7	410.9	27.6	438.4	6.3	57.7	664.3	941.8	68.2	1,010.0	6.8	66.5
November r	458.1	532.4	39.7	572.1	6.9	75.3	206.6	411.1	27.3	438.4	6.2	57.6	664.7	943.6	67.0	1.010.5	6.6	
December r	459.2	533.8	38.9	572.7	6.8	75.3	205.7	411.7	27.0	438.8	6.2	57.6	664.9	945.6	65.9	1,011.5	6.5	66.4
2002 —																		
January r	459.7	535.0	38.2	573.1	6.7	75.2	205.1	412.8	26.5	439.3	6.0	57.6	664.8	947.8	64.7	1,012.4	6.4	66.4
February r	459.7	535.8	37.4	573.2	6.5	75.2	204.8	414.3	25.8	440.0	5.9	57.7	664.5	950.1	63.2	1,013.3	6.2	66.4
March	459.4	536.3	36.8	573.2	6.4	75.1	204.9	416.0	24.8	440.8	5.6	57.7	664.3	952.4		1,014.0	6.1	66.4
							]	FASMA	NIA									
2001 —																		
January	95.1	111.9	12.3	124.2	9.9	68.6	43.6	90.1	6.9	97.0	7.1	50.8	138.7	202.0	19.1	221.1	8.6	59.5
February	95.3	111.6	12.2	123.9	9.9	68.5	43.4	90.0	6.7	96.7	6.9	50.6	138.8	201.6	18.9	220.5	8.6	59.3
March	95.4	111.2	12.2	123.3	9.9	68.2	43.1	89.7	6.6	96.3	6.8	50.4	138.4	200.9	18.7	219.6	8.5	59.0
April	95.2	110.5	12.1	122.7	9.9	67.8	42.7	89.3	6.6	95.9	6.9	50.2	137.9	199.9	18.7	218.6	8.6	58.7
May	94.8	109.9	12.1	122.0	9.9	67.4	42.7	89.0	6.8	95.9	7.1	50.1	137.5	198.9	19.0	217.9	8.7	58.5
June	94.4	109.4	12.3	121.6	10.1	67.2	42.9	88.9	7.1	96.0	7.4	50.2	137.4	198.3	19.3	217.6	8.9	58.4
July	94.0	109.1	12.5	121.5	10.3	67.1	43.5	89.1	7.3	96.3	7.5	50.3	137.5	198.1	19.7	217.8	9.1	58.5
August	93.8	109.0	12.7	121.7	10.4	67.2	44.2	89.3	7.3	96.6	7.6	50.4	138.0	198.3	20.0	218.3	9.1	58.6
September r	93.7	109.2	12.7	121.9	10.4	67.3	44.8	89.5	7.3	96.8	7.5	50.5	138.5	198.7	20.0	218.7	9.1	58.7
October r	93.7	109.6	12.6	121.9	10.4	67.4	45.1	89.6	7.2	96.8	7.5	50.5	138.9	199.2	19.8	218.9	9.0	58.7
November r	93.8	110.0	12.0	122.2	10.0	67.5	45.0	89.4	7.2	96.6	7.4	50.5	138.8	199.4	19.4	218.8	8.9	58.7
December r	93.8	110.0	11.8	122.0	9.7	67.3	44.7	89.1	7.2	96.3	7.5	50.4	138.5	199.3	19.1	218.4	8.7	58.5
2002 —																		
January r	93.8	110.2	11.5	121.7	9.4	67.1	44.3	88.7	7.3	96.0	7.6	50.0	138.2	199.0	18.8	217.7	8.6	58.3
February r	93.9	110.2	11.2	121.7	9.2	66.9	44.0	88.5	7.3	95.8	7.6	49.9	137.9	198.6	18.5	217.1	8.5	58.2
March	93.8	109.9	11.2	121.5	9.1	66.7	43.7	88.2	7.3	95.5	7.6	49.7	137.5	198.1	18.2	217.1	8.4	57.9

TAB	LE 9. CIVILIAN LA	BOUR FORCE, ST	ATES AND TERRIT	TORIES: TREND SI	ERIES—continued

	IABLE 9. CIVILIAN LABOUR						Females				Persons							
	Employ	ed			Unemp-	Partic-	Employ	ed			Unemp-	Partic-	Employe	ed			Unemp-	Partic
	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipatior
Month	workers	Total	loyed	force	rate	rate	workers	Total	loyed	force	rate	rate	workers	Total	loyed	force	rate	rate
			- '000 -		- per	cent -			- '000 -		- per	cent -			- '000 -		- per	cent -
							NORTH	ERN TE	ERRITOR	Y								
2001 —																		
January	44.0	52.1	3.8	55.9	6.8	75.7	28.9	41.2	1.7	42.9	4.0	63.5	72.9	93.3	5.5	98.8	5.6	69.8
February	44.1	52.2	3.8	56.0	6.8	75.8	29.2	41.5	1.8	43.3	4.1	63.9	73.3	93.6	5.6	99.2	5.7	70.1
March	44.3	52.3	3.9	56.2	7.0	76.1	29.6	42.0	1.9	44.0	4.4	64.8	73.9	94.4	5.9	100.2	5.8	70.7
April	44.6	52.7	4.1	56.7	7.2	76.8	29.9	42.7	2.2	44.9	4.9	66.1	74.5	95.4	6.3	101.6	6.2	71.7
May	44.9	53.2	4.2	57.4	7.3	77.7	30.0	43.3	2.5	45.8	5.5	67.3	74.8	96.5	6.7	103.2	6.5	72.7
June	45.0	53.8	4.3	58.1	7.4	78.7	29.8	43.4	2.9	46.3	6.3	68.0	74.8	97.2	7.2	104.5	6.9	73.5
July	45.0	54.3	4.4	58.7	7.5	79.4	29.4	43.3	3.3	46.5	7.0	68.2	74.4	97.5	7.7	105.2	7.3	74.0
August	44.8	54.6	4.4	59.0	7.5	79.8	28.8	42.9	3.6	46.5	7.7	68.0	73.7	97.4	8.0	105.5	7.6	74.1
September r	44.6	54.5	4.5	59.0	7.6	79.8	28.4	42.6	3.8	46.4	8.1	67.8	73.0	97.1	8.3	105.4	7.8	74.0
October r	44.3	54.4	4.6	59.0	7.7	79.6	28.1	42.6	3.8	46.4	8.2	67.7	72.4	96.9	8.4	105.3	7.9	73.9
November r	44.1	54.3	4.6	58.9	7.9	79.5	28.1	42.8	3.7	46.5	8.0	67.9	72.2	97.1	8.3	105.4	7.9	73.9
December r	43.9	54.3	4.6	59.0	7.9	79.6	28.2	43.3	3.5	46.8		68.3	72.1	97.6	8.2	105.8	7.7	74.1
2002 —																		
January (a) r	43.8	54.6	4.6	59.2	7.7	79.8	28.3	43.8	3.3	47.1	7.0	68.7	72.1	98.4	7.9	106.3	7.4	74.5
February (a) r	43.6	54.9	4.5	59.4	7.6	80.1	28.4	44.4	3.1	47.4	6.5	69.1	72.1	99.2	7.6	106.8	7.1	74.8
March (a)	43.5	55.2	4.4	59.6	7.4	80.4	28.6	44.9	2.9	47.7	6.0	69.5	72.1	100.0	7.3	107.3	6.8	75.1
						AU	JSTRALIAN	I CAPIT	AL TERF	RITORY								
2001 —																		
January	75.2	88.4	4.9	93.3	5.2	78.4	50.4	80.6	3.3	83.8	3.9	67.4	125.6	169.0	8.1	177.1	4.6	72.8
February	75.1	88.1	5.0	93.1	5.4	78.2	50.2	80.2	3.4	83.6		67.2	125.3	168.3	8.4	176.7	4.7	72.6
March	74.8	87.8	5.3	93.0	5.7	78.2	49.9	80.0	3.6	83.5	4.3	67.1	124.8	167.8	8.8	176.6	5.0	72.5
April	74.4	87.5	5.6	93.1	6.0	78.2	49.6	79.8	3.7	83.4	4.4	66.9	124.0	167.2	9.3	176.5	5.3	72.4
May	73.9	87.3	6.0	93.2	6.4	78.2	49.3	79.6	3.7	83.3	4.4	66.8	123.2	166.9	9.7	176.5	5.5	72.4
June	73.3	87.1	6.1	93.3	6.6	78.2	49.2	79.5	3.6	83.1	4.3	66.5	122.6	166.6	9.7	176.3	5.5	72.2
July	72.9	87.1	6.1	93.1	6.5	78.0	49.4	79.3	3.4	82.8	4.2	66.2	122.4	166.4	9.5	175.9	5.4	72.0
August	72.8	87.2	5.8	93.0	6.2	77.7	49.9	79.2	3.3	82.5	4.0	65.9	122.6	166.4	9.0	175.5	5.1	71.
September r	72.8	87.5	5.4	92.9	5.8	77.5	50.4	79.2	3.1	82.3	3.8	65.7	123.2	166.7	8.4	175.2	4.8	71.5
October r	73.0	87.8	5.0	92.8	5.4	77.4	50.9	79.4	3.0	82.3	3.6	65.7	123.2	167.2	7.9	175.2	4.5	71.4
November r	73.2	88.0	4.8	92.8	5.2	77.3	51.2	79.6	2.9	82.4	3.5	65.7	123.9	167.6	7.7	175.3	4.4	71.4
December r	73.3	88.0	4.7	92.8	5.1	77.2	51.1	79.8	2.8	82.6		65.7	124.4	167.8	7.6	175.4	4.3	71.3
2002 —																		
January (a) r	73.4	87.9	4.7	92.6	5.1	76.9	50.8	80.0	2.8	82.8	3.4	65.8	124.2	167.9	7.5	175.4	4.3	71.3
February (a) r	73.5	87.7	4.7	92.4	5.1	76.7	50.3	80.2	2.8	82.9	3.3	65.9	124.2	167.8	7.5	175.4	4.3	71.2
March (a)	73.6	87.4	4.8	92.4	5.2	76.4	49.8	80.2	2.8	83.1	3.3	66.0	123.8	167.7	7.5	175.3	4.3	71.2

TABLE 9. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES AND TERRITORIES: TREND SERIES—continued

(a) These estimates may be subject to significant revisions as data for later months become available.

		Nu	mber ('000)				Participa	tion rate (per c	ent)	
	_		Females			_	_	Females		
A a a aroun			Not					Not		
Age group	Males	Married	married	Total	Persons	Males	Married	married	Total	Persons
15-64	5,444.9	2,561.5	1,763.0	4,324.5	9,769.4	82.5	65.3	67.6	66.2	74.4
15-19	405.5	16.2	385.1	401.2	806.8	58.2	66.7	60.0	60.2	59.2
20-24	608.8	147.9	378.6	526.5	1,135.3	86.2	71.1	79.8	77.2	81.8
25-34	1,335.2	631.6	391.8	1,023.5	2,358.6	91.9	67.7	75.4	70.5	81.2
35-44	1,336.4	777.7	273.9	1,051.6	2,388.0	91.3	71.5	70.3	71.2	81.2
45-54	1,162.9	725.5	225.7	951.2	2,114.1	87.3	72.8	68.7	71.8	79.6
55-59	392.0	196.1	72.5	268.7	660.6	73.1	50.4	55.8	51.8	62.6
60-64	204.1	66.4	35.4	101.8	305.9	49.4	23.5	28.4	25.0	37.3
65 and over	112.0	30.0	18.1	48.1	160.1	10.4	5.3	2.3	3.5	6.6
Total	5,556.9	2,591.5	1,781.1	4,372.6	9,929.5	72.4	57.7	52.5	55.4	63.8

## TABLE 11. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 TO 19: ATTENDANCE AT SCHOOL OR A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION, MARCH 2002

	Ari ben			Unemployed		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	<u>white in 20</u>	Civilian		
	<u>Employ</u> Full-time workers	ed Total	Looking for full- time work	Looking for part- time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	popula- tion aged 15-19	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate
	ATTENDING NEI	THER SCH	IOOL NOR	- <i>'000 -</i> A TERTIARY	EDUCATIO	ONAL INSTI	TUTION FUI	LL TIME (a)	- per	cent -
Males	143.8	190.7	32.2	* 2.1	34.3	225.0	22.6	247.6	15.2	90.9
Females Persons	71.3 215.2	123.9 314.7	26.7 58.9	* 3.0 5.1	29.7 64.0	153.6 378.7	32.0 54.5	185.6 433.2	19.3 16.9	82.8 87.4
Left school — Before 1999 1999	23.9 49.0	30.6 68.2	7.3 7.4	* 0.0 * 0.4	7.3 7.8	38.0 76.0	12.0 8.8	49.9 84.8	19.3 10.3	76.0 89.7
2000 to survey date	142.3	215.8	44.2	4.6	48.9	264.7	30.8	295.5	18.5	89.6
Age — 15										
15 16	* 3.1 16.7	4.6 24.8	* 2.3 6.9	* 0.2 * 0.2	* 2.5 7.1	7.1 31.9	4.5 4.5	11.6 36.3	* 35.0	61.5 87.7
17 18	37.3	57.0	11.8	* 1.6	13.5	70.5	10.9	81.4	22.3 19.1	86.6
18 19	64.4 93.7	105.1 123.1	22.0 16.0	* 2.2 * 0.8	24.2 16.8	129.3 139.9	16.1 18.5	145.4 158.5	18.7 12.0	88.9 88.3
	ATT	TENDING	A TERTIAR	Y EDUCATI	ONAL INST	ITUTION FU	LL TIME			
Males	* 1.8	51.6	* 2.6 * 3.2	16.0	18.6	70.2	59.2	129.3	26.5	54.3
Females Persons	* 1.6 * <i>3.4</i>	84.0 135.6	* 3.2 5.8	15.6 <i>31.6</i>	18.8 <i>37.3</i>	70.2 102.7 172.9	58.5 117.6	161.2 290.5	18.3 21.6	63.7 59.5
	5.4	155.0	5.0	51.0	57.5	172.9	117.0	270.5	21.0	57.5
Left school — Before 1999	* 0.0	* 1.6	* 0.1	* 0.6	* 0.7	* 2.3	* 1.4	* 3.7	* 30.6	* 61.8
1999 2000 to survey date	* 1.0 * 2.4	22.2 111.8	* 0.7 4.9	* 1.7 29.2	* 2.5 34.2	24.7 145.9	11.6 104.6	36.3 250.6	* 10.0 23.4	68.1 58.2
•	2.1	111.0	,	27.2	51.2	115.9	101.0	250.0	23.1	50.2
Age — 15 and 16	* 0.2	* 2.4	* 1.3	* 1.5	* 2.7	5.1	7.2	12.3	* 53.2	41.6
17 18	* 0.5 * 0.6	20.6 44.3	* 1.5 * 1.6	6.6 16.4	8.0 18.0	28.6 62.3	19.6 50.7	48.2 112.9	28.1 28.9	59.4 55.1
19	* 2.2	68.4	* 1.5	7.0	8.6	76.9	40.2	117.2	11.1	65.7
			A	TTENDING	SCHOOL					
Males	* 1.0	85.9	* 2.4	22.1	24.5	110.3	210.1 174.8	320.4	22.2	34.4
Females Persons	* 0.6 * 1.5	122.4 208.3	* 0.8 * 3.2	21.6 <i>43.7</i>	22.4 46.9	144.9 255.2	174.8 <i>384.9</i>	319.6 <i>640.1</i>	15.5 18.4	45.3 39.9
	110	20010	0.2	1017	1012	20012	2011	01011	1017	0,1,1
Age — 15	* 0.2	62.1	* 0.8	22.5	23.3	85.3	166.0	251.3	27.3	34.0
16 17	* 0.2 * 0.3	87.0 53.3	* 1.6 * 0.6	13.3 6.7	14.9	101.9 60.5	122.4 81.7	224.3 142.2	14.6 11.9	45.4 42.6
18 and 19	* 0.8	5.8	* 0.2	* 1.3	7.2 * 1.5	7.4	14.8	22.2	* 20.7	33.2
				TOTA	L					
Males	146.6	328.2 330.3	37.2	40.2	77.4	405.5	291.8	697.3	19.1	58.2
Females Persons	73.5 220.1	330.3 <b>658.5</b>	30.7 <b>67.9</b>	40.2 <b>80.4</b>	70.9 <b>148.3</b>	401.2 <b>806.8</b>	265.2 <b>557.0</b>	666.5 <b>1,363.8</b>	17.7 <b>18.4</b>	60.2 <b>59.2</b>
								*		
Age — 15 16	* 3.3	67.4	* 3.3	22.7 15.0	26.0	93.4	172.5 132.0	265.9	27.8 17.7	35.1
16 17	17.1 38.0	113.5 130.9	9.5 13.8	15.0 14.9	24.5 28.7	137.9 159.7	132.0 112.2	269.9 271.8	17.7 18.0	51.1 58.7
18 19	65.2 96.4	154.4 192.3	23.8 17.5	19.7 8.1	43.5 25.6	197.9 217.8	78.1 62.3	271.8 276.0 280.1	22.0 11.7	71.7 77.8
17	90.4	192.3	17.5	0.1	23.0	217.8	02.3	200.1	11./	//.8

(a) The components of the 'Left school' category in the 'Not in labour force' and 'Civilian population aged 15-19' columns do not add to the total because institutionalised persons are not asked the 'school attendance' question.

								Civilian		
				Unemployed				popula-		
	<u> </u>	ved	Looking	Looking			Not in	tion	Unemp-	Partici
	Full-time		for full-	for part-		Labour	labour	aged	loyment	pation
	workers	Total	time work	time work	Total	force	force	20-24	rate	rate
				- '000 -	TOTAL DI				- per	cent -
	NOTA	TTENDIN	IG A TERTL	ARY EDUCA	TIONAL INS	STITUTION	FULL TIME			
Males	414.2	472.5	48.0	* 2.9	50.9	523.4	32.0	555.3	9.7	94.2
Females	295.3	384.1	30.2	5.5	35.7	419.8	94.9	514.8	8.5	81.6
Persons	709.6	856.6	78.2	8.5	86.6	943.2	126.9	1,070.1	9.2	88.1
Age —								,		
20	103.5	133.0	15.4	* 2.5	17.9	151.0	20.6	171.6	11.9	88.0
21	122.2	151.7	18.4	* 1.0	19.4	171.1	24.0	195.1	11.3	87.7
22	149.0	179.1	16.7	* 1.3	18.0	197.1	22.6	219.7	9.1	89.7
23	165.5	195.1	13.1	* 2.4	15.4	210.5	26.5	237.1	7.3	88.8
24	169.3	197.6	14.6	* 1.2	15.8	213.5	33.1	246.6	7.4	86.6
	AT	FENDING	A TERTIAR	Y EDUCATIO	NAL INSTI	TUTION FU	LL TIME			
Males	6.0	74.6	* 2.2	8.6	10.8	85.4	65.1	150.5	12.6	56.7
Females	7.3	93.4	* 3.2	10.2	13.3	106.7	61.0	167.6	12.5	63.6
Persons	13.2	168.0	5.3	18.7	24.1	192.1	126.1	318.2	12.5	60.4
Age —										
20	* 2.8	62.7	* 1.9	6.8	8.7	71.4	37.3	108.7	12.2	65.7
21	* 4.3	44.7	* 1.3	7.1	8.4	53.2	31.1	84.3	15.9	63.1
22	* 1.7	25.5	* 1.1	* 1.6	* 2.6	28.1	28.5	56.6	* 9.4	49.7
23	* 2.5	22.9	* 0.0	* 0.7	* 0.7	23.7	15.5	39.2	* 3.2	60.4
24	* 1.9	12.1	* 1.0	* 2.5	* 3.5	15.6	13.7	29.3	* 22.6	53.2
				TOTAL						
Males	420.2	547.1	50.2	11.5	61.7	608.8	97.1	705.8	10.1	86.2
Females	302.6	477.5	33.3	15.7	49.0	526.5	155.9	682.4	9.3	77.2
Persons	722.8	1,024.6	83.5	27.2	110.7	1,135.3	253.0	1,388.3	9.7	81.8
Age —		·								
20	106.3	195.8	17.4	9.3	26.7	222.4	57.9	280.3	12.0	79.4
21	126.6	196.5	19.7	8.2	27.8	224.3	55.1	279.4	12.4	80.3
22	150.7	204.6	17.7	* 2.9	20.6	225.2	51.1	276.3	9.2	81.5
23	168.0	218.1	13.1	* 3.1	16.2	234.2	42.1	276.3	6.9	84.8
24	171.3	209.7	15.7	* 3.7	19.4	229.1	46.9	275.9	8.5	83.0

## TABLE 12. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 20-24: FULL-TIME ATTENDANCE AT A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION, MARCH 2002

#### TABLE 13. LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATES(a), BY AGE AND BIRTHPLACE, MARCH 2002 (per cent)

		(P	er cent)					
1 00 0000	Bor	n in Australia		Born outside Australia				
Age group	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons		
15-64	83.8	68.9	76.4	80.0	59.4	69.7		
15-19	60.8	63.3	62.1	42.0	43.2	42.6		
20-24	89.4	79.9	84.8	72.6	65.6	69.1		
25-34	92.8	71.9	82.4	90.2	66.1	77.8		
35-44	91.8	73.2	82.6	90.9	67.1	78.5		
45-54	88.1	74.7	81.4	86.9	66.1	76.5		
55-59	73.6	54.3	64.0	72.8	47.4	60.6		
60-64	51.1	28.1	39.4	47.4	19.5	34.0		
65 and over	12.0	4.3	7.7	9.4	3.4	6.4		
Total	75.5	59.5	67.4	67.3	49.5	58.3		

(a) Calculated using population estimates which exclude those in institutions.

#### TABLE 14. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE BY BIRTHPLACE(a), MARCH 2002

$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		Employ	Unemploy Looking	ped		Unemp-	Partici-	
MALES         -           Dern in Australia         1,281.2         3.88.6         228.0         214.6         4,140.2         6.8         75           Born ontaki Australia         1,135.5         1,316.7         823         100.0         1,146.6         71         67           Main English Special geomatrics         682.5         770.7         83.5         66.9         83.7         578.1         5.7         73           Ober Countries         652.5         770.7         78.8         9.3         11.1         88.9         5.9         83           Everope and the former USSR         73.7         78.4         9.8         *0.9         *0.9         27.7         *3.1         4.4         80           Correce         23.9         23.8         *0.0         *0.9         23.7         *3.4         6.4         7.6         6.7         11.9         85           The Multiful Fast and Nemb Arrica         3.4         6.3         6.6         8.3         24.6         11.1         86         6.7         7.9         7.4         7.8         7.4         7.6         7.7         7.3         7.4         8.4         7.6         7.7         7.7         7.7         7.4         7.6			Total	time work	Total		rate	pation rate(b) t -
Bean outside Australia         I,115.5         I,116.7         R2.3         ID00         I,141.6         7.1         G7.7           Other Countries         632.5         770.7         53.5         60.9         837.7         7.7           Other Countries         632.5         770.7         53.5         60.9         837.7         8.0         83.0           Owner Countries         632.5         770.7         53.5         60.9         837.7         6.4         84.0           Countries         77.7         73.8         60.9         837.7         64.0         84.0         84.0         85.0         84.1         84.0         84.0         84.0         84.0         84.0         84.0         84.0         84.0         84.0         84.0         84.0         84.0         84.0         84.0         84.0         84.0         84.0         87.0         87.3         84.0         87.0         87.3         87.3         86.0         87.3         87.0         87.3         87.0         87.3         87.3         87.0         87.3         87.3         87.3         87.3         87.3         87.3         87.3         87.3         87.3         87.3         87.3         87.3         87.3         87.3 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>*</td> <td></td>							*	
$\before Countries $$ 525$ 770.7$ 55.5$ 66.9$ 87.7$ 8.0$ 65.9$ 87.7$ 8.0$ 65.9$ 87.7$ 8.0$ 65.9$ 87.7$ 8.0$ 65.9$ 87.7$ 64.4$ 66.0$ 87.7$ 66.4$ 66.0$ 87.7$ 64.4$ 66.0$ 67.7$ 64.4$ 66.0$ 67.7$ 64.4$ 66.0$ 67.7$ 64.4$ 66.0$ 67.7$ 64.4$ 66.0$ 67.7$ 64.4$ 66.0$ 67.7$ 64.4$ 66.0$ 67.7$ 67.4$ 67.9$ 7$ 1.4$ 64.0$ 67.9$ 7$ 1.4$ 64.0$ 67.9$ 7$ 1.4$ 64.0$ 67.9$ 7$ 1.4$ 64.0$ 67.9$ 7$ 1.4$ 64.0$ 67.9$ 7$ 1.4$ 64.0$ 67.9$ 7$ 1.4$ 64.0$ 67.9$ 7$ 1.4$ 64.0$ 67.9$ 7$ 1.4$ 64.0$ 67.7$ 1.4$ 67.0$ 75.0$ 67.0$ 1.1$ 1.5$ 57.0$ 68.0$ 1.1$ 1.5$ 57.0$ 68.0$ 1.1$ 1.5$ 57.0$ 68.0$ 1.1$ 1.5$ 57.0$ 68.0$ 1.1$ 1.5$ 57.0$ 68.0$ 1.1$ 1.5$ 57.0$ 69.0$ 1.1$ 1.5$ 57.0$ 69.0$ 1.1$ 1.5$ 57.0$ 69.0$ 1.1$ 1.5$ 57.0$ 69.0$ 1.1$ 1.2$ 1.0$ 1.1$ 1.5$ 57.0$ 69.0$ 1.1$ 1.2$ 1.0$ 1.1$ 1.5$ 57.0$ 69.0$ 1.2$ 1.2$ 1.0$ 1.1$ 1.5$ 57.0$ 69.0$ 1.2$ 1.2$ 1.0$ 1.1$ 1.5$ 57.0$ 69.0$ 1.2$ 1.2$ 1.0$ 1.1$ 1.5$ 57.0$ 69.0$ 1.2$ 1.2$ 1.0$ 1.1$ 1.5$ 57.0$ 1.1$ 1.5$ 1.2$ 1.1$ 1.0$ 1.1$ 1.5$ 57.0$ 1.1$ 1.2$ 1.1$ 1.0$ 1.1$ 1.5$ 1.2$ 1.1$ 1.0$ 1.1$ 1.5$ 1.2$ 1.1$ 1.0$ 1.1$ 1.5$ 1.2$ 1.1$ 1.0$ 1.1$ 1.5$ 1.2$ 1.1$ 1.0$ 1.1$ 1.5$ 1.2$ 1.1$ 1.0$ 1.1$ 1.5$ 1.2$ 1.1$ 1.1$ 1.1$ 1.1$ 1.1$ 1.1$ 1.1$								75.5 67.3
New Zeahand         116.6         133.6         7.6         8.7         142.3         6.1         84.4           Currey and the former USSR         274.7         64.90         33.8         44.7         64.33         6.6         84.7           Iably         23.9         43.9         8.0         * 1.1         59.9         * 1.3         84.4           Medications         19.3         22.4         * 1.5         * 1.6         24.0         * 6.6         7.5         7								73.0 63.8
Europe and the Former USSR574,7649,038.844.7693,76.460Germany23533738.8*1.1500*1.06.4Tay23533738.8*1.1500*1.04.8Netherlands19.322.4*1.5*1.16.506.5711.1UK and Ireland315.6334.018.621.3373.35.76.8Former Yugoslav Republics49.481.8*2.9*3.222.0*1.46.6Southeat Asia12.3.8414.5012.716.316.1210.17.3Matysia20.321.4*1.68.45.65.97.77.4Wath Man24.921.4*7.8*3.15.05.31.66.2Northeast Asia74.691.6*4.36.898.46.96.5The America43.134.4*5.5*1.71.6.33.46.477Northeast Asia74.691.6*4.37.5*1.39.1*4.38.2The America45.113.4*5.5*1.713.31.47.71.49.1Northeast Asia74.691.6*1.4*7.5*1.67.29.13.31.46.477Northeast Asia74.691.6*1.4*7.5*1.63.31.66.15.95.0Bern oxiskle Australia15.697.220.13.13.66.1<								83.2
								84.0 60.5
	Germany		34.9					64.1
Nederlands         19.3         22.4         * 1.5         * 1.6         2.40         * 6.6         7.7           Former Yugoslav Republics         43.5         53.4         18.6         21.3         375.3         57.5         11.9         55           Former Yugoslav Republics         43.4         56.1         6.4         7.5         65.7         11.9         55           Southeast Asia         12.3         14.50         12.7         16.3         161.2         11.6         62.5           Southeast Asia         12.3         14.50         12.7         16.3         161.2         10.1         73.7           Malaysia         23.8         23.7         * 0.8         * 7.1         22.9         * 1.6         92.5           Northeast Asia         7.4         6.16         * 1.3								41.3 48.9
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Netherlands	19.3	22.4	* 1.5	* 1.6	24.0	* 6.6	57.8
The Middle East and North Africa 13.4 66.3 6.6 8.3 74.6 11.1 65. Southeast Asia 12.8 145.0 12.2 16.3 16.12 10.1 75. Southeast Asia 12.8 145.0 12.2 16.3 16.12 10.1 75. Southeast Asia 12.8 145.0 12.7 16.3 16.12 10.1 75. Southeast Asia 14.4 9 51.4 7.3 7.9 59.3 15.4 76.0 15.1 10.1 75. 75. 79.1 75.1 10.1 10.1 75. 75.1 10.1 10.1 75. 75.1 10.1 10.1 75.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 1								68.3
Southeast Asia         12.3         14.5.0         12.7         16.3         16.12         10.1         17.3           Philippines         23.8         24.7         *0.8         *2.1         26.9         77.9         74.4           Philippines         23.8         23.4         *1.6         *1.6         27.4         *6.0         81.1           Denta         34.4         7.3         *1.8         *3.0         50.5         *5.8         6.6           China         34.4         47.3         *1.8         *3.0         50.5         *5.8         6.6           China         31.4         7.3         *1.8         *1.7         30.1         *4.3         6.4         48.2           India         11.4         7.5         *1.5         *1.7         30.1         *4.3         6.2           Born oxidiz Australia         578.6         974.2         52.0         7.8         10.03.30         7.5         49.0           Born oxidiz Australia         578.6         974.2         52.0         7.3         10.8         152.3         7.1         7.6           Oceania         87.5         141.5         7.3         10.8         152.7         9.5         44.3<								65.2
								62.7
Philippines         22.8.         25.8         * 1.6         * 1.6         * 1.6         * 2.7.4         * 6.0         81.1           Northeast Asia         74.6         91.6         * 4.3         6.8         98.4         6.9         65           China         36.4         47.5         * 1.3         * 3.0         98.4         6.9         65           Obdia         31.4         7.5         * 3.0         98.4         6.4         76.2           India         31.4         37.5         * 1.5         * 1.7         39.9.1         * 4.3         8.2           India         77.5         97.4.2         52.6         76.8         1.053.0         7.5         49           Main English Speaking Countries         237.2         410.9         3.5         19.5         430.4         4.5         56           Oceania         87.5         141.5         7.3         10.8         152.3         7.1         67           New Zealand         66.8         110.1         3.9         60         116.1         52         69           Gerece         8.5         18.0         0.0         * 0.0         8.0         9.0.2         7         8.5         2.4								73.3 74.6
	Philippines	23.8	25.8	* 1.6	* 1.6	27.4	* 6.0	81.2
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $								79.7 65.6
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $								64.3
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$								77.3
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$								82.2 82.2
						0,11		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			3,118.0	125.7				59.5 49.5
New Zealand $66.8$ $110.1$ * $3.9$ $6.0$ $116.1$ $5.2$ $69.9$ Europe and the Former USSR $245.7$ $449.8$ $16.6$ $25.2$ $47.49$ $5.3$ $43.3$ Germany $11.5$ $21.2$ * $1.0$ * $1.6$ $22.7$ * $6.9$ $38.3$ Greece $8.5$ $18.0$ * $0.0$ * $0.0$ $80.7$ $28.5$ * $2.5$ $27.7$ Italy $11.7$ $27.7$ * $0.0$ * $0.7$ $28.5$ * $2.5$ $27.7$ Netherlands $7.9$ $16.3$ * $0.6$ * $1.0$ $17.2$ * $5.6$ $40.0$ UK and Ireland $141.7$ $253.2$ $7.1$ $9.6$ $262.8$ $3.7$ $51.5$ Former Yugoslav Republics $242.2$ $40.0$ * $1.5$ * $4.0$ $44.1$ * $9.2$ $41.1$ The Middle East and North Africa $18.0$ $33.4$ * $3.5$ $5.7$ $39.1$ $14.5$ $36.6$ Lebanon $4.9$ $9.8$ $0.3$ * $1.3$ $11.1$ * $11.8$ $27.7$ Southeast Asia $98.9$ $143.9$ $11.6$ $16.5$ $160.4$ $10.3$ $55.7$ Malaysia $15.5$ $25.6$ $41.2$ $* 1.7$ $27.3$ $* 6.3$ $62.7$ Philippines $31.8$ $44.1$ $* 2.9$ $4.7$ $48.8$ $9.7$ $64.7$ Viet Nam $29.5$ $35.5$ $3.6$ $4.8$ $40.3$ $11.8$ $49.7$ Northeast Asia $28.7$ $6.6$ $77.7$ $38.3.7$ $48.3$								56.6 45.5
Europe and the Former USSR245.7449.816.625.2474.95.343.Germany11.521.2* 1.0* 1.622.7* 6.938.Grecce8.518.0* 0.0* 0.018.0* 0.027.Italy11.727.7* 0.0* 0.728.5* 2.527.Netherlands7.916.3* 0.6* 1.017.2* 5.640.UK and Ireland141.7253.27.19.6262.83.751.Former Yugoslav Republics24.240.0* 1.5* 4.044.1* 9.241.The Middle East and North Africa18.033.4* 3.55.739.114.536.Lebanon4.99.8* 0.3* 1.311.1* 11.827.Southeast Asia98.9143.911.616.5160.410.355.Malysia15.525.6* 1.2* 1.727.3* 6.362.Philippines31.844.1* 2.94.748.89.764.Viet Nam29.535.5* 3.64.840.311.849.Northeast Asia49.67.449.9* 6.49.043.4* 5.549.The Americas27.041.0* 1.9* 2.443.4* 5.549.6.567.Other51.180.96.69.890.710.861.11.616.017.355.2 <td>Oceania</td> <td>87.5</td> <td>141.5</td> <td>7.3</td> <td>10.8</td> <td>152.3</td> <td>7.1</td> <td>67.7</td>	Oceania	87.5	141.5	7.3	10.8	152.3	7.1	67.7
								69.7
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $								43.7
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Greece	8.5	18.0	* 0.0	* 0.0	18.0	* 0.0	27.4
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $								27.1 40.9
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		141.7	253.2	7.1	9.6	262.8	3.7	51.3
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Former Yugoslav Republics							41.5
								27.9
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			143.9					55.0
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $								62.9 64.7
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		29.5			4.8		11.8	49.6
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		48.6						47.0
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $								49.4 57.4
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Other	51.1	80.9	6.6	9.8	90.7	10.8	61.1
Born in Australia $4,941.7$ $6,976.7$ $353.7$ $483.1$ $7,459.8$ $6.5$ $67.7$ Born outside Australia $1,714.1$ $2,290.9$ $135.0$ $178.8$ $2,469.7$ $7.2$ $58.7$ Main English Speaking Countries $720.2$ $956.9$ $42.4$ $52.6$ $1,009.5$ $5.2$ $65.7$ Other Countries $993.9$ $1,334.0$ $92.6$ $126.2$ $1,460.2$ $8.6$ $54.7$ Oceania $239.6$ $317.3$ $16.6$ $21.9$ $339.2$ $6.5$ $75.7$ New Zealand $183.4$ $243.7$ $11.5$ $14.7$ $258.4$ $5.7$ $76.6$ Europe and the Former USSR $820.4$ $1098.8$ $55.4$ $69.9$ $1,168.7$ $60.6$ $7.4$ $51.7$ Germany $40.9$ $56.1$ $*3.6$ $4.5$ $60.6$ $7.4$ $51.7$ Greece $32.4$ $44.8$ $*0.9$ $*0.9$ $45.7$ $*1.9$ $34.7$ Italy $65.3$ $86.5$ $*0.8$ $*1.9$ $88.4$ $*2.1$ $38.7$ Netherlands $27.2$ $38.7$ $*2.1$ $*2.5$ $41.2$ $*6.2$ $49.9$ UK and Ireland $457.4$ $607.2$ $25.6$ $30.9$ $638.1$ $4.8$ $60.9$ Former Yugoslav Republics $73.6$ $96.1$ $7.9$ $11.6$ $107.7$ $10.8$ $48.9$ Ju utal and North Africa $71.4$ $92.8$ $10.1$ $14.0$ $113.8$ $12.3$ $51.7$ Lebanon $19.4$ <td< td=""><td>India</td><td>15.4</td><td></td><td></td><td>* 1.8</td><td>24.9</td><td>* 7.4</td><td>59.5</td></td<>	India	15.4			* 1.8	24.9	* 7.4	59.5
Born outside Australia $1,714.1$ $2,290.9$ $135.0$ $178.8$ $2,469.7$ $7.2$ $58.$ Main English Speaking Countries $720.2$ $956.9$ $42.4$ $52.6$ $1,009.5$ $5.2$ $65.$ Other Countries $993.9$ $1,334.0$ $92.6$ $126.2$ $1,460.2$ $8.6$ $54.$ Oceania $239.6$ $317.3$ $16.6$ $21.9$ $339.2$ $6.5$ $75.$ New Zealand $183.4$ $243.7$ $11.5$ $14.7$ $258.4$ $5.7$ $76.$ Europe and the Former USSR $820.4$ $1,098.8$ $55.4$ $69.9$ $1,168.7$ $6.0$ $52.$ Germany $40.9$ $56.1$ $*3.6$ $4.5$ $60.6$ $7.4$ $51.$ Greece $32.4$ $44.8$ $*0.9$ $*0.9$ $45.7$ $*1.9$ Italy $65.3$ $86.5$ $*0.8$ $*1.9$ $88.4$ $*2.1$ $38.4$ Netherlands $27.2$ $38.7$ $*2.1$ $*2.5$ $41.2$ $*6.2$ $49.6$ UK and Ireland $457.4$ $607.2$ $25.6$ $30.9$ $638.1$ $4.8$ $60.6$ Former Yugoslav Republics $73.6$ $96.1$ $7.9$ $11.6$ $107.7$ $10.8$ $48.6$ Former Yugoslav Republics $73.6$ $96.1$ $7.9$ $11.6$ $102.7$ $28.4$ $49.6$ Viet Nam $19.4$ $28.6$ $*3.2$ $4.5$ $33.1$ $13.7$ $44.8$ Southeast Asia $222.6$ $28.8$ $24.3$ $32.8$ $3$	Porn in Austrolia	4 041 7			192.1	7 450 8	6.5	67.4
Other Countries993.91,334.092.6126.21,460.28.654.Oceania239.6317.316.621.9339.26.575.New Zealand183.4243.711.514.7258.45.776.Europe and the Former USSR820.41,098.855.469.91,168.76.052.Germany40.956.1*3.64.560.67.451.Greece32.444.8*0.9*0.945.7*1.934.Italy65.386.5*0.8*1.988.4*2.138.Netherlands27.238.7*2.1*2.541.2*6.249.Former Yugoslav Republics73.696.17.911.6107.710.848.The Middle East and North Africa71.499.810.114.0113.812.351.Lebanon19.428.6*3.24.533.113.744.Southeast Asia222.6288.824.332.8321.610.262.Malaysia36.350.3*2.0*3.954.2*7.168.Philippines55.669.94.56.476.28.469.Viet Nam74.486.911.012.799.612.864.Northeast Asia123.3169.98.213.6183.57.455.China66.488.6*3.75.339.9						. ,		58.3
New Zealand $183.4$ $243.7$ $11.5$ $14.7$ $258.4$ $5.7$ $76.$ Europe and the Former USSR $820.4$ $1,098.8$ $55.4$ $69.9$ $1,168.7$ $6.0$ $52.$ Germany $40.9$ $56.1$ $*3.6$ $4.5$ $60.6$ $7.4$ $51.$ Greece $32.4$ $44.8$ $*0.9$ $*0.9$ $45.7$ $*1.9$ $34.$ Italy $65.3$ $86.5$ $*0.8$ $*1.9$ $88.4$ $*2.1$ $38.$ Netherlands $27.2$ $38.7$ $*2.1$ $*2.5$ $41.2$ $*6.2$ $49.$ UK and Ireland $457.4$ $607.2$ $25.6$ $30.9$ $638.1$ $4.8$ $60.$ Former Yugoslav Republics $73.6$ $96.1$ $7.9$ $11.6$ $107.7$ $10.8$ $48.$ The Middle East and North Africa $71.4$ $99.8$ $10.1$ $14.0$ $113.8$ $12.3$ $51.$ Lebanon $19.4$ $28.6$ $*3.2$ $4.5$ $33.1$ $13.7$ $44.$ Southeast Asia $222.6$ $288.8$ $24.3$ $32.8$ $321.6$ $10.2$ $62.$ Malaysia $36.3$ $50.3$ $*2.0$ $*3.9$ $54.2$ $*7.1$ $68.$ Viet Nam $74.4$ $86.9$ $11.0$ $12.7$ $99.6$ $12.8$ $64.$ Northeast Asia $123.3$ $169.9$ $8.2$ $13.6$ $183.5$ $7.4$ $55.6$ China $66.4$ $88.6$ $*3.7$ $5.3$ $93.9$ $5.7$ $56.$ <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>65.0 54.5</td></tr<>								65.0 54.5
Europe and the Former USSR $820.4$ $1,098.8$ $55.4$ $69.9$ $1,168.7$ $6.0$ $52.$ Germany $40.9$ $56.1$ $*3.6$ $4.5$ $60.6$ $7.4$ $51.$ Greece $32.4$ $44.8$ $*0.9$ $*0.9$ $45.7$ $*1.9$ $34.$ Italy $65.3$ $86.5$ $*0.8$ $*1.9$ $88.4$ $*2.1$ $34.$ Netherlands $27.2$ $38.7$ $*2.1$ $*2.5$ $41.2$ $*6.2$ $49.$ UK and Ireland $457.4$ $607.2$ $25.6$ $30.9$ $638.1$ $4.8$ $60.6$ Former Yugoslav Republics $73.6$ $96.1$ $7.9$ $11.6$ $107.7$ $10.8$ $48.7$ The Middle East and North Africa $71.4$ $99.8$ $10.1$ $14.0$ $113.8$ $12.3$ $51.$ Lebanon $19.4$ $28.6$ $*3.2$ $4.5$ $33.1$ $13.7$ $44.5$ Southeast Asia $222.6$ $288.8$ $24.3$ $32.8$ $321.6$ $10.2$ $62.6$ Malaysia $36.3$ $50.3$ $*2.0$ $*3.9$ $54.2$ $*7.1$ $68.6$ Philippines $55.6$ $69.9$ $4.5$ $6.4$ $76.2$ $8.4$ $69.6$ Viet Nam $74.4$ $86.9$ $11.0$ $12.7$ $99.6$ $12.8$ $64.7$ Northeast Asia $123.3$ $169.9$ $8.2$ $13.6$ $183.5$ $7.4$ $55.6$ China $66.4$ $88.6$ $*3.7$ $5.3$ $93.9$ $5.7$ $56.7$								75.4
Germany $40.9$ $56.1$ $*3.6$ $4.5$ $60.6$ $7.4$ $51.6$ Greece $32.4$ $44.8$ $*0.9$ $*0.9$ $45.7$ $*1.9$ $34.6$ Italy $65.3$ $86.5$ $*0.8$ $*1.9$ $88.4$ $*2.1$ $38.6$ Netherlands $27.2$ $38.7$ $*2.1$ $*2.5$ $41.2$ $*6.2$ $49.6$ UK and Ireland $457.4$ $607.2$ $22.6$ $30.9$ $638.1$ $4.8$ $60.6$ Former Yugoslav Republics $73.6$ $96.1$ $7.9$ $11.6$ $107.7$ $10.8$ $48.6$ The Middle East and North Africa $71.4$ $99.8$ $10.1$ $14.0$ $113.8$ $12.3$ $51.6$ Lebanon $19.4$ $28.6$ $*3.2$ $4.5$ $33.1$ $13.7$ $44.6$ Southeast Asia $222.6$ $288.8$ $24.3$ $32.8$ $321.6$ $10.2$ $62.8$ Philippines $55.6$ $69.9$ $4.5$ $6.4$ $76.2$ $8.4$ $69.6$ Viet Nam $74.4$ $86.9$ $11.0$ $12.7$ $99.6$ $12.8$ $64.7$ Northeast Asia $123.3$ $169.9$ $8.2$ $13.6$ $183.5$ $7.4$ $55.6$ China $66.4$ $88.6$ $*3.7$ $5.3$ $93.9$ $5.7$ $56.7$ China $74.6$ $101.0$ $6.6$ $7.7$ $108.7$ $7.1$ $66.7$ Other $162.2$ $215.3$ $13.7$ $18.9$ $234.2$ $8.1$ $72.6$								76.9 52.4
Italy $65.3$ $86.5$ $*0.8$ $*1.9$ $88.4$ $*2.1$ $38.7$ Netherlands $27.2$ $38.7$ $*2.1$ $*2.5$ $41.2$ $*6.2$ $49.9$ UK and Ireland $457.4$ $607.2$ $25.6$ $30.9$ $638.1$ $4.8$ $60.1$ Former Yugoslav Republics $73.6$ $96.1$ $7.9$ $11.6$ $107.7$ $10.8$ $48.7$ The Middle East and North Africa $71.4$ $99.8$ $10.1$ $14.0$ $113.8$ $12.3$ $51.7$ Lebanon $19.4$ $28.6$ $*3.2$ $4.5$ $33.1$ $13.7$ $44.7$ Southeast Asia $222.6$ $288.8$ $24.3$ $32.8$ $321.6$ $10.2$ $62.7$ Malaysia $36.3$ $50.3$ $*2.0$ $*3.9$ $54.2$ $*7.1$ $68.7$ Philippines $55.6$ $69.9$ $4.5$ $6.4$ $76.2$ $8.4$ $69.7$ Viet Nam $74.4$ $86.9$ $11.0$ $12.7$ $99.6$ $12.8$ $64.7$ Northeast Asia $123.3$ $169.9$ $8.2$ $13.6$ $183.5$ $7.4$ $55.7$ China $66.4$ $88.6$ $*3.7$ $5.3$ $93.9$ $5.7$ $56.7$ The Americas $74.6$ $101.0$ $6.6$ $7.7$ $108.7$ $7.1$ $66.7$ Other $162.2$ $215.3$ $13.7$ $18.9$ $234.2$ $8.1$ $72.7$	Germany	40.9	56.1	* 3.6	4.5	60.6	7.4	51.4
Netherlands27.2 $38.7$ * 2.1* 2.5 $41.2$ * 6.2 $49.4$ UK and Ireland457.4 $607.2$ 25.6 $30.9$ $638.1$ $4.8$ $60.6$ Former Yugoslav Republics73.6 $96.1$ 7.9 $11.6$ $107.7$ $10.8$ $48.6$ The Middle East and North Africa71.4 $99.8$ $10.1$ $14.0$ $113.8$ $12.3$ $51.6$ Lebanon19.428.6* 3.2 $4.5$ $33.1$ $13.7$ $44.6$ Southeast Asia222.6288.824.3 $32.8$ $321.6$ $10.2$ $62.6$ Malaysia36.3 $50.3$ * 2.0* 3.9 $54.2$ * 7.1 $68.6$ Philippines55.6 $69.9$ $4.5$ $6.4$ $76.2$ $8.4$ $69.6$ Viet Nam74.4 $86.9$ $11.0$ $12.7$ $99.6$ $12.8$ $64.4$ Northeast Asia123.3 $169.9$ $8.2$ $13.6$ $183.5$ $7.4$ $55.6$ China $66.4$ $88.6$ * 3.7 $5.3$ $93.9$ $5.7$ $56.6$ The Americas74.6 $101.0$ $6.6$ $7.7$ $108.7$ $7.1$ $66.6$ Other $162.2$ $215.3$ $13.7$ $18.9$ $234.2$ $8.1$ $72.6$								34.4 38.8
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		27.2	38.7			41.2		49.3
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $								60.1
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								48.6 51.2
Malaysia36.350.3* 2.0* 3.954.2* 7.168.Philippines55.669.94.56.476.28.469.Viet Nam74.486.911.012.799.612.864.Northeast Asia123.3169.98.213.6183.57.455.China66.488.6* 3.75.393.95.756.The Americas74.6101.06.67.7108.77.166.Other162.2215.313.718.9234.28.172.	Lebanon	19.4	28.6	* 3.2	4.5	33.1	13.7	44.3
Philippines55.669.94.56.476.28.469.9Viet Nam74.486.911.012.799.612.864.9Northeast Asia123.3169.98.213.6183.57.455.6China66.488.6*3.75.393.95.756.9The Americas74.6101.06.67.7108.77.166.0Other162.2215.313.718.9234.28.172.0								62.8 68.2
Northeast Asia123.3169.98.213.6183.57.455.7China66.488.6* 3.75.393.95.756.7The Americas74.6101.06.67.7108.77.166.7Other162.2215.313.718.9234.28.172.7	Philippines	55.6	69.9	4.5	6.4	76.2	8.4	69.8
China66.488.6* 3.75.393.95.756.The Americas74.6101.06.67.7108.77.166.Other162.2215.313.718.9234.28.172.	Viet Nam	74.4	86.9	11.0	12.7	99.6	12.8	64.0
The Americas74.6101.06.67.7108.77.166.Other162.2215.313.718.9234.28.172.								55.4 56.4
	The Americas	74.6	101.0	6.6	7.7	108.7	7.1	66.6
1007a	Other India	162.2 46.8	215.3 60.6	13.7 * 2.7	18.9 * 3.5	234.2 64.1	8.1 * 5.5	72.5 71.6

(a) See paragraph 54 of the Explanatory Notes. (b) Calculated using population estimates which exclude those in institutions.

#### TABLE 15. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE BORN OUTSIDE AUSTRALIA: BIRTHPLACE AND PERIOD OF ARRIVAL IN AUSTRALIA, MARCH 2002 Born outside Australia

						Born o	utside Au	stralia					
			Europe	& the	The								
	Oced		Former		Middle								
		Other	<i>U.K.</i>		East and	South-	North-	The			Tote		
Period of arrival	New	count-	and	count-	North	east	east	Amer-			<u> </u>		_
	Zealand	ries	Ireland	<u>ries</u> FMI	Africa PLOYED	<u>Asia</u> ('000)	Asia	icas	Other	Males	Married	Total	Persons
Before 1976 1976 — 1980	42.4 38.1	15.4	$350.6 \\ 48.4$	318.0 31.8	$35.0 \\ 10.6$	23.8 47.7	14.3 9.6	28.0 12.3	46.9 17.2	525.7 118.1	$252.9 \\ 65.9$	$348.8 \\ 103.0$	874.4 221.1
1970 = 1980 1981 = 1985	33.5	5.2 7.8	48.4 59.7	31.8 39.3	15.4	66.1	15.5	12.5	31.6	149.9	85.0	132.6	282.5
1986 — 1990	46.5	22.7	56.4	33.4	19.5	70.5	56.1	21.2	34.0	210.5	94.7	149.9	360.4
1991 — 1995 1996 to survey date	$20.9 \\ 62.2$	5.5 17.0	35.6 56.5	31.1 36.7	$^{12.1}_{7.2}$	41.3 39.4	32.7 41.8	9.0 16.8	$26.1 \\ 60.7$	$116.0 \\ 196.5$	64.6 94.0	98.2 141.8	214.2 338.3
1990 to survey date	02.2	17.0	50.5		/.2 MPLOYE		41.0	10.8	00.7	190.5	94.0	141.0	556.5
				UNLI									
Before 1976	* 0.8	* 0.8	19.3	16.4	* 3.1	* 2.3	* 0.5	* 0.6	* 2.5	32.0	8.3	14.2	46.2
$\begin{array}{r} 1976 - 1980 \\ 1981 - 1985 \end{array}$	* 2.5 * 1.3	* 0.6 * 0.2	* 1.8 * 2.4	* 1.6 * 3.2	* 0.2 * 1.8	* 3.5 5.5	* 0.0 * 1.4	* 1.9 * 0.3	* 1.0 * 1.2	8.6 9.4	* 1.8 * 2.4	4.5 7.9	$13.0 \\ 17.3$
1986 - 1990	* 2.7	* 2.2	* 3.3	5.2	* 2.2	8.4	* 3.1	* 2.3	* 1.8	16.0	5.7	15.2	31.2
1991 — 1995 1996 to survey date	* 1.9 5.6	* 1.1 * 2.3	* 1.8 * 2.4	* 3.7 8.1	* 1.8 5.0	6.5 6.6	* 2.4 6.2	* 1.1 * 1.5	* 3.9 9.1	$11.4 \\ 22.6$	6.1 13.8	$12.7 \\ 24.4$	24.1 46.9
1990 to survey date	5.0	• 2.3	• 2.4		UR FOR			• 1.5	9.1	22.0	13.0	24.4	40.9
Before 1976	43.2	16.2	369.9	334.4	38.1	26.1 51.2	14.8	28.6 14.3	49.5 18.2	557.7	261.1	363.0	920.7
1976 - 1980 1981 - 1985	40.6 34.8	5.8 8.0	$50.2 \\ 62.1$	33.4 42.5	10.8	51.2 71.6	9.6 16.9	14.3	18.2	126.7	67.6 87.3	$107.4 \\ 140.4$	234.1 299.8
1986 — 1990 1991 — 1995	49.2	24.9	59.7	38.6	17.2 21.7	78.9	59.3	$13.9 \\ 23.5$	32.8 35.9	159.3 226.5	100.4	165.1	299.8 391.6
1991 — 1995 1996 to survey date	34.8 49.2 22.8 67.8	6.6 19.3	37.4 58.9	34.8 44.8	$13.9 \\ 12.2$	47.7 46.0	35.0 47.9	$10.1 \\ 18.4$	30.0 69.8	127.4 219.1	$70.8 \\ 107.8$	$110.9 \\ 166.1$	238.4 385.2
1990 to survey date	07.8	19.5			MENT R			10.4	09.8	219.1	107.0	100.1	365.2
						\ <b>I</b>	/						
Before 1976	* 1.8	* 5.0	5.2 * 3.6	4.9	* 8.0	* 8.7	* 3.4	* 2.1	* 5.1	5.7	* 3.2 * 2.6	3.9	5.0
1976 - 1980 1981 - 1985	* 6.1 * 3 7	* 10.2 * 2.8	* 3.6 * 3.8	* 4.8 * 7.6	* 1.5 * 10.3	* 6.8 7.7	* 0.0 * 8.4	* 13.6 * 2.1	* 5.5 * 3.7	6.8 5.9	* 2.6 * 2.7	4.2 5.6	5.6 5.8
1986 — 1990	* 3.7 * 5.4	* 8.8	* 5.5	13.5	* 10.1	10.6	* 5.3	* 9.7	* 5.1	7.1	5.7	9.2 11.5	8.0
1991 — 1995 1006 to surrou data	* 8.2 8.3	* 17.2 * 11.9	* 4.8 * 4.1	* 10.7 18.2	* 12.8 41.3	13.6 14.4	* 6.8 12.9	* 10.9 * 8.4	* 12.9 13.0	8.9 10.3	8.7 12.8	11.5 14.7	$10.1 \\ 12.2$
1996 to survey date	8.3	* 11.9			41.5 ΓΙΟΝ RA			* 0.4	15.0	10.5	12.8	14./	12.2
			PAK	IICIPA.	HON KA	IE(a) (pe	er cent)						
Before 1976	65.2 82.2 75.3	72.0	52.1 72.9	38.5	46.8 45.2	65.0	55.2	61.5	65.5	55.8 82.2	41.6	38.7	47.5
1976 - 1980 1981 - 1985	82.2 75.3	66.3 66.1	72.9 74.2	65.9 71.6	45.2 67.6	72.3 69.8	69.0 62.7	73.3 72.6	75.0 80.4	82.2 80.4	61.0 64.7	61.0 64.4	70.9 72.0
1986 — 1990	79.5	80.4	75.8	69.5	66.3	67.4	68.7	69.4	77.6	81.8	61.6	62.0	72.1
1991 — 1995 1006 to survey data	78.2 81.6	61.0 67.7	$\begin{array}{c} 80.0\\ 80.0\end{array}$	64.4 57.0	46.1 42.2	$58.0 \\ 46.6$	$56.9 \\ 41.5$	64.9 64.1	74.6 70.6	75.0 71.4	56.7 54.4	55.2 50.7	64.3 60.7
1996 to survey date	81.0	07.7	60.0	57.0	42.2	40.0	41.5	04.1	/0.0	/1.4	54.4	30.7	00.7

(a) Calculated using population estimates which exclude those in institutions.

### TABLE 16. EMPLOYED PERSONS: FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME WORKERS, BY AGE, MARCH 2002 ('000)

				(000)					
				Age gro	ир				
					·			65 and	
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-59	60-64	over	Total
				MALES					
Full-time workers	146.6	420.2	1,121.3	1,177.7	1,020.8	324.2	146.3	59.6	4,416.7
Part-time workers	181.6	126.9	120.8	95.3	88.3	48.1	46.4	51.1	758.7
Total	328.2	547.1	1,242.1	1,273.0	1,109.1	372.4	192.7	110.7	5,175.3
			MAI	RRIED FEMAL	ES				
Full-time workers	6.8	104.5	363.8	357.5	392.1	90.8	22.8	8.3	1,346.7
Part-time workers	6.6	34.0	239.3	392.6	314.2	101.2	42.4	21.7	1,152.1
Total	13.4	138.5	603.1	750.2	706.4	192.0	65.3	30.0	2,498.8
			A	LL FEMALES					
Full-time workers	73.5	302.6	628.6	517.6	528.1	134.7	38.7	15.3	2,239.1
Part-time workers	256.8	174.9	332.7	485.0	383.8	126.7	60.4	32.8	1,853.1
Total	330.3	477.5	961.4	1,002.5	911.9	261.4	99.2	48.1	4,092.2
				PERSONS					
Full-time workers	220.1	722.8	1,749.9	1,695.2	1,548.9	458.9	185.1	74.9	6,655.8
Part-time workers	438.4	301.8	453.6	580.3	472.1	174.9	106.8	84.0	2,611.8
Total	658.5	1,024.6	2,203.5	2,275.5	2,021.0	633.8	291.9	158.8	9,267.6

			Females		
			Not		
	Males	Married	married	Total	Persons
	NUMBER EMPLO	OYED ('000)			
Weekly Hours worked —					
0 5	215.4	126.9	75.4	202.3	417.6
1-15	359.0	435.8	362.9	798.8	1,157.7
16-29	427.0	558.4	264.9	823.3	1,250.3
30-34	471.5	301.2	179.4	480.6	952.1
35-39	734.7	362.8	259.3	622.0	1,356.7
40	859.8	266.7	181.5	448.3	1,308.1
41-44	270.7	89.3	65.9	155.1	425.9
45-48	495.5	129.6	82.4	212.0	707.6
49 and over	1,341.7	228.1	121.8	349.8	1,691.6
Total	5,175.3	2,498.8	1,593.4	4,092.2	9,267.6
	WEEKLY HOUR	S WORKED			
Aggregate weekly hours worked (million)	204.0	73.0	45.1	118.1	322.1
By full-time workers	191.7	53.1	34.5	87.7	279.3
By part-time workers	12.3	19.9	10.6	30.4	42.7
Average weekly hours worked	39.4	29.2	28.3	28.9	34.8
By full-time workers	43.4	39.5	38.7	39.2	42.0
By part-time workers	16.2	17.2	15.1	16.4	16.4
Average weekly hours worked by persons					
who worked one hour or more in the					
reference week	41.1	30.8	29.7	30.4	36.4
By full-time workers	45.2	41.4	40.5	41.0	43.8
By part-time workers	17.2	18.3	15.9	17.4	17.3

#### TABLE 17. EMPLOYED PERSONS: HOURS WORKED, MARCH 2002

#### TABLE 18. EMPLOYED PERSONS: EMPLOYMENT/POPULATION RATIOS BY AGE AND MARITAL STATUS, MARCH 2002

			(per cent)				
		Males			Females		
Aga group		Not			Not		
Age group	Married	married	Total	Married	married	Total	Persons
15-19	61.8	46.8	47.1	55.4	49.3	49.6	48.3
20-24	86.2	75.9	77.5	66.5	71.5	70.0	73.8
25-34	90.5	79.0	85.5	64.6	69.0	66.2	75.8
35-44	90.9	75.3	86.9	69.0	64.8	67.9	77.4
45-54	87.6	66.7	83.3	70.9	62.6	68.8	76.1
55-59	72.9	54.8	69.4	49.3	53.4	50.3	60.1
60-64	50.3	32.1	46.6	23.1	27.2	24.3	35.5
65 and over	11.8	6.4	10.3	5.3	2.3	3.5	6.5
Total	72.0	60.4	67.4	55.6	46.9	51.9	59.5

### TABLE 19. FULL-TIME WORKERS WHO WORKED LESS THAN 35 HOURS, BY REASON, MARCH 2002('000)

	Females					
Barrow for working loss than 25 hours			Not			
Reason for working less than 35 hours	Males	Married	married	Total	Persons	
Leave, holiday or flextime/personal reasons	471.7	191.9	123.0	314.9	786.6	
Own illness or injury	95.3	39.8	29.7	69.5	164.8	
Bad weather, plant breakdown, etc.	7.9	* 0.2	* 0.5	* 0.8	8.7	
Began or left job in the reference week	8.1	* 2.3	* 2.3	4.6	12.7	
Stood down, on short time, insufficient work	48.1	7.5	* 3.8	11.3	59.4	
Shift work, standard work arrangements	68.1	21.2	19.9	41.1	109.2	
Other	14.9	7.4	* 2.2	9.6	24.6	
Total	714.2	270.3	181.5	451.8	1,166.0	

			(2000)				
Age group	New South			South	Western		
	Wales	Victoria	Queensland	Australia	Australia	Tasmania	Australia
			MALES				
15-19	27.3	15.1	16.9	5.9	7.4	2.8	77.4
20-24	19.8	14.1	16.4	2.8	4.5	2.0	61.7
25-34	27.8	22.5	20.7	8.7	8.6	2.7	93.0
35-44	20.4	15.8	10.8	5.3	8.2	1.3	63.4
45 and over	30.0	18.8	19.6	6.1	7.4	2.8	86.1
Total	125.4	86.3	84.3	28.7	36.2	11.4	381.5
			FEMALES				
15-19	21.6	17.0	16.8	6.0	5.8	1.8	70.9
20-24	11.7	15.7	12.3	3.1	4.1	* 1.0	49.0
25-34	17.1	14.3	17.1	4.9	6.2	1.4	62.1
35-44	16.8	10.8	9.2	4.7	5.6	1.3	49.1
45 and over	17.1	12.1	12.1	2.6	3.5	* 0.8	49.2
Total	84.3	69.9	67.5	21.3	25.3	6.3	280.4
			PERSONS				
Looking for full-time work —							
15-19	21.6	14.3	16.3	5.1	6.6	2.2	67.9
20-24	21.7	22.4	23.7	5.2	5.5	2.2 2.8	83.5
25-34	39.1	30.5	31.1	11.7	12.6	3.4	130.5
35-44	27.4	21.7	17.1	8.7	11.9	2.2	91.0 80.3
45-54	29.1	18.9	17.4	5.3	6.1	2.4	80.3
55 and over	10.8	8.7	8.6	* 2.1	3.5	1.1	35.4
Total looking for							
full-time work	149.8	116.5	114.1	38.1	46.1	14.1	488.7
Total —							
15-19	48.9	32.1	33.6	11.9	13.2	4.6	148.3
20-24	31.5	29.7	28.7	5.9	8.7	3.0	110.7
25-34	44.9	36.9	37.7	13.6	14.8	4.1	155.1
35-44	37.2	26.6	20.0	10.0	13.9	2.5	112.5
45-54	34.0	20.7	21.5	6.0	7.1	2.4	93.1
55 and over	13.2	10.1	10.2	2.7	3.9	1.2	42.2
Total	209.7	156.2	151.8	50.0	61.5	17.7	661.9

### TABLE 20. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: STATES, BY AGE, MARCH 2002('000)

TABLE 21. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS AGED 15-19: DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT AND SCHOOL ATTENDANCE, MARCH 2002

Not attending school			
Attending	Left school	Left school 2000	
school	before 2000	to survey date	Total
NUMBER ('00	)0)		
12.9	* 3.9	22.8	39.6
	5.4		54.7
8.6	* 2.6	15.1	26.3
8.1	6.5	13.1	27.7
46.9	18.3	83.1	148.3
URATION OF UNEMPLO	YMENT (weeks)		
15.7	42.7	13.2	18.9
14.5	* 17.0	16.7	16.0
15.1	34.9	15.0	17.5
* 32.8	37.0	18.5	23.4
13.8	* 22.7	10.0	12.5
8	* 20	7	8
6	* 8	9	8
7	12	8	8
* 14	17	11	12
7	* 8	5	6
	school NUMBER ('00 12.9 17.3 8.6 8.1 46.9 NURATION OF UNEMPLO 15.7 14.5 15.1 * 32.8 13.8 8 6 7 * 14	Attending         Left school           school         before 2000           NUMBER ('000)         12.9           17.3         5.4           8.6         * 2.6           8.1         6.5           46.9         18.3           URATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT (weeks)         15.7           15.7         42.7           14.5         * 17.0           15.1         34.9           * 32.8         37.0           13.8         * 22.7           8         * 20           6         * 8           7         12           * 14         17	Attending         Left school         Left school 2000 to survey date           NUMBER ('000)         12.9 $*3.9$ 22.8           17.3         5.4         32.1           8.6 $*2.6$ 15.1           8.1         6.5         13.1           46.9         18.3         83.1           URATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT (weeks)           15.7         42.7         13.2           14.5 $*17.0$ 16.7           15.1         34.9         15.0           * 32.8         37.0         18.5           13.8         * 22.7         10.0           8         * 20         7           6         * 8         9           7         12         8           * 14         17         11

### TABLE 22. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: BY AGE AND WHETHER LOOKING FOR FULL-TIME OR PART-TIME WORK,

			MAR	CH 2002						
		Number i	unemployed (	'000)		Unemployment rate (per cent)				
	Male	es Females		-	Males	<u> </u>	Femal	es		
	Married	Total	Married	Total	Persons	Married	Total	Married	Total	Persons
		LOO	KING FOR F							
Total	122.7	310.3	62.4	178.3	488.7	3.9	6.6	4.4	7.4	6.8
Aged 15-19	* 2.2	37.2	* 2.1	30.7	67.9	* 30.0	20.2	* 23.4	29.5	23.6
Looking for first job	* 0.5	21.3	* 1.6	23.5	44.8					
Attending school	* 0.0	* 2.4	* 0.0	* 0.8	* 3.2	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Attending a tertiary educational										
institution full time	* 0.3	* 2.6	* 0.2	* 3.2	5.8	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Aged 20 and over	120.5	273.1	60.3	147.6	420.8	3.8	6.0	4.3	6.4	6.1
20-24	8.0	50.2	6.8	33.3	83.5	8.6	10.7	6.1	9.9	10.4
Looking for first job	* 1.0	12.8	* 1.5	13.0	25.8					
25-34	33.1	85.6	20.1	44.9	130.5	4.5	7.1	5.2	6.7	6.9
35-44	30.1	58.5	15.5	32.5	91.0	3.1	4.7	4.1	5.9	5.1
45-54	30.3	51.0	13.9	29.3	80.3	3.4	4.8	3.4	5.3	4.9
55 and over	19.0	27.9	* 4.1	7.5	35.4	4.0	5.0	3.2	3.8	4.7
	121.7	309.4	62.4	178.3	487.7	3.9	5.0 6.6	4.5	5.8 7.4	6.9
Aged 15-64	121.7					3.9	0.0	4.3	7.4	0.9
			KING FOR F							
Total	9.4	71.2	30.3	102.1	173.3	2.9	8.6	2.6	5.2	6.2
Aged 15-19	* 0.2	40.2	* 0.6	40.2	80.4	* 10.6	18.1	* 8.9	13.5	15.5
Attending school	* 0.0	22.1	* 0.0	21.6	43.7	* 0.0	20.7	* 0.0	15.1	17.5
Attending a tertiary educational										
institution full time	* 0.2	16.0	* 0.6	15.6	31.6	* 29.2	24.3	* 29.2	15.9	19.3
Aged 20 and over	9.1	31.0	29.7	61.9	92.9	2.9	5.1	2.5	3.7	4.1
20-24	* 1.0	11.5	* 2.7	15.7	27.2	* 7.7	8.3	* 7.4	8.2	8.3
Attending a tertiary educational	110	1110	2.7	1017	27.2		0.0		0.2	0.0
institution full time	* 0.3	8.6	* 0.9	10.2	18.7	* 8.9	11.1	* 11.4	10.5	10.8
25-34	* 1.8	7.4	8.5	17.2	24.6	* 3.3	5.8	3.4	4.9	5.2
35-44	* 2.0	4.9	12.1	16.6	21.5	* 3.1	4.9	3.0	3.3	3.6
45 and over	4.5	7.2	6.4	12.3	19.6	2.3	3.0	1.3	2.0	2.3
Aged 15-64	9.3	70.9	30.3	102.1	172.9	2.3 3.4	9.1	2.6	5.3	6.4
Aged 13-04	9.5	70.9			172.9	3.4	9.1	2.0	3.5	0.4
				TAL						
Total	132.1	381.5	92.7	280.4	661.9	3.8	6.9	3.6	6.4	6.7
Aged 15-19	* 2.4	77.4	* 2.7	70.9	148.3	* 25.3	19.1	* 16.9	17.7	18.4
Attending school	* 0.0	24.5	* 0.0	22.4	46.9	* 0.0	22.2	* 0.0	15.5	18.4
Attending a tertiary educational										
institution full time	* 0.6	18.6	* 0.9	18.8	37.3	* 49.2	26.5	* 36.3	18.3	21.6
Aged 20 and over(a)	129.6	304.2	90.0	209.5	513.7	3.7	5.9	3.5	5.3	5.6
20-24	8.9	61.7	9.5	49.0	110.7	8.5	10.1	6.4	9.3	9.7
Attending a tertiary educational										
institution full time	* 0.6	10.8	* 1.5	13.3	24.1	* 17.1	12.6	* 16.2	12.5	12.5
25-34	34.9	93.0	28.5	62.1	155.1	4.5	7.0	4.5	6.1	6.6
35-44	32.1	63.4	27.6	49.1	112.5	3.1	4.7	3.5	4.7	4.7
45-54	31.9	53.8	19.1	39.3	93.1	3.3	4.6	2.6	4.1	4.4
55-59	13.7	19.6	* 4.1	7.3	26.9	4.1	5.0	2.0	2.7	4.1
60-64	7.1	19.0	* 4.1 * 1.2	* 2.7	20.9 14.0	4.1	5.0 5.6	* 1.8	* 2.6	4.1
	131.0	380.2		280.4		4.1 3.9		* 1.8 3.6		4.0 6.8
Aged 15-64	131.0	380.2	92.7	280.4	660.6	3.9	7.0	3.0	6.5	0.8

(a) Includes unemployed persons aged 65 and over, details for whom are not shown separately.

_	Number	unemployed ('000)		Unemploy	ment rate (per cent)	<u> </u>
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
		BORN IN AUSTR	RALIA			
Total	281.6	201.6	483.1	6.8	6.1	6.5
Looking for full-time work	228.0	125.7	353.7	6.5	7.0	6.7
Looking for part-time work	53.6	75.9	129.4	8.5	4.9	6.0
Aged 15-19	68.8	63.3	132.0	18.6	17.4	18.0
Aged 20 and over	212.8	138.3	351.1	5.6	4.7	5.2
20-24	52.3	36.5	88.8	10.1	8.2	9.2
25-34	68.7	43.9	112.6	6.5	5.4	6.0
35-44	42.9	30.0	72.9	4.5	4.0	4.3
45-54	31.8	22.0	53.8	4.0	3.3	3.7
55 and over	17.2	5.9	23.0	3.8	2.0	3.1
Aged 15-64	280.9	201.6	482.5	6.9	6.1	6.6
	В	ORN OUTSIDE AU	STRALIA			
Total	100.0	78.8	178.8	7.1	7.5	7.2
Looking for full-time work	82.3	52.6	135.0	6.8	8.3	7.3
Looking for part-time work	17.6	26.2	43.8	8.9	6.2	7.1
Aged 15-19	8.6	7.7	16.2	23.5	20.6	22.0
Aged 20 and over	91.4	71.2	162.5	6.6	7.0	6.8
20-24	9.4	12.5	21.9	10.4	14.9	12.6
25-34	24.3	18.2	42.6	8.7	8.4	8.6
35-44	20.5	19.1	39.6	5.3	6.2	5.7
45-54	22.0	17.3	39.3	5.9	6.1	6.0
55 and over	15.1	* 4.1	19.1	6.0	* 3.2	5.1
Aged 15-64	99.3	78.8	178.1	7.2	7.6	7.4

					rm unemplo	UNEMPL yment				Long-te	rm unemplo	oyment	
		Unemployed 52 weeks and under 104			Unemployed 104 weeks and over			Total			as a proportion of total unemployment		
Month	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females -'000-	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	
					ORIGIN	AL					per cent		
2001 —													
January	39.3	22.0	61.3	54.4	20.8	75.2	93.7	42.8	136.5	23.9	16.7	21.1	
February	36.6	26.5	63.2	59.6	31.4	91.0	96.3	57.9	154.2	23.2	18.9	21.4	
March	38.9	25.5	64.4	52.2	29.3	81.5	91.1	54.8	145.9	23.7	18.8	21.6	
April	37.8	24.1	61.9	60.3	27.5	87.9	98.1	51.7	149.8	25.5	18.2	22.4	
May	40.0	24.0	63.9	58.4	27.8	86.2	98.4	51.7	150.2	25.8	17.8	22.4	
June	34.2	26.2	60.5	59.4	31.6	91.0	93.7	57.8	151.5	24.8	20.9	23.1	
July	34.1	22.6	56.6	55.2	28.6	83.8	89.3	51.2	140.4	24.4	20.3	22.7	
August	28.0	17.8	45.8	61.8	30.9	92.7	89.8	48.6	138.5	24.1	18.0	21.5	
September	33.3	23.1	56.4	67.3	28.9	96.2	100.6	52.0	152.6	25.4	18.8	22.7	
October	33.6	24.0	57.6	57.6	30.9	88.4	91.2	54.9	146.1	23.9	19.7	22.1	
November	33.1	22.7	55.9	55.5	27.7	83.2	88.7	50.4	139.1	23.9	19.5	22.1	
December	32.4	25.0	57.4	54.3	32.7	87.0	86.7	57.7	144.4	23.0	20.3	21.8	
2002 —													
January	33.5	24.3	57.9	60.1	31.8	91.9	93.6	56.2	149.8	22.1	18.4	20.6	
February	45.7	24.1	69.8	61.6	32.1	93.7	107.3	56.2	163.5	25.7	18.2	22.5	
March	46.3	23.7	70.0	62.2	31.5	93.7	108.5	55.1	163.7	28.4	19.7	24.7	
				SEAS	ONALLY A	ADJUSTED							
2001 —													
January	38.5	21.9	60.4	54.4	22.2	76.7	92.9	44.2	137.0	25.6	17.4	22.3	
February	36.0	22.9	58.9	54.6	28.6	83.2	90.6	51.5	142.1	23.8	19.3	22.0	
March	39.4	24.6	64.0	52.5	27.5	80.0	91.9	52.1	144.0	24.7	19.9	22.7	
April	38.6	24.7	63.4	62.4	27.2	89.6	101.1	51.9	153.0	26.1	19.0	23.2	
May	38.8	23.0	61.8	59.3	29.4	88.7	98.1	52.4	150.5	25.5	18.5	22.5	
June	35.4	30.5	65.8	61.7	32.1	93.8	97.1	62.6	159.6	24.9	21.9	23.6	
July	35.1	24.7	59.8	59.3	29.6	88.9	94.4	54.3	148.7	24.1	19.3	22.1	
August	28.5	17.4	45.9	63.0	31.3	94.3	91.5	48.7	140.2	23.7	17.1	20.9	
September	32.6	22.0	54.6	61.5	26.5	88.0	94.1	48.5	142.6	24.2	17.7	21.5	
October	32.6	25.2	57.8	57.4	30.6	88.0	90.0	55.8	145.8	22.4	19.1	21.0	
November	32.9	23.1	56.0	55.9	30.0	85.9	88.8	53.1	141.9	23.0	18.7	21.2	
December	32.8	25.1	57.9	54.5	33.3	87.8	87.3	58.4	145.7	23.2	20.2	21.9	
2002 —													
January	32.9	24.3	57.1	60.1	33.9	94.0	93.0	58.2	151.2	23.7	19.4	21.8	
February	45.1	20.8	65.9	56.5	29.3	85.8	101.5	50.1	151.7	26.5	18.6	23.2	
March	47.0	22.8	69.7	62.6	29.5	92.2	109.6	52.3	161.9	29.7	20.6	26.0	
					TREND SE	RIES							
2001 —													
January	37.4	22.8	60.3	55.5	25.7	81.2	92.9	48.6	141.5	25.3	18.9	22.6	
February	38.2	23.4	61.6	55.7	26.3	82.0	93.9	49.7	143.6	25.2	18.9	22.6	
March	38.5	24.3	62.7	56.6	27.3	83.9	95.1	51.6	146.6	25.1	19.2	22.6	
April	38.1	24.9	63.0	58.0	28.5	86.5	96.1	53.3	149.4	25.1	19.4	22.7	
May	37.1	25.0	62.2	59.6	29.4	89.0	96.8	54.4	151.2	25.1	19.5	22.8	
June	35.6	24.6	60.2	60.9	29.9	90.8	96.5	54.5	151.0	24.8	19.4	22.5	
July	34.0	23.9	57.9	61.3	29.9	91.2	95.4	53.7	149.1	24.4	19.0	22.1	
August	32.5	23.2	55.7	60.8	29.8	90.6	93.3	53.0	146.3	23.9	18.7	21.7	
September r	31.4	22.9	54.3	59.6	30.0	89.6	91.0	52.9	143.9	23.3	18.5	21.3	
October r	31.5	23.0	54.5	58.4	30.3	88.7	89.8	53.3	143.2	23.0	18.6	21.1	
November r December r	32.8 34.9	23.3 23.6	56.1 58.6	57.6 57.3	30.8 31.3	88.4 88.6	90.3 92.3	54.1 54.9	144.4 147.1	23.2 23.9	18.8 19.2	21.4 21.9	
2002 —	27.6	00 F	(1.2	57 (	21.4	00.1	05.2	55.0	150.0	04.0	10.7	<u> </u>	
January r	37.6	23.5	61.2	57.6	31.4	89.1	95.3	55.0	150.2	24.9	19.5	22.6	
February r Marab	40.5	23.3	63.8	58.3	31.3	89.6 00.4	98.8	54.6	153.4	26.1	19.7	23.4	
March	43.1	22.7	65.8	59.2	31.2	90.4	102.3	53.9	156.2	27.2	19.9	24.2	

			(2000	)				Looking	for -
Duration of unemployment (weeks)			ge group				Not	Full-time	Part-time
	15-19	20-24	25-34 MALE	35-54	Total(a)	Married	married	work	work
				<u> </u>					
Under 52	69.3	46.3	65.0	76.3	273.0	90.3	182.7	213.4	59.7
under 2	10.1	6.3	7.2	7.9	32.5	9.7	22.8	21.8	10.7
2 and under 4 4 and under 8	9.3 17.0	7.2 9.1	5.9 12.2	9.1 16.9	33.7 58.7	11.4 20.6	22.3 38.1	22.1 44.3	11.6 14.4
8 and under 13	11.0	7.3	12.2	8.7	42.8	14.0	28.8	34.2	8.6
13 and under 26	14.1	10.9	16.4	22.8	67.1	21.4	45.7	56.7	10.4
26 and under 39	5.1	* 4.1	9.2	6.5	27.6	9.8	17.8	25.1	* 2.5
39 and under 52 52 and over	* 1.9 8.1	* 1.3 <i>15.3</i>	* 2.2 28.1	* 4.3 <i>41.0</i>	10.6 108.5	* 3.4 41.8	7.2 66.8	9.1 97.0	* 1.5 11.5
52 and over 52 and under 65	* 4.1	4.9	8.1	41.0 7.3	26.0	41.8	19.0	21.1	4.9
65 and under 104	* 1.7	* 3.1	5.0	8.3	20.3	8.5	11.8	18.8	* 1.5
104 and over	* 2.2	7.4	15.0	25.3	62.2	26.2	36.0	57.1	5.2
Total	77.4	61.7	93.0 — wee	117.2	381.5	132.1	249.5	310.3	71.2
Average duration —	18.9	40.3	47.7	69.9	53.4	61.2	49.4	58.8	30.0
Median duration —	8	13	18	19	15	16	15	18	7
			FEMAI '00						
Under 52	64.3	39.6	52.6	62.5	225.2	73.0	152.3	136.1	89.1
under 2	13.8	6.8	9.0	6.9	37.0	10.3	26.7	16.5	20.4
2 and under 4	6.3	5.9	5.7	8.6	27.6	8.4	19.2	16.6	11.0
4 and under 8	$     14.9 \\     11.1 $	10.5 6.1	9.1 10.7	$14.5 \\ 10.9$	49.9 40.4	17.1 15.7	32.8 24.6	26.8 25.2	23.1 15.1
8 and under 13 13 and under 26	12.2	6.0	9.5	10.9	39.8	9.5	30.3	29.3	10.5
26 and under 39	* 3.7	* 3.5	5.7	6.8	20.0	7.4	12.6	13.8	6.2
39 and under 52	* 2.3	* 0.7	* 2.9	* 4.3	10.6	4.5	6.1	7.9	* 2.7
52 and over	6.6 * 3.9	9.4 * 1.8	9.5 * 3.0	25.9	55.1	19.7	35.4	42.2	12.9
52 and under 65 65 and under 104	* 3.9 * 1.5	* 1.8 * 1.4	* 3.0 * 1.2	5.5 4.7	14.6 9.1	4.6 * 3.4	9.9 5.6	9.0 7.1	5.6 * 1.9
104 and over	* 1.3	6.1	5.2	15.7	31.5	11.6	19.9	26.0	5.5
Total	70.9	49.0	62.1	88.4	280.4	92.7	187.7	178.3	102.1
Average duration —	16.0	38.0	— wee 32.9	65.2	42.2	41.4	42.6	53.4	22.7
Median duration —	8	8	10	16	10	10	10	14	6
			PERSO — '00						
Under 52	133.6	86.0	117.6	138.8	498.3	163.3	335.0	349.5	148.8
under 2	23.9	13.1	16.2	14.8	69.5	20.0	49.5	38.4	31.1
2 and under 4	15.6	13.2	11.6	17.7	61.3	19.8	41.6	38.7	22.6
4 and under 8 8 and under 13	31.9 22.8	19.6 13.5	21.4 22.7	31.4 19.7	108.6 83.1	37.8 29.7	70.9 53.4	71.1 59.4	37.5 23.7
13 and under 26	26.3	16.9	25.9	33.3	106.9	30.9	76.0	86.0	20.9
26 and under 39	8.8	7.6	14.8	13.3	47.6	17.2	30.4	38.9	8.7
39 and under 52	* 4.2	* 2.0	5.1	8.6	21.2	8.0	13.2	17.0	* 4.2
52 and over 52 and under 65	14.7 8.0	24.7 6.7	<i>37.5</i> 11.1	66.9 12.8	163.7 40.5	<i>61.5</i> 11.7	$102.2 \\ 28.9$	<i>139.2</i> 30.1	24.5 10.5
65 and under 104	* 3.2	4.5	6.2	13.0	29.4	12.0	17.4	26.0	* 3.4
104 and over	* 3.5	13.5	20.2	41.0	93.7	37.8	55.9	83.1	10.6
Total	148.3	110.7	155.1 — wee	205.6	661.9	224.8	437.2	488.7	173.3
Average duration —	17.5	39.3	41.8	67.9	48.7	53.0	46.5	56.8	25.7
Median duration —	8	10	14	18	13	13	13	16	7

# TABLE 25. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT BY AGE, MARITAL STATUS AND FULL-TIME/PART-TIME STATUS, MARCH 2002 ('000)

(a) Includes persons aged 55 and over, details for whom are not shown separately.

		Males			Females			
		Not			Not			Proportion of
Age group	Married	married	Total	Married	married	Total	Persons	population
ise stoup				- '000 -				- per cent -
15-19	* 2.0	289.8	291.8	8.0	257.2	265.2	557.0	40.8
20-24	6.5	90.5	97.1	60.2	95.8	155.9	253.0	18.2
25-34	43.7	73.6	117.3	301.7	127.5	429.3	546.6	18.8
35-44	67.8	60.2	128.0	310.2	115.5	425.7	553.8	18.8
45-54	99.6	69.5	169.1	271.3	102.7	374.0	543.1	20.4
55-59	104.0	40.4	144.3	193.0	57.5	250.5	394.8	37.4
60-64	157.3	51.9	209.2	216.7	89.3	306.0	515.2	62.7
65-69	211.3	53.1	264.4	205.1	110.1	315.2	579.7	85.0
70 and over	476.5	223.2	699.7	335.5	657.3	992.8	1,692.5	96.7
Total	1,168.6	952.3	2,120.9	1,901.7	1,612.9	3,514.6	5,635.5	36.2

#### TABLE 26. PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE: AGE AND MARITAL STATUS, MARCH 2002

TABLE 27. PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE: WHETHER LOOKING FOR WORK, ETC., MARCH 2002

	Males						
		Not			Not		
	Married	married	Total	Married	married	Total	Persons
Looking for work	15.9	37.6	53.5	28.0	40.1	68.1	121.6
Took active steps to find work(a)	6.3	16.1	22.4	10.7	15.4	26.1	48.5
Available to start work within four weeks	4.4	10.7	15.1	7.5	11.1	18.6	33.7
Unavailable to start within four weeks	* 1.9	5.4	7.3	* 3.2	* 4.3	7.5	14.8
Did not take active steps to find work	9.6	21.5	31.1	17.3	24.7	42.0	73.1
Not looking for work	1,086.8	811.8	1,898.6	1,834.5	1,376.6	3,211.2	5,109.8
Permanently unable to work	47.7	38.9	86.6	26.9	35.0	61.9	148.4
In institutions	18.2	64.0	82.2	12.3	161.2	173.5	255.7
Total	1,168.6	952.3	2,120.9	1,901.7	1,612.9	3,514.6	5,635.5

(a) Not available to start work in the reference week.

#### TABLE 28. ESTIMATES OF LABOUR FORCE STATUS AND GROSS CHANGES (FLOWS) DERIVED FROM MATCHED RECORDS FEBRUARY 2002 AND MARCH 2002 ('000)

		* * *					
	Labour force status in March 2002						
Labour force status in February 2002	Employed	Employed		Not in the			
Eubour jorce status in February 2002	full time	part time	Unemployed	labour force			
	MALÉS						
Employed full time	3,426.0	108.6	21.3	35.8			
Employed part time	93.9	415.4	18.3	41.6			
Unemployed	31.5	30.9	203.4	54.5			
Not in the labour force	24.5	40.3	52.9	1,453.6			
	MARRIED FEMALES						
Employed full time	991.3	82.6	* 0.8	12.7			
Employed part time	83.9	800.6	6.8	49.3			
Unemployed	4.7	12.9	45.4	22.5			
Not in the labour force	12.9	54.9	26.0	1,442.4			
	ALL FEMALES						
Employed full time	1,647.2	134.2	7.2	23.1			
Employed part time	124.0	1,253.6	20.8	80.8			
Unemployed	15.2	34.5	132.9	62.8			
Not in the labour force	18.5	85.1	58.7	2,496.1			
	PERSONS						
Employed full time	5,073.2	242.8	28.5	58.9			
Employed part time	217.9	1,669.1	39.1	122.4			
Unemployed	46.7	65.4	336.3	117.3			
Not in the labour force	43.0	125.4	111.5	3,949.6			

#### POPULATION REPRESENTED BY THE MATCHED SAMPLE

	Femal	les	
Males	Married	Total	Persons
6,052.3	3,649.8	6,194.6	12,246.9

TABLE 29. RELATIONSHIP IN HOUSEHOLD, THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: SUMMARY TABLE,
MARCH 2002

		MARCH 20	102				
	Employed	Unemployed	Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian popu Males	ulation aged 15 a Females	nd over Persons
Family member	7,636.7	PÉRŠONS (' 502.8	000) 8,139.5	4,091.4	6,077.8	6,153.1	12,230.9
Husband, wife or partner With children under 15 Without children under 15 With dependants Without dependants	5,673.8 2,474.1 3,199.6 2,980.1 2,693.7	216.6 103.4 113.2 120.8 95.8	5,890.4 2,577.5 3,312.8 3,100.9 2,789.5	2,937.1 751.3 2,185.8 862.8 2,074.3	4,502.5 1,708.5 2,794.0 2,033.1 2,469.4	4,324.9 1,620.3 2,704.6 1,930.6 2,394.4	8,827.5 3,328.8 5,498.6 3,963.7 4,863.8
Lone parent With children under 15 With dependent students but	387.7 231.5	55.3 43.2	443.0 274.7	378.1 226.2	134.1 57.2	687.1 443.6	821.1 500.8
without children under 15 Without dependants	66.2 90.0	6.2 5.9	72.4 95.9	21.0 131.0	21.8 55.1	71.6 171.8	93.4 226.9
Dependent student	405.1	83.3	488.3	468.1	463.5	492.9	956.4
Non-dependent child(a)	1,015.6	125.9	1,141.5	144.2	822.4	463.2	1,285.7
Other family person	154.6	21.7	176.3	163.9	155.3	184.9	340.2
Non-family member Lone person Not living alone	1,312.9 778.5 534.4	130.2 69.3 60.9	1,443.1 847.8 595.3	1,049.3 888.8 160.5	1,219.9 780.5 439.4	1,272.5 956.1 316.5	2,492.5 1,736.6 755.8
Usual resident of a household where relationship was determined	8,949.7	633.0	9,582.6	5,140.7	7,297.7	7,425.6	14,723.4
Usual resident of a household where relationship was not determined	158.3	12.8	171.0	70.9	110.3	131.6	241.9
Total usual residents of private dwellings	9,107.9	645.8	9,753.7	5,211.6	7,408.0	7,557.2	14,965.3
Visitors to private dwellings	35.4	3.7	39.1	45.9	44.0	41.0	85.0
Persons enumerated in non-private dwellings	124.3	12.4	136.7	378.1	225.8	289.0	514.8
Total	9,267.6	661.9	9,929.5	5,635.5	7,677.8	7,887.2	15,565.0
Family member	PRC 82.4	PORTION OF TO 76.0	<u>FAL (per cent)</u> 82.0	72.6	79.2	78.0	78.6
Husband, wife or partner With children under 15 Without children under 15 With dependants Without dependants	61.2 26.7 34.5 32.2 29.1	32.7 15.6 17.1 18.2 14.5	59.3 26.0 33.4 31.2 28.1	52.1 13.3 38.8 15.3 36.8	58.6 22.3 36.4 26.5 32.2	54.8 20.5 34.3 24.5 30.4	56.7 21.4 35.3 25.5 31.2
Lone parent With children under 15 With dependent students but	4.2 2.5	8.4 6.5	4.5 2.8	6.7 4.0	1.7 0.7	8.7 5.6	5.3 3.2
without children under 15 Without dependants	0.7 1.0	0.9 0.9	0.7 1.0	0.4 2.3	0.3 0.7	0.9 2.2	0.6 1.5
Dependent student	4.4	12.6	4.9	8.3	6.0	6.2	6.1
Non-dependent child(a)	11.0	19.0	11.5	2.6	10.7	5.9	8.3
Other family person	1.7	3.3	1.8	2.9	2.0	2.3	2.2
Non-family member Lone person Not living alone	14.2 8.4 5.8	19.7 10.5 9.2	14.5 8.5 6.0	18.6 15.8 2.8	15.9 10.2 5.7	$16.1 \\ 12.1 \\ 4.0$	16.0 11.2 4.9
Usual resident of a household where relationship was determined	96.6	95.6	96.5	91.2	95.0	94.1	94.6
Usual resident of a household where relationship was not determined	1.7	1.9	1.7	1.3	1.4	1.7	1.6
Total usual residents of private dwellings	98.3	97.6	98.2	92.5	96.5	95.8	96.1
Visitors to private dwellings	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.5
Persons enumerated in non-private dwellings	1.3	1.9	1.4	6.7	2.9	3.7	3.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

(a) Aged 15 and over.

## TABLE 30. RELATIONSHIP IN HOUSEHOLD AND LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF PERSONS AGED 15 AND OVER(a), MARCH 2002

			MARCH 2	2002 Unemp	loyed					
			-	Looking				Civilian		
	Full-	<u>Employed</u> Part-		for full-			Not in	populat- ion aged	Unemp-	Partici
	time	time		time		Labour	labour	15 and	loyment	pation
	workers	workers	Total	work	Total - '000 -	force	force	over	rate	rate
	2 ( 10 =		MALES				1 5 5 0 1	< 0 <b>77</b> 0	- per	cent -
Family member	3,648.7	599.9	4,248.6	225.8	278.8	4,527.4	1,550.4	6,077.8	6.2	74.5
Husband or partner With children under 15	2,960.8 1,424.8	299.1 95.4	3,259.9 1,520.2	119.4 53.3	$128.6 \\ 57.0$	3,388.6 1,577.3	1,113.9 131.3	4,502.5 1.708.5	3.8 3.6	75.3 92.3
Without children under 15 With dependents	1,536.0 1,685.9	203.7 115.7	1,739.7 1,801.6	66.1 62.9	71.6 67.3	1,811.3 1,868.9	982.7 164.2	2,794.0 2,033.1	4.0 3.6	64.8 91.9
Without dependants	1,274.9	183.4	1,458.3	56.5	61.4	1,519.7	949.7	2,469.4	4.0	61.5
Lone parent	67.9	11.6	79.5 33.7	7.1 4.7	9.2 6.8	88.7	45.4	134.1	10.4	66.2
With children under 15 With dependent students but	27.0	6.6				40.4	16.8	57.2	16.7	70.7
without children under 15 Without dependants	15.9 25.0	* 1.4 * 3.6	$17.2 \\ 28.7$	* 1.5 * 0.9	* 1.6 * 0.9	18.8 29.5	* 3.0 25.6	21.8 55.1	* 8.3 * 3.0	86.2 53.6
Dependent student	4.5	164.3	168.8	5.9	42.5	211.3	252.2	463.5	20.1	45.6
Non-dependent child(b)	547.5	105.6	653.1	80.5	84.6	737.7	84.8	822.4	11.5	89.7
Other family person	68.1	19.2	87.3	13.0	13.9	101.1	54.1	155.3	13.7	65.1
Non-family member	636.8	117.6	754.4	74.5	86.9	841.3	378.6	1,219.9	10.3	69.0
Lone person Not living alone	383.9 252.9	58.6 59.0	442.5 311.9	44.6 30.0	47.9 39.0	490.4 350.8	290.1 88.5	780.5 439.4	9.8 11.1	62.8 79.8
Total	4,285.5	717.5	5,003.0	300.4	365.7	5,368.7	1,929.0	7,297.7	6.8	73.6
Family member	1,755.8	1,632.3	FEMALI 3,388.1	ES 139.9	224.0	3,612.1	2,541.0	6,153.1	6.2	58.7
Wife or partner	1,755.8	1,120.5	2,413.8	59.8	87.9	2,5012.1	1,823.2	4,324.9	3.5	57.8
With children under 15	370.9	583.0	953.9	27.2	46.3	1,000.2	620.1	1,620.3	4.6	61.7
Without children under 15 With dependants	922.4 501.0	537.6 677.4	1,460.0 1,178.5	32.6 32.9	41.6 53.5	1,501.5 1,232.0	1,203.1 698.6	2,704.6 1,930.6	2.8 4.3	55.5 63.8
Without dependants	792.3	443.1	1,235.4	26.9	34.4	1,269.8	1,124.6	2,394.4	2.7	53.0
Lone parent With children under 15	151.5 77.8	$156.7 \\ 120.0$	308.2 197.8	31.4 22.5	46.1 36.4	354.3 234.3	332.7 209.4	687.1 443.6	13.0 15.5	51.6 52.8
With dependent students but without children under 15	33.5	15.5	49.0	* 4.1	4.7	53.6	17.9	71.6	8.7	74.9
Without dependants	40.2	21.2	61.4	4.8	5.0	66.4	105.4	171.8	7.6	38.6
Dependent student	5.1	231.1	236.3	* 4.3	40.8	277.0	215.9	492.9	14.7	56.2
Non-dependent child(b)	260.7	101.8	362.5	38.3	41.3	403.8	59.4	463.2	10.2	87.2
Other family person	45.1	22.2	67.3	6.1	7.9	75.2	109.8	184.9	10.5	40.6
Non-family member	399.1	159.4	558.5	32.3	43.3	601.8	670.7	1,272.5	7.2	47.3
Lone person Not living alone	246.3 152.8	89.7 69.7	$336.0 \\ 222.5$	16.7 15.6	21.4 21.9	$357.4 \\ 244.5$	598.7 72.0	956.1 316.5	6.0 9.0	37.4 77.2
Total	2,154.9	1,791.7	3,946.7	172.2	267.3	4,213.9	3,211.7	7,425.6	6.3	56.7
Family member	5,404,5	2,232.2	PERSON 7,636.7	NS 365.8	502.8	8,139.5	4,091.4	12,230.9	6.2	66.5
Husband, wife or partner	4,254.1	1,419.7	5,673.8	179.2	216.6	5,890.4	2,937.1	8,827.5	3.7	66.7
With children under 15	1,795.8 2,458.3	678.4 741.3	2,474.1 3,199.6	80.5 98.8	103.4 113.2	2,577.5 3,312.8	751.3 2,185.8	3,328.8 5,498.6	4.0 3.4	77.4 60.2
Without children under 15 With dependants	2,186.9	793.1	2,980.1	95.8	120.8	3,100.9	862.8	3,963.7	3.9	78.2 57.4
Without dependants	2,067.2	626.5	2,693.7	83.4	95.8	2,789.5	2,074.3	4,863.8	3.4	
Lone parent With children under 15	219.4 104.9	168.3 126.6	387.7 231.5	38.5 27.3	55.3 43.2	443.0 274.7	378.1 226.2	821.1 500.8	12.5 15.7	54.0 54.8
With dependent students but without children under 15	49.4	16.8	66.2		6.2	72.4	21.0	93.4	8.6	77.6
Without dependants	65.2	24.8	90.0	5.6 5.7	5.9	72.4 95.9	131.0	226.9	6.2	42.3
Dependent student	9.6	395.4	405.1	10.2	83.3	488.3	468.1	956.4	17.1	51.1
Non-dependent child(b)	808.2	207.4	1,015.6	118.8	125.9	1,141.5	144.2	1,285.7	11.0	88.8
Other family person	113.2	41.4	154.6	19.0	21.7	176.3	163.9	340.2	12.3	51.8
Non-family member	$1,035.9 \\ 630.3$	277.0 148.3	1,312.9 778.5	106.8 61.2	130.2 69.3	1,443.1 847.8	$1,049.3 \\ 888.8$	2,492.5 1,736.6	9.0 8.2	57.9 48.8
Lone person Not living alone	405.7	128.8	534.4	45.6	60.9	595.3	160.5	755.8	10.2	48.8
Total	6,440.5	2,509.2	8,949.7	472.6	633.0	9,582.6	5,140.7	14,723.4	6.6	65.1

(a) Civilians who were residents of private dwellings where family status was determined. See Explanatory Notes paragraphs 52 and 53. (b) Aged 15 and over.

TABLE 31. ALL FAMILIES(a): FAMILY TYPE, NUMBER OF 1	FAMILY MEMBERS AND LABOUR FORCE STATUS,
MARCH 20	02
('000 familie	s)

					(2000 fami	nes)						
	None employed			One employed			Two or	· more emp	oloyed	Total		
		One or			One or			One or			One or	
Number of family	None	more		None	more		None	more		None	more	
members of any age	unemp-	unemp-		unemp-	unemp-		unemp-	unemp-		unemp-	unemp-	
	loyed	loyed	Total	loyed	loyed	<u>Total</u>	loyed	loyed	Total	loyed	loyed	Total
	(0 <b>7</b> (	262	<b>522</b> 0		DUPLE FA					1.075.1	(0.0	
Two	697.6	26.3	723.9	296.7	42.8	339.5	880.8		880.8	1,875.1	69.0	1,944.1
Three	52.5	23.4	75.9	237.8	32.6	270.4	509.5	19.2	528.7	799.8	75.2	875.0
Four	29.6	20.7	50.3	227.9	35.1	263.0	634.7	50.7	685.4	892.2	106.5	998.7
Five	15.4	9.2	24.6	109.1	10.2	119.4	260.1	28.7	288.8	384.6	48.1	432.7
Six or more	10.9	6.3	17.3	46.6	6.2	52.8	84.5	9.8	94.4	142.1	22.4	164.5
Total	806.0	85.8	891.8	918.2	126.9	1,045.1	2,369.6	108.4	2,478.0	4,093.8	321.2	4,415.0
					MILY WI			NT				
Two	16.2	7.4	23.5	34.1	5.2	39.2	22.0		22.0	72.2	12.6	84.8
Three or more	8.4	* 3.7	12.1	16.3	* 4.1	20.4	16.6	* 1.6	18.2	41.3	9.4	50.7
Total	24.6	11.1	35.7	50.3	9.3	59.6	38.6	* 1.6	40.2	113.5	22.0	135.5
			ONE PAR	ENT FAM	ILY WIT	H A FEM	ALE PARI	ENT				
Two	102.3	25.4	127.7	152.3	9.1	161.4	48.4		48.4	303.0	34.5	337.5
Three	68.2	20.8	89.0	81.7	11.3	93.1	47.4	6.2	53.6	197.3	38.3	235.6
Four	30.6	6.5	37.1	26.7	* 2.7	29.4	14.6	* 2.2	16.8	71.9	11.4	83.3
Five or more	18.2	* 3.3	21.5	8.6	* 2.6	11.2	5.3	* 0.4	5.8	32.2	6.3	38.5
Total	219.4	55.9	275.3	269.3	25.8	295.1	115.7	8.8	124.5	604.4	90.5	694.9
			(	ONE PARI	ENT FAM	ILIES: TO	TAL					
Two	118.4	32.8	151.2	186.3	14.3	200.6	70.4		70.4	375.2	47.1	422.3
Three	73.4	22.9	96.3	94.5	14.6	109.0	59.4	7.6	67.0	227.3	45.0	272.3
Four	33.9	7.5	41.3	29.9	* 3.3	33.2	18.7	* 2.4	21.1	82.5	13.1	95.6
Five or more	18.2	* 3.9	22.1	8.9	* 2.9	11.8	5.7	* 0.4	6.2	32.9	7.2	40.1
Total	243.9	67.0	310.9	319.6	35.0	354.7	154.3	10.4	164.8	717.9	112.5	830.4
				0	THER FA	MILY						
Two	16.3	* 4.1	20.4	13.9	6.8	20.6	35.4		35.4	65.5	10.9	76.4
Three or more	* 1.0	* 0.4	* 1.3	* 0.9	* 0.0	* 0.9	* 3.0	* 0.0	* 3.0	4.9	* 0.4	5.3
Total	17.3	4.5	21.8	14.8	6.8	21.5	38.4	* 0.0	38.4	70.5	11.2	81.7
					TOTAI							
Two	832.4	63.1	895.5	496.9	63.8	560.7	986.6		986.6	2,315.8	127.0	2,442.8
Three	126.8	46.6	173.5	333.2	47.1	380.3	572.0	26.7	598.8	1,032.1	120.5	1,152.6
Four	63.4	28.1	91.6	257.8	38.4	296.2	653.4	53.2	706.5	974.6	119.7	1,094.3
Five	27.7	11.9	39.7	115.5	12.2	127.7	264.0	28.8	292.8	407.3	52.9	460.2
Six or more	16.8	7.4	24.3	49.2	7.2	56.3	86.3	10.1	96.5	152.3	24.7	177.1
Total	1,067.2	157.3	1,224.5	1,252.6	168.7	1,421.3	2,562.3	118.9	2,681.2	4,882.1	444.9	5,327.0

(a) See Explanatory Notes paragraphs 52 and 53 for details of exclusions to family tables.

## TABLE 32. ALL FAMILIES(a): FAMILY TYPE, NUMBER OF CHILDREN UNDER 15 PRESENT, NUMBER OF DEPENDANTS AND LABOUR FORCE STATUS, MARCH 2002

('000 families)

	Number of	f children und	ler 15				
	<u>Number of children under 15</u> Two or -			Numbe			
	None	One	more	Mana	0	Two or	Tetal
	NO FAMILY ME	EMBER EMP	LOYED	None	One	more	Total
Couple family One or both spouses unemployed(b)(c)	777.5 31.7	43.1 15.3	71.2 25.8	765.1 28.6	44.1 14.7	82.7 29.6	891.8 72.8
Husband unemployed, wife unemployed	11.8	* 2.7	* 3.7	9.9	* 3.2	5.2	18.3
Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour force Neither spouse unemployed(c)	16.0 745.8	11.0 27.8	20.1 45.4	14.8 736.5	10.3 29.3	22.0 53.1	47.2 819.0
One parent families Parent unemployed	66.9 5.7	$114.5 \\ 21.2$	129.6 19.0	50.5 * 1.6	115.8 21.9	144.6 22.4	310.9 45.9
Male parent unemployed	* 1.5	4.9	* 1.5	* 0.1	5.9	* 1.9	7.9
Female parent unemployed Parent not unemployed	* 4.2 61.2	16.4 93.2	17.4 110.6	* 1.5 48.9	15.9 94.0	20.5 122.2	38.0 265.0
Male parent not in the labour force	12.2	8.6	7.0	10.1	9.4	8.2	27.7
Female parent not in the labour force	49.0	84.7	103.7	38.7	84.5	114.0	237.3
Other family	21.8			21.8			21.8
Family reference person unemployed Family reference person not unemployed	* 2.3 19.5			* 2.3 19.5			* 2.3 19.5
Family reference person not in the labour force	19.5			19.5			19.5
Total	866.2	157.6	200.8	837.3	159.9	227.3	1,224.5
ONE	OR MORE FAMIL	Y MEMBER	RS EMPLOYE				
Couple family	1,979.4 68.3	588.4 23.9	955.4 30.2	1,672.5 56.2	638.4 25.6	1,212.2 40.7	3,523.1 122.5
One or both spouses unemployed(b)(c) Husband employed, wife unemployed	24.8	15.7	20.4	19.9	15.4	25.6	60.9
Husband unemployed, wife employed	35.2	7.4	8.6	30.3	8.7	12.3	51.3
Husband unemployed, wife unemployed Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour force	* 1.5 5.5	* 0.7 * 0.2	* 0.0 * 1.0	* 1.3 * 3.8	* 0.0 * 1.3	* 0.9 * 1.6	* 2.2 6.7
Neither spouse unemployed(c)	1,911.1	564.4	925.1	1,616.3	612.8	1,171.5	3,400.7
Husband employed, wife employed Husband employed, wife not in the labour force	1,328.7 352.2	367.0 172.5	550.0 348.7	$1,114.5 \\ 294.6$	393.6 183.8	737.6 394.9	2,245.7 873.3
Husband not in the labour force, wife employed	123.7	19.7	23.2	111.5	23.6	31.5	166.6
Husband not in the labour force, wife not in the labour force	99.6	5.3	* 3.2	88.8	11.8	7.5	108.1
One parent families	262.6	149.2	107.6	184.5	181.1	153.8	519.4
Parent unemployed	6.8	* 2.2	* 0.8	4.5	* 2.7	* 2.6	9.8
Parent not unemployed	255.8 47.0	$147.0 \\ 20.7$	106.8 12.6	180.0 29.6	178.5 31.4	151.2 19.3	509.7 80.3
Male parent employed Female parent employed	47.0 114.0	112.5	85.6	29.0 64.5	132.5	19.5	312.1
Male parent not in the labour force Female parent not in the labour force	17.0 77.8	* 1.2 12.5	* 0.0 8.6	16.1 69.8	* 1.3 13.3	* 0.8 15.9	18.2 99.0
Other family	59.9			59.9			59.9
Family reference person unemployed	* 4.0			* 4.0			* 4.0
Family reference person not unemployed	55.9 46.9			55.9 46.9			55.9 46.9
Family reference person employed Family reference person not in the labour force	9.1	•••		9.1			40.9 9.1
Total	2,302.0	737.5	1,063.0	1,917.0	819.5	1,366.0	4,102.5
	T	OTAL		,		,	,
Couple family One or both spouses unemployed(b)(c)	2,756.9 100.0	631.5 39.3	1,026.5 56.0	2,437.6 84.7	682.5 40.3	1,294.9 70.2	4,415.0 195.3
Husband employed, wife unemployed	24.8	15.7	20.4	19.9	15.4	25.6	60.9
Husband unemployed, wife employed Husband unemployed, wife unemployed	35.2 13.4	7.4 * 3.4	8.6 * 3.7	30.3 11.2	8.7 * 3.2	12.3 6.1	51.3 20.5
Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour force	21.6	11.2	21.1	18.6	11.6	23.7	53.9
Neither spouse unemployed(c)	2,656.9	592.2	970.5	2,352.9	642.1	1,224.7	4,219.6
Husband employed, wife employed Husband employed, wife not in the labour force	1,328.7 352.2	367.0 172.5	550.0 348.7	1,114.5 294.6	393.6 183.8	737.6 394.9	2,245.7 873.3
Husband not in the labour force, wife employed	123.7	19.7	23.2	111.5	23.6	31.5	166.6
Husband not in the labour force, wife not in the labour force	845.4	33.1	48.6	825.3	41.2	60.6	927.0
One parent families	329.5	263.6	237.2	235.0	296.9	298.4	830.4
Parent unemployed	12.5	23.4	19.7	6.1	24.5	25.1	55.7
Male parent unemployed Female parent unemployed	* 2.5 10.0	5.2 18.2	* 1.5 18.2	* 0.9 5.2	6.2 18.3	* 2.1 23.0	9.2 46.5
Parent not unemployed	317.0	240.2	217.5	228.9	272.4	273.4	774.7
Male parent employed Female parent employed	$47.0 \\ 114.0$	20.7 112.5	12.6 85.6	29.6 64.5	31.4 132.5	19.3 115.1	80.3 312.1
Male parent not in the labour force	29.2	9.8	7.0	26.2	10.7	9.0	46.0
Female parent not in the labour force	126.8	97.2	112.3	108.5	97.8	129.9	336.3
Other family	81.7			81.7			81.7
Family reference person unemployed Family reference person not unemployed	6.3 75.4			6.3 75.4			6.3 75.4
Family reference person employed	46.9			46.9			46.9
Family reference person not in the labour force	28.5			28.5			28.5
Total	3,168.1	895.1	1,263.7	2,754.3	979.4	1,593.3	5,327.0

(a) See Explanatory Notes paragraphs 52 and 53 for details of exclusions to family tables. (b) Includes a small number of families with husband not in the labour force and wife unemployed. (c) Includes same sex couples.

### **EXPLANATORY NOTES**

INTRODUCTION	<b>1</b> This publication contains estimates of the civilian labour force derived from the Labour Force Survey component of the Monthly Population Survey. Estimates of the labour force characteristics of family members and of family composition are also included.						
	<b>2</b> Estimates of the civilian labour force are available for over 77 regions across Australia and are shown in various publications produced by State offices of the ABS. These data are also available as a special data service. For details, contact any ABS office.						
	<b>3</b> Preliminary survey results are published in advance of this more detailed publication in <i>Labour Force, Australia, Preliminary</i> (6202.0).						
	<ul> <li>4 Although emphasis in the population survey is placed on the regular collection of specific data on demographic and labour force characteristics of the population, supplementary and special surveys of particular aspects of the labour force or of other subjects are carried out from time to time. Statistics from these surveys are available on request. A list of survey publications on labour force and related topics appears at the end of this publication.</li> </ul>						
CONCEPTS, SOURCES AND METHODS	<b>5</b> The conceptual framework used in Australia's Labour Force Survey aligns closely with the standards and guidelines set out in Resolutions of the International Conference of Labour Statisticians. Descriptions of the underlying concepts and structure of Australia's labour force statistics, and the sources and methods used in compiling the estimates, are presented in <i>Labour Statistics: Concepts, Sources and Methods</i> (Cat. no. 6102.0) which is also available on the ABS website www.abs.gov.au (Statistics—Statistical Concepts Library).						
MONTHLY POPULATION SURVEY	<b>6</b> The population survey is based on a multi-stage area sample of private dwellings (currently about 30,000 houses, flats, etc.) and a list sample of non-private dwellings (hotels, motels, etc.), and covers about 0.5% of the population of Australia. The information is obtained from the occupants of selected dwellings by specially trained interviewers. The information obtained relates to the week before the interview (i.e the reference week).						
	7 The interviews are generally conducted during the two weeks beginning on the Monday between the 6th and 12th of each month. Each year, to deal with operational difficulties involved with collecting and processing the Labour Force Survey around the Christmas and New Year holiday period, interviews for December start four weeks after November interviews start, and January interviews start five weeks after December interviews start. In addition, circumstances that present significant operational difficulties for survey collection can result in a change to the normal pattern for the start of interviewing.						

MONTHLY POPULATION8 Estimates from the Labour Force Survey are published first inSURVEY continuedLabour Force, Australia, Preliminary (Cat. no. 6202.0) 31 days after the<br/>commencement of interviews for that month, with the exception of<br/>estimates for each December which are published 38 days after the<br/>commencement of interviews.

TELEPHONE INTERVIEWING **9** The ABS introduced the use of telephone interviewing into the Labour Force Survey over the period August 1996 to February 1997. Households selected for the Labour Force Survey are interviewed each month for eight months, with one-eighth of the sample being replaced each month. The first interview is conducted face-to-face. Subsequent interviews are then conducted by telephone (if acceptable to the respondent). The method was phased in by switching each incoming sample group over to telephone interviewing in its second month in the survey.

**10** During the period of implementation, the new method produced different estimates than would have been obtained under the old methodology. The effect peaked in November 1996, when it is estimated that the published estimate of total employment was about 36,000 to 48,000 lower than would have been measured under the old methodology. The effect dissipated over the final months of implementation and was no longer discernible from February 1997. Therefore, the estimates for February 1997 and onwards are directly comparable to estimates for periods prior to August 1996.

**11** The Labour Force Survey includes all persons aged 15 years and over except:

- members of the permanent defence forces;
- certain diplomatic personnel of overseas governments customarily excluded from census and estimated population counts;
- overseas residents in Australia; and

SCOPE

 members of non-Australian defence forces (and their dependants) stationed in Australia.

From July 1993 Jervis Bay Territory has been excluded from the scope of the survey. Before July 1993 it was included in estimates for the Australian Capital Territory.

COVERAGE **12** In the Labour Force Survey, coverage rules are applied which aim to ensure that each person is associated with only one dwelling, and hence has only one chance of selection. The chance of a person being enumerated at two separate dwellings in the one survey is considered to be negligible. See paragraph 52 for information about the effect of the coverage rules on family statistics. COVERAGE continued **13** Persons who are away from their usual residence for six weeks or less at the time of interview are enumerated at their usual residence (relevant information may be obtained from other usual residents present at the time of the survey).

POPULATION BENCHMARKS **14** Labour Force Survey estimates of persons employed, unemployed and not in the labour force are calculated in such a way as to add up to the independently estimated distribution of the usually resident population aged 15 and over by age and sex. This procedure compensates for under-enumeration in the survey, and leads to more reliable estimates. Persons who, at the time of interview, are overseas for more than six weeks but for less than 12 months are included in the independent population statistics (benchmarks) and are thus provided for in the calculation of the estimates. The benchmarks are the latest available estimates at the time the Labour Force Survey is conducted, but they usually differ from the official population estimates subsequently published in *Australian Demographic Statistics* (3101.0) because they are derived from incomplete information about population changes.

REVISION OF POPULATION **15** Survey estimates are not revised for the usually small amendments of population benchmarks arising from new data on deaths and overseas and internal migration. Revisions are made, however, after each Census of Population and Housing, and when population estimation bases are reviewed. These revisions affect original, seasonally adjusted and trend estimates. The last such revision was made in February 1999 to take account of the results of the 1996 Census of Population and Housing. This revision affected all the monthly estimates from January 1995 to January 1999.

**16** Population benchmarks used in the estimation of Labour Force Survey data are compiled according to place of usual residence. An explanation of the place of usual residence conceptual basis for population estimates is given in *Demographic Estimates and Projections: Concepts, Sources and Methods* (3228.0) which is available on the ABS web site www.abs.gov.au under Statistical Concepts Library.

HISTORY OF THE SURVEY**17** National surveys were conducted in February, May, August and<br/>November each year from 1964 to February 1978. The survey has been<br/>conducted on a monthly basis since February 1978.

QUESTIONNAIRE CHANGES **18** The questionnaire used in the survey for the collection of labour force data has been revised from time to time. Details of these changes have been published in *Information Paper: Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force Survey* (6232.0) in March 1978, December 1981, August 1984, June 1986, June 1991, March 1993 and May 2001.

QUESTIONNAIRE CHANGES**19** From April 2001, the Labour Force Survey has been conducted using<br/>a redesigned questionnaire containing additional data items and some<br/>minor definitional changes. Core labour force series have been revised<br/>for the period April 1986 to March 2001 to ensure continuity. For further<br/>details, see Information Paper: Implementing the Redesigned Labour<br/>Force Survey Questionnaire (Cat. no. 6295.0).

TREATMENT OF FUTURE**20** Future starters are those persons who were not employed during the<br/>reference week, and were waiting to start a new job within four weeks<br/>from the end of the reference week, and could have started in the<br/>reference week if the job had been available then.

**21** The current Labour Force Survey definition of unemployed only includes the subset of future starters who had actively looked for work in the four weeks to the end of the reference week (see Glossary). However, International Labour Organisation guidelines do not require future starters to be actively looking for work in order to be classified as unemployed. Hence, the current Labour Force Survey treatment of future starters is not fully consistent with the International Labour Organisation standards because the precondition of active job search is not waived, with the result that some future starters are defined as not in the labour force.

22 ABS considers that the Labour Force Survey definition of unemployed should be aligned with International Labour Organisation recommendations for the treatment of future starters (that is, all future starters should be classified as unemployed). The redesigned questionnaire introduced in April 2001 provides for the more complete identification of future starters to support this definitional change. However, due to concerns that such a change could possibly result in a break in the core labour force series, ABS decided to postpone implementation of this change until early 2004, when historical series will be revised to align with new benchmarks from the 2001 Population Census. This delay provides the time necessary to monitor the likely impact on core series of the changed treatment of future starters, using data from the redesigned questionnaire from April 2001 onwards. Analysis of data from the March 2002 Labour Force Survey shows that an estimated 19,500 future starters were not actively looking for work, and hence were classified as not in the labour force.

INCLUSION OF CONTRIBUTING FAMILY WORKERS **23** In April 1986, the questionnaire was revised following the extension of the definition of employed persons to include persons who worked without pay between 1–14 hours per week in a family business or on a farm (i.e. contributing family workers). This definition aligned the Australian labour force concepts with the set of definitions adopted by the 13th International Conference of Labour Statisticians in October 1982.

INCLUSION OF24 Previously, contributing family workers who worked 1–14 hours, or<br/>who had such a job but were not at work, were defined as either<br/>unemployed or not in the labour force, depending on whether they were<br/>actively looking for work. In order to assist users to assess the impact of<br/>the change, estimates for March 1986 based on the new definition were<br/>shown in footnotes to tables 1 and 2 of the February, March and April<br/>1987 issues of this publication.

COMPARABILITY OF SERIES **25** As a result of changes in coding methods, estimates classified by industry, occupation and status in employment data from February 2000 onwards are not strictly comparable with earlier periods. For details on the changes to industry and occupation refer to the article in the November 1999 issue of this publication. For details of the change to status in employment see the article in the May 2000 issue of this publication.

**26** From December 1989 onwards, the category *Other families* was split into *One-parent families* and *Other families*. In March 1994, *Relationship in bousehold* and *Family type* classifications were introduced to align with ABS standards. From April 2001, same sex couples are included in couple families; previously these persons were included in *One-parent families* or as a *Non-family member*.

**27** Estimates of the number of families in this publication are not strictly comparable with those in publications prior to the April 1986 issue. This is due to the adoption of a weighting procedure where the weight for a family is determined using an average of the weights for all family members responding to the Labour Force Survey. Previously, the weight used to derive estimates of the number of families was determined by nomination of a proxy 'head of household' as representative of the family. Additional tables were included in the April 1986 issue of this publication to show the impact of this new procedure.

SURVEY SAMPLE REDESIGN **28** Following each Population Census, the ABS reselects the Labour Force Survey sample to take into account the new information which is obtained from the Census. The sample that was used in the Labour Force Survey from September 1992 to August 1997 has been replaced by a new sample selected using information collected in the 1996 Census. The new sample was phased in over the period September 1997 to April 1998. For additional information, see *Information Paper: Labour Force Survey Sample Design* (6269.0).

# SURVEY SAMPLE REDESIGN continued

**29** The sampling fractions for each State/Territory differ in order to yield reliable estimates of the main labour force aggregates for each State and Territory. The sampling fractions for the current sample together with the sampling fractions determined from the 1991 Census are:

	1991 Census redesign	1996 Census redesign
New South Wales	1 in 277	1 in 300
Victoria	1 in 242	1 in 257
Queensland	1 in 195	1 in 222
South Australia	1 in 139	1 in 147
Western Australia	1 in 146	1 in 160
Tasmania	1 in 75	1 in 83
Northern Territory	1 in 75	1 in 85
Australian Capital Territory	1 in 75	1 in 85

#### RELIABILITY OF THE ESTIMATES

**30** Estimates in this publication are subject to two sources of error:

- sampling error: since the estimates are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings they, and the movements derived from them, may differ from the figures that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey. More information on this topic is given in the Technical Notes; and
- non-sampling error: inaccuracies may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents and interviewers and errors made in coding and processing data. These inaccuracies may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures.

DIFFERENCES BETWEEN LABOUR FORCE SURVEY ESTIMATES AND OTHER ESTIMATES **31** The results of the 1996 Census of Population and Housing show that labour force estimates derived from the Census differ from those derived from the Labour Force Survey.

**32** The broad concepts underlying the measures of the labour force and its components, employment and unemployment, are similar in the Census and the survey.

**33** There are considerable differences in both the collection methodology adopted (including the detailed questions asked) and estimation procedures. Factors contributing to differences in estimates include under-enumeration in the Population Census for which census labour force estimates have not been adjusted, the use in the Labour Force Survey of population benchmarks derived from incomplete information about population change (see paragraph 14), the inclusion of permanent defence forces in census estimates, the personal interview approach adopted in the survey as opposed to self-enumeration of census schedules, differing questions used to determine labour force characteristics, and differing methods of adjustment for non-response to the survey or Census.

DIFFERENCES BETWEEN LABOUR FORCE SURVEY ESTIMATES AND OTHER ESTIMATES continued **34** The Labour Force Survey provides detailed and up-to-date estimates of employment and unemployment for Australia, States and regions, whereas the Census of Population and Housing provides counts for small areas but in less detail than is available from the survey.

**35** These considerations should be borne in mind when comparisons are made between Population Census and Labour Force Survey estimates.

**36** Comparability with estimates produced from the quarterly Survey of Employment and Earnings is affected by the use of a different survey methodology and definitions. The Labour Force Survey provides estimates of people in jobs whereas the Survey of Employment and Earnings provides an estimate of the number of jobs held by employees. A more detailed description of the differences between these two series is available on request.

SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT
 37 Seasonally adjusted series are published in tables 2, 8 and 24.
 Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effects of other influences on the series can be recognised more clearly. Seasonal adjustment does not remove the irregular or non-seasonal influences which may be present in any particular month. This means that month-to-month movements of the seasonally adjusted estimates may not be reliable indicators of trend behaviour. For example, irregular factors unrelated to the trend account for more than half the seasonally adjusted movement in series at the Australia level, with the following frequency:

Series	Monthly movements
Employment	6 in 10
Unemployment	8 in 10
Unemployment rate	8 in 10
Participation rate	9 in 10

**38** Seasonal factors are reviewed annually to take account of each additional year's original data. The results of the latest annual review were used to compile the seasonally adjusted and trend estimates given in this publication. Information about the most recent annual review of seasonal factors was published in a feature article in the February 2002 issue of this publication

TREND ESTIMATION **39** Smoothing seasonally adjusted series produces a measure of trend by reducing the impact of the irregular component of the series. The monthly trend estimates are derived by applying a 13-term Henderson-weighted moving average to all months except the last six. The last six monthly trend estimates are obtained by applying surrogates of the Henderson average to the seasonally adjusted series. Quarterly trend estimates (e.g. employment by industry) are derived by applying a 7-term Henderson moving average to the seasonally adjusted series. The 7-term Henderson average also uses surrogate forms of the average as the end of a time series is approached. Unlike the surrogate weights of the 13-term Henderson used on monthly data, the weights employed here are tailored to suit the particular characteristics of individual series. These trend series are used to analyse the underlying behaviour of the series over time. Trend series graphs are shown on pages 4 to 7 with the trend series published in tables 3, 9 and 24. Long term data are available

**40** While this smoothing technique enables estimates to be produced which include the latest month, it does result in revisions to the most recent months as additional observations become available. Generally, subsequent revisions become smaller, and after three months or two quarters have a negligible impact on the series. There will also be revisions as a result of the annual review of seasonal factors mentioned above in paragraph 38.

on the ABS on-line data dissemination service, AusStats.

**41** Trend estimates for the Australian Capital Territory and the Northern Territory are published in table 9. Original estimates for the two Territories have shown, historically, a high degree of variability, which can lead to considerable revisions to the seasonally adjusted estimates after each annual seasonal factor re-analysis. Seasonally adjusted estimates are not currently published for the two Territories. The most recent six months trend estimates are subject to revision. For the three most recent months, the revision may be relatively large. Inferences about trends drawn from smoothed seasonally adjusted (trend) estimates for months earlier than the latest three months are unlikely to be affected by month-to-month revisions. They may, however, be revised as a result of the annual re-analysis of seasonal factors.

**42** Users may wish to refer to the ABS publication *A Guide to Interpreting Time Series* — *Monitoring 'Trends' an Overview (1348.0)* for further information about trend estimates. Details of the trend weighting patterns are available on request from the Assistant Director, Time Series Analysis on Canberra 02 6252 6345.

MONTH-TO-MONTH**43** Care should be taken in the interpretation of month-to-monthMOVEMENTSmovements in these estimates. Survey estimates are subject to sampling<br/>and non-sampling variability as explained in paragraph 30.

In order to minimise respondent load and at the same time maintain continuity within the population survey sample, one-eighth of the dwellings are replaced after each survey. Adoption of this rotation procedure, whereby about seven-eighths of the sample remains unchanged from one month to the next, enables more reliable measurements of changes in the labour force characteristics of the population to be made than would be possible if a new sample were introduced each month.

**45** Because a high proportion of private dwellings selected in one survey remains in the sample for the following survey, it is possible to match the characteristics of most of the persons in those dwellings from one month to the next, to record any changes that occur, and hence to produce estimates of flows between the different categories of the population and labour force.

The procedures used to select persons in non-private dwellings preclude the possibility of matching any of them who may be included in successive surveys. The mobility of the population and non-response in either or both surveys means that about 10% of persons in private dwellings which are included in the sample in successive months cannot be matched. The introduction of the new sample means less persons will be common between August, September and October 1997. Normally those who can be matched represent about 80% of all persons in the survey.

Changes in the characteristics of this latter group are shown in the gross flows table (table 28). About two-thirds of the remaining (unmatched) 20% of persons in the survey are likely to have characteristics similar to those in the matched group, but the characteristics of the other third are likely to be somewhat different.

Gross flow estimates relate only to those persons in private dwellings for whom information was obtained in successive surveys. The expansion factors used in calculating the estimates were those applying to the second of each pair of months. Note that the estimates have not been adjusted to account for the unmatched sample component.

Although it is not possible to provide gross flow estimates for all persons in the survey it is considered that the estimates derived from matched records will be a useful guide to the proportions of the movements between categories which underlie the changes in monthly levels. When comparing flows for different periods it is important to take into account the population represented by the matched sample, as shown in the last line of the table.

GROSS FLOWS continued **50** While every effort is made to reduce non-sampling errors to a minimum, any such errors affecting labour force status will tend to accumulate in the gross flow statistics rather than to cancel out. The estimates are also subject to sampling variability, as explained in the Technical Notes. For these reasons the estimates of flows should be used with caution. The standard errors may be obtained from table A of the Technical Notes.

LABOUR FORCE STATUS**51** As a part of survey procedures, family relationships are determined<br/>each month, enabling both the estimation of persons cross-classified by<br/>their relationship in the household and the estimation of families. This<br/>publication contains tables showing the labour force status and family<br/>status of individuals and families classified by family type, number of<br/>family members, the labour force status of persons within families, the<br/>number of children under 15 present, and the number of dependants<br/>present.

**52** Because of the survey coverage rules, persons who usually live with other members of their family may, at the time of the survey, be enumerated as not living with all the usual members of their family. This situation is more likely for persons who are enumerated as visitors to other private dwellings or as persons staying in non-private dwellings (hotels, hospitals, etc.). The determination of family structure and family characteristics in such cases is difficult. Thus, survey questions used to determine family relationships are restricted to persons enumerated as usual residents of private dwellings. That is, the following persons are excluded:

- all persons enumerated in non-private dwellings (including hotels, motels, hospitals and other institutions); and
- persons enumerated as visitors to (rather than usual residents of) private dwellings.

**53** In addition, in those households where it is not possible to obtain information relating to all the usual residents, no family information is recorded. Thus persons living in households which include a member of the permanent defence forces, who is outside the scope of the population survey, are excluded from survey questions used to determine family relationships because family information could not be obtained from each usual resident. Similarly, households which, at the time of the survey, have one or more of their usual residents away for more than six weeks, are excluded from the family relationship questions. This also applies to households from which an incomplete or inadequate questionnaire was obtained for any usual resident in on scope and coverage. A summary of those persons for whom family information is obtained as well as those usual residents of private dwellings for whom complete family information cannot be obtained, and those persons specifically excluded from the family determination procedures is contained in the family tables. Generally, relationship in household is determined for more than 90% of all civilians aged 15 and over.

#### BIRTHPLACE 54 From April 1991, labour force birthplace data are aggregated according to major groups of the Standard Australian Classification of Countries (SACC) (1269.0) and its predecessor. The SACC was developed by the ABS for use whenever demographic, labour and social statistics are classified by countries. 55 The SACC major groups are based on the concept of geographic proximity. They differ from the country groups presented in this publication prior to April 1991. For example, African countries are now covered by 'The Middle East and North Africa' and 'Africa (excluding North Africa)', while Asia has been split into 'Southeast Asia', 'Northeast Asia' and 'Southern Asia'. Data for selected individual countries will continue to be available in this publication. INDUSTRY 56 From August 1994, Labour Force Survey industry data are classified according to the Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC), a detailed description of which appears in ANZSIC 1993 (1292.0). Like the previous Australian Standard Industrial Classification (ASIC), ANZSIC classifies businesses according to their economic activities, in a structure consisting of 4 levels (Division, Subdivision, Group and Class). Labour Force Survey data are coded at the Group level, as was the practice under ASIC. 57 To enable the conversion of historical data from ASIC to ANZSIC for the period November 1984 to May 1994, a concordance was published in the August 1994 issue of this publication and in the Information Paper - Labour Force Survey: Introduction of ANZSIC for Industry Data (Replacement Publication) (6259.0). It has been found that the concordance, which was based on preliminary investigations, did not provide the most appropriate conversion for certain Group level industries. An improved concordance has now been applied to historical Labour Force Survey estimates. This concordance was published in an appendix to the May 1996 issue of this publication, and in a further issue of the above Information Paper. For further information about the new concordance or the availability of data, contact Mark Webb on Canberra 02 6252 6525. **OCCUPATION** 58 From August 1996, Labour Force Survey occupation data are classified according to the Australian Standard Classification of Occupations (ASCO) Second Edition, a detailed description of which appears in ASCO — Australian Standard Classification of Occupations, Second Edition (1220.0). The new version of the classification replaces ASCO First Edition, which was adopted in the survey in August 1986. Like ASCO First Edition, ASCO Second Edition is a skill-based classification of occupation. However, the structure of ASCO Second Edition comprises five hierarchical levels (Major Group, Sub-Major Group, Minor Group, Unit Group and Occupation) compared with four levels in ASCO First Edition (Major Group, Minor Group, Unit Group and Occupation). Under ASCO Second Edition, Labour Force Survey data are coded to the Unit Group level, as was the practice under ASCO First Edition.

ADDITIONAL DATA	<b>59</b> Some information is collected in the Labour Force Survey only four months each year in February, May, August, November. For these months, additional tables are included in this publication which present data for:
	<ul> <li>employed persons classified by industry, occupation and status in employment;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>part-time workers' preference to work more hours; and</li> </ul>
	• the last job details of unemployed persons.
RELATED PUBLICATIONS	<b>60</b> Users may also wish to refer to the following publications which relate to the labour force and are available on request:
	Labour Force, Australia, Preliminary (6202.0) — issued monthly
	Labour Statistics: Concepts, Sources and Methods (Cat. no. 6102.0)
	Labour Force, Teenage Employment and Unemployment, Australia, Preliminary - Data Report (6202.0.40.001) — issued monthly
	Labour Force, Selected Summary Tables, Australia (6291.0.40.001) — issued monthly
	Labour Force, Australia, 1978 – 1995 (6204.0)
	Labour Force Projections, Australia: 1999 to 2016 (6260.0)
	Labour Force, New South Wales and Australian Capital Territory (6201.1) — issued quarterly
	Labour Force, Victoria (6202.2) — issued quarterly
	Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families, Australia (6224.0) — issued annually
	Wage and Salary Earners, Australia (6248.0) — issued quarterly
	Information Paper: Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force Survey (6232.0)
	Information Paper: Labour Force Survey Sample Design (6269.0)
	Information Paper: Regional Labour Force Statistics (6262.0)
	Information Paper: Implementing the Redesigned Labour Force Survey Questionnaire (6295.0)
	A Guide to Interpreting Time Series – Monitoring "Trends" An Overview (1348.0)

RELATED PUBLICATIONS continued	Labour Force Survey: Introduction of ANZSIC for Industry data (Replacement publication) (6259.0)					
	Directory of Labour Market and Social Survey Data (Choosing data from the ABS Household Survey Program) (1135.0).					
	<b>61</b> Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the <i>Catalogue of Publications and Products, Australia</i> (1101.0). The ABS also issues, on Tuesdays and Fridays, a <i>Release Advice</i> (1105.0) which lists publications to be released in the next few days. The Catalogue and Release Advice are available from any ABS office or from the ABS Information Service on the ABS web site www.abs.gov.au.					
DATA AVAILABLE ON REQUEST	<b>62</b> As well as statistics included in this publication, the ABS may have other relevant data available. Inquiries should be made to Mark Webb on Canberra 02 6252 6525 or any ABS office.					
ROUNDING	<b>63</b> Estimates have been rounded and discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.					
SYMBOLS AND OTHER USAGES	<ul> <li>subject to sampling variability too high for most practical uses. See paragraph 7 of the Technical Notes</li> <li>not available</li> <li>not applicable</li> <li>not elsewhere classified</li> <li>r revised</li> </ul>					

#### **TECHNICAL NOTES 1** A new sample for the Labour Force Survey has been phased in over the period September 1997 to April 1998. For information about the sample design see *Information Paper: Labour Force Survey Sample Design* (6269.0).

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE 2 The labour force estimates are derived from the population survey by use of a complex ratio estimation procedure, which ensures that the survey estimates conform to an independently estimated distribution of the population by age and sex, rather than to the age and sex distribution within the sample itself.

RELIABILITY OF THE 3 Two types of error are possible in an estimate based on a sample **ESTIMATES** survey: sampling error and non-sampling error. The sampling error is a measure of the variability that occurs by chance because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed. Since the estimates in this publication are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings they, and the movements derived from them, are subject to sampling variability; that is, they may differ from the estimates that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the surveys. One measure of the likely difference is given by the standard error, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included. There are about two chances in three that the estimate that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included will differ by less than one standard error from a sample estimate, and about nineteen chances in twenty that the difference will be less than two standard errors. Another measure of sampling variability is the *relative standard error* which is obtained by expressing the standard error as a percentage of the estimate to which it refers. The relative standard error is a useful measure in that it provides an immediate indication of the percentage errors likely to have occurred due to sampling, and thus avoids the need to refer also to the size of the estimate.

**4** The imprecision due to sampling variability, which is measured by the standard error, should not be confused with inaccuracies that may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents, errors made in collection such as in recording and coding data, and errors made in processing the data. Inaccuracies of this kind are referred to as the *non-sampling error* and they may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. It is not possible to quantify non-sampling error, but every effort is made to reduce it to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures. For the examples in paragraph 9 it is assumed to be zero. In practice, the potential for non-sampling error adds to the uncertainty of the estimates caused by sampling variability.

RELIABILITY OF THE ESTIMATES continued

**5** Space does not allow for the separate indication of the standard errors of all estimates in this publication. Standard errors of estimates for the latest month and of estimates of movements since the previous month are shown in table 1. Standard errors of other estimates and other monthly movements should be determined by using tables A and B.

**6** The size of the standard error increases with the level of the estimate, so that the larger the estimate the larger is the standard error. However, it should be noted that the larger the sample estimate the smaller will be the standard error in percentage terms. Thus, larger sample estimates will be relatively more reliable than smaller estimates.

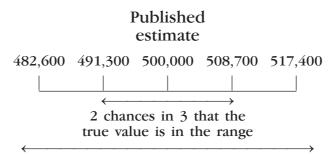
**7** As the standard errors in table A show, *the smaller the estimate the bigber is the relative standard error*. Very small estimates are subject to such high standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) as to detract seriously from their value for most reasonable uses. In the tables in this publication, only estimates with relative standard errors of 25% or less, and percentages based on such estimates, are considered sufficiently reliable for most purposes. However, estimates and percentages with larger relative standard errors have been included and are preceded by an asterisk (e.g. \*3.4) to indicate they are subject to high standard errors and should be used with caution.

8 The movement in the level of an estimate is also subject to sampling variability. The standard error of the movement depends on the levels of the estimates from which the movement is obtained rather than the size of the movement. An indication of the magnitude of standard errors of monthly movements is given in table B. The estimates of standard error of monthly movements apply only to estimates of movements between two consecutive months. Movements between corresponding months of consecutive quarters (quarterly movements), corresponding months of consecutive years (annual movements) and other non-consecutive months, will generally be subject to somewhat greater sampling variability than is indicated in table B. Standard errors of quarterly movements can be obtained by multiplying the figures in table A by 1.04. Standard errors of all six monthly movements can be obtained by multiplying the figures in table A by 1.28. When using table A or table B to calculate standard errors of movements, refer to the larger of the two estimates from which the movement is derived.

RELIABILITY OF THE ESTIMATES continued

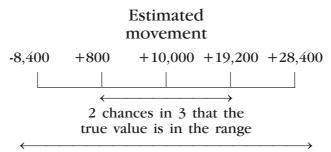
**9** Examples of the calculation and use of standard errors are given below:

Consider an estimate for Australia of 500,000 employed persons aged 15–19 years. By referring to table A, in the row for an estimate of 500,000 and the column for Australia, a standard error of 8,700 is obtained. There are about two chances in three that the true value (the number that would have been obtained if the whole population had been included in the survey) is within the range 491,300 to 508,700. There are about nineteen chances in twenty that the true value is in the range 482,600 to 517,400.



19 chances in 20 that the true value is in this range

Consider estimates for females employed part time in Australia of 1,390,000 in one month and 1,400,000 in the next month. This represents an upward movement of 10,000. By referring to table B for the larger estimate of 1,400,000, a movement standard error of 9,200 is obtained (after applying linear interpolation and rounding). Therefore, there are about two chances in three that the true movement is in the range +800 to +19,200 and about nineteen chances in twenty that the true movement is in the range -8,400 to +28,400.



19 chances in 20 that the true value is in this range

RELIABILITY OF THE ESTIMATES continued

**10** The relative standard errors of estimates of *aggregate hours worked*, *average hours worked*, *average duration of unemployment*, and *median duration of unemployment* are obtained by first finding the relative standard error of the estimate of the total number of persons contributing to the estimate (see table A) and then multiplying the figure so obtained by the following relevant factors:

- aggregate hours worked: 1.4;
- average hours worked: 0.9;
- average duration of unemployment: 1.5; and
- median duration of unemployment: 1.7.

The levels at which these and other labour force estimates have a relative standard error of 25% are shown in table C.

**11** The following is an example of the calculation of standard errors where the use of a factor is required:

Consider a median duration of unemployment for Australia of 30 weeks, with an estimate of 1,000,000 persons unemployed. Table A gives the standard error as 11,350 which is 1.1% as a *relative standard error*. The factor of 1.7 (see paragraph 10) is applied to the relative standard error of 1.1% to obtain 1.9%. Therefore the *standard error* for the median duration of unemployment is 1.9% of 30 weeks, i.e. about half of one week. So there are two chances in three that the median duration of unemployment is between 29.5 and 30.5 weeks, and about nineteen chances in twenty that it is between 29 and 31 weeks.

**12** Proportions and percentages (for example, unemployment rates) formed from the ratio of two estimates are also subject to sampling error. The size of the error depends on the accuracy of both the numerator and denominator. The formula for the relative standard error (RSE) of a proportion or percentage is given below:

RSE 
$$(x / y) = \sqrt{[RSE (x)]^2 - [RSE (y)]^2}$$

**13** Standard errors contained in tables A and B are designed to provide an average standard error applicable for all monthly Labour Force Survey estimates. Analysis of the standard errors applicable to particular survey estimates has shown that the standard errors of estimates of employment are generally 5% lower than those shown in tables A and B, while standard errors for estimates of unemployment and persons not in the labour force are both approximately 4% higher than those shown in the tables.

#### STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES FROM SEPTEMBER 1997(a)

	NSW	Vic.	Qld	SA	WA	Tas.	NT	ACT	Aust.	
Size of										
estimate	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	%
100						100	100	130		
200				210	210	140	130	160	140	70.0
300	220	230	310	250	260	160	150	180	180	60.0
500	320	320	390	310	330	200	190	210	270	54.0
700	400	390	460	360	380	230	220	240	340	48.6
1 000	520	490	540	410	450	270	250	270	440	44.0
1 500	670	620	650	490	540	320	290	310	570	38.0
2 000	800	740	740	550	610	360	330	340	700	35.0
2 500	900	850	800	600	650	400	350	350	800	32.0
3 000	1 000	900	900	650	700	400	400	400	900	30.0
3 500	1 100	1 000	950	700	750	450	400	400	950	27.1
4 000	1 200	1 050	1 000	750	800	450	450	450	1 050	26.3
5 000	1 350	1 200	1 100	800	900	500	450	500	1 200	24.0
7 000	1 600	1 400	1 300	900	1 050	600	550	550	1 450	20.7
10 000	1 900	1 650	1 500	1 050	1 200	700	600	600	1 700	17.0
15 000	2 300	1 950	1 800	1 250	1 400	800	700	750	2 100	14.0
20 000	2 600	2 200	2 050	1 400	1 550	900	800	800	2 450	12.3
30 000	3 100	2 600	2 400	1 650	1 850	1 050	900	950	2 950	9.8
40 000	3 450	2 900	2 750	1 850	2 050	1 150	1 000	1 100	3 300	8.3
50 000	3 700	3 100	3 000	2 050	2 200	1 250	1 100	1 200	3 650	7.3
100 000	4 600	3 900	4 000	2 700	2 850	1 600	1 400	1 650	4 750	4.8
150 000	5 250	4 550	4 700	3 200	3 300	1 900	1 600	1 950	5 500	3.7
200 000	5 750	5 100	5 300	3 550	3 650	2 100	1 800	2 250	6 150	3.1
300 000	6 700	6 050	6 250	4 200	4 150	2 450		2 700	7 150	2.4
500 000	8 350	7 550	7 650	5 100	4 950	2 900			8 700	1.7
1 000 000	11 650	10 600	10 000	6 700	6 150				11 350	1.1
2 000 000	17 150	15 400	13 050	8 750	7 600				15 000	0.8
5 000 000	30 750	26 500	18 400						23 000	0.5
10 000 000									40 350	0.4

(a) For standard errors for earlier period, see previous issues of this publication.

STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES OF MONTHLY MOVEMENTS FOR OCTOBER 1997 TO NOVEMBER 1997 ONWARDS(a)

Size of	NOW	. "	<i></i>	0.4	14/4	-		107	
larger estimate	NSW	Vic.	Qld	SA	WA	Tas.	NT	ACT	Aust.
100						100	90	100	310
200			330	210	270	130	110	130	400
300	490	400	380	240	300	150	130	140	460
500	580	480	450	280	360	180	160	170	550
700	650	530	500	320	400	200	180	190	630
1 000	730	600	570	360	450	220	210	210	710
1 500	840	690	660	420	520	260	240	240	820
2 000	920	760	730	460	570	280	270	270	910
2 500	1 000	820	780	500	610	310	300	290	980
3 000	1 060	880	840	530	650	330	320	310	1 050
4 000	1 170	970	920	590	720	360	360	340	1 160
5 000	1 260	1 040	1 000	630	770	390	390	360	1 260
7 000	1 410	1 170	1 120	710	860	440	440	400	1 420
10 000	1 590	1 320	1 270	810	970	500	500	450	1 610
15 000	1 820	1 520	1 460	930	1 110	570	590	520	1 860
20 000	2 010	1 670	1 610	1 030	1 220	630	660	570	2 060
30 000	2 300	1 920	1 860	1 190	1 390	730	770	650	2 380
50 000	2 740	2 290	2 220	1 420	1 650	870	930	760	2 850
70 000	3 060	2 560	2 490	1 600	1840	980	1 060	850	3 210
100 000	3 460	2 890	2 820	1 810	2 070	1 100	1 210	960	3 650
150 000	3 960	3 320	3 240	2 080	2 360	1 270	1 410	1 090	4 210
200 000	4 370	3 670	3 580	2 300	2 600	1 400	1 580	1 200	4 670
300 000	5 000	4 210	4 120	2 660	2 970	1 610		1 370	5 390
500 000	5 950	5 010	4 920	3 180	3 520	1 930			6 470
1 000 000	7 510	6 340	6 260	4 050	4 420				8 270
2 000 000	9 490	8 030	7 960	5 160	5 550				10 580
5 000 000	12 920	10 970	10 930						14 660
10 000 000									18 750

(a) For standard errors for earlier periods, see previous issues of this publication.

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Α

В

## С

## LEVELS AT WHICH LABOUR FORCE ESTIMATES HAVE A RELATIVE STANDARD ERROR OF 25%(a) FROM SEPTEMBER 1997(b)

	NSW	Vic.	Qld	SA	WA	Tas.	NT	ACT	Aust.
Estimates (c) of			-						
Aggregate hours worked	10 600	8 200	7 200	4 000	4 800	1 800	1 500	1 800	8 700
Average hours worked	4 600	3 800	3 700	2 000	2 400	800	700	1 000	3 500
Average duration of unemployment	10 400	9 600	7 300	4 100	5 000	1 800	1 100	1 900	10 400
Median duration of unemployment	16 800	12 700	10 800	6 000	7 200	2 800	2 500	2 600	14 300
All other estimates	5 900	4 500	4 100	2 400	2 800	1 100	1 000	1 100	4 400

(a) See Technical Notes, paragraph 10-11. (b) For standard errors for earlier periods, see previous issues of this publication. (c) The entries \_\_\_\_\_\_ in this table refer to the number of persons contributing to the estimate.

#### GLOSSARY

Actively looking for work	Includes writing, telephoning or applying in person to an employer for work; answering an advertisement for a job; checking factory noticeboards or the touchscreens at Centrelink offices; being registered with Centrelink as a jobseeker; checking or registering with any other employment agency; advertising or tendering for work; and contacting friends or relatives.
Aggregate hours worked	The total number of hours a group of employed persons has actually worked during the reference week, not necessarily hours paid for.
Attending school	Persons aged 15-19 years enrolled at secondary or high school in the reference week.
Attending tertiary educational institution full time	Persons aged 15–24 years who, were enrolled full time at a TAFE college, university, or other educational institution in the reference week, except those persons aged 15-19 years who were still attending school.
Average duration of unemployment	For a group of unemployed persons, the aggregate duration of unemployment divided by the number of persons in the group.
Average family size	For any group of families, the total number of family members divided by the number of families in the group.
Average hours worked	Aggregate hours worked by a group divided by the number of persons in that group.
Birthplace	From April 1991, classified according to the <i>Standard Australian Classification of Countries (SACC)</i> (1269.0).
Civilian population aged 15 years and over	All usual residents of Australia aged 15 years and over except members of the permanent defence forces, certain diplomatic personnel of overseas governments customarily excluded from census and estimated population counts, overseas residents in Australia, and members of non-Australian defence forces (and their dependants) stationed in Australia.
Contributing family worker	A person who works without pay, in an economic enterprise operated by a relative. (This category was formerly entitled unpaid family helper).
Couple families	A family based on two persons who are in a registered or de-facto marriage and who are usually resident in the same household.
Dependent child	Any child in a family under 15 years of age or aged 15-24 years who is a full-time student (except those who have a partner or child of their own usually resident in the household).
Dependent student	A child who is 15-24 years of age and who attends a secondary school, or tertiary educational institution as a full-time student, and who has no partner or child of his or her own usually resident in the same household.

- **Duration of unemployment** The elapsed period to the end of the reference week since a person began looking for work, or since a person last worked for two weeks or more, whichever is the shorter. Brief periods of work (of less than two weeks) since the person began looking for work are disregarded.
  - **Employed** Persons aged 15 years and over who, during the reference week:
    - worked for one hour or more for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind, in a job or business or on a farm (comprising employees, employers and own account workers); or
    - worked for one hour or more without pay in a family business or on a farm (i.e. contributing family workers); or
    - were employees who had a job but were not at work and were:
      - away from work for less than four weeks up to the end of the reference week; or
      - away from work for more than four weeks up to the end of the reference week and received pay for some or all of the four week period to the end of the reference week; or
      - away from work as a standard work or shift arrangement; or
      - on strike or locked out; or
      - on workers' compensation and expected to return to their job; or
    - were employers or own account workers who had a job, business or farm, but were not at work.
  - **Employee** A person who works for a public or private employer and receives remuneration in wages, salary, a retainer fee by their employer while working on a commission basis, tips, piece-rates or payment in kind, or a person who operates his or her own incorporated enterprise with or without hiring employees.
  - **Employer** A person who operates his or her own unincorporated economic enterprise or engages independently in a profession or trade, and hires one or more employees.

# Employment/populationFor any group, the number of employed persons expressed as a<br/>percentage of the civilian population aged 15 years and over in the same<br/>group.

**Family** Two or more persons, one of whom is at least 15 years of age, who are related by blood, marriage (registered or de facto), adoption, step or fostering; and who are usually resident in the same household. The basis of a family is formed by identifying the presence of a couple relationship, lone parent-child relationship or other blood relationship. Some households will, therefore, contain more than one family.

- **Family reference person** In families which are not couple families or one parent families, as defined, the family reference person is the eldest person in the household (this was formerly entitled family head).
  - **Former workers** Unemployed persons who have previously worked for two weeks or more but not in the past two years.
  - **Full-time workers** Employed persons who usually worked 35 hours or more a week (in all jobs) and those who, although usually working less than 35 hours a week, worked 35 hours or more during the reference week.
    - **Household** A group of one or more persons in a private dwelling who consider themselves to be separate from other persons (if any) in the dwelling, and who make regular provision to take meals separately from other persons, i.e. at different times or in different rooms. Lodgers who receive accommodation but not meals are treated as separate households. Boarders who receive both accommodation and meals are not treated as separate households. A household may consist of any number of families and non-family members.
      - IndustryFrom August 1994, classified according to the Australian and NewZealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC) 1993 (1292.0).
    - Job leavers Unemployed persons who have worked for two weeks or more in the past two years and *left that job voluntarily*, for example, because of unsatisfactory work arrangements/pay/hours; the job was a holiday job or they left the job to return to studies; or their last job was running their own business and they closed down or sold that business for reasons other than financial difficulties.
    - **Job losers** Unemployed persons who have worked for two weeks or more in the past two years and *left that job involuntarily*, that is, were laid off or retrenched from that job, left that job because of their own ill-health or injury, the job was seasonal or temporary; or their last job was running their own business and the business closed down because of financial difficulties.
    - Labour force For any group, persons who were employed or unemployed, as defined.
  - Labour force statusA classification of the civilian population aged 15 years and over into<br/>employed, unemployed or not in the labour force, as defined. The<br/>definitions conform closely to the international standard definitions<br/>adopted by the International Conferences of Labour Statisticians.
    - **Lone parent** A person who has no spouse or partner present in the household but who forms a parent-child relationship with at least one dependent or non-dependent child usually resident in the household.
    - **Lone person** A person who makes provision for their food and other essentials for living, without combining with any other person to form part of a multi-person household. They may live in a dwelling on their own or share a dwelling with another individual or family.

Long-term unemployed Persons unemployed for a period of 52 weeks or more.

Main English speaking<br/>countriesThe United Kingdom, Ireland, South Africa, Canada, the United States of<br/>America and New Zealand.

- Marital status A person is classified as married (husband, wife or partner) if they are living with another person of the same or opposite sex in either a registered or de facto marriage. The not married category comprises persons who live alone or with other family members, those in shared accommodation, and persons who, although reported as married, did not have a spouse or partner who usually lived in the household.
- Median duration of<br/>unemploymentThe duration which divides unemployed persons into two equal groups,<br/>one comprising persons whose duration of unemployment is above the<br/>median, and the other, persons whose duration is below it.
- **Non-dependent child** A child of a couple or lone parent usually resident in the household, aged over 15 years and who is not a dependent student aged 15-24 years, and who has no partner or child of their own usually resident in the household.
- **Non-family member** A person who is not related to any other member of the household in which they are living.
- **Not in the labour force** Persons who were not in the categories employed or unemployed as defined.

OccupationFrom August 1996, classified according to the Australian Standard<br/>Classification of Occupations, Second Edition 1996 (Cat. no. 1220.0).<br/>See Information Paper: ASCO – Australian Standard Classification of<br/>Occupations (1221.0).

- **One-parent family** A family consisting of a lone parent with at least one dependent or non-dependent child (regardless of age) who is also usually resident in the household.
  - **Other family** Related individuals residing in the same household who do not form a couple or parent-child relationship with any other person in the household and are not attached to a couple or one parent family in the household. If two brothers, for example, are living together and neither is a spouse, a lone parent or a child, then they are classified as other family.
- **Own-account worker** A person who operates his or her own unincorporated economic enterprise or engages independently in a profession or trade, and hires no employees (this category was formerly entitled self employed).
  - **Participation rate** For any group, the labour force expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 years and over in the same group.

**Part-time workers** Employed persons who usually worked less than 35 hours a week (in all jobs) and either did so during the reference week, or were not at work in the reference week. Seasonally adjusted A time series of estimates with the estimated effects of normal seasonal series variation removed. See paragraphs 37 and 38 of the Explanatory Notes for more detail. State capital cities The areas determining the six State capital cities are the Statistical Divisions for those capital cities defined in the Statistical Geography: Volume 1 - Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC) (1216.0).Status in employment Employed persons classified by whether they were employers, own account workers, employees, or contributing family workers. **Trend series** A smoothed seasonally adjusted series of estimates. See paragraphs 39 to 42 of the Explanatory Notes for more detail. Unemployed Persons aged 15 years and over who were not employed during the reference week, and: had actively looked for full-time or part-time work at any time in the four weeks up to the end of the reference week and: were available for work in the reference week; or were waiting to start a new job within four weeks from the end of the reference week, and could have started in the reference week if the job had been available then. **Unemployed looking for** Unemployed persons looking for full-time work who had never worked first full-time job full time for two weeks or more. **Unemployed looking for** Unemployed persons who had never worked for two weeks or more. first job **Unemployed looking for** Unemployed persons who: full-time work actively looked for full-time work and were available for work in the reference week; or actively looked for work and were not available for work in the reference week because they were waiting to start a new full-time job. **Unemployed** looking for Unemployed persons who: part-time work actively looked for part-time work only and were available for work in the reference week; or actively looked for work and were not available for work in the reference week because they were waiting to start a new part-time job.

Unemployed persons	Unemployed persons who had worked for two weeks or more in the last
classified by industry and	two years are classified according to the industry and occupation of their
occupation	most recent job.
Unemployment rate	For any group, the number of unemployed persons expressed as a percentage of the labour force in the same group.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY SURVEYS

FORTHCOMING

The Monthly Population Survey program collects data on particular aspects of the labour force. The following is an historical list of supplementary surveys to the monthly labour force surveys. The data are available in publication form, by subscription or on request. It may be possible to order unpublished data from these surveys by contacting the ABS.

	TITLE	CATALOGUE NUMBER
	Career Experience. Irregular. Latest issue November 1998	6254.0
	Career Paths of Persons with Trade Qualifications.	
	Final issue 1993 (Discontinued)	6243.0
	■ Child Care. Irregular. Latest issue June 1999	4402.0
	■ Education and Training Experience. Irregular. Latest issue 1997	6278.0
	Education and Work. Annual. Latest issue May 2001	6227.0
	Employee Earnings, Benefits and Trade Union Membership.	
	Annual. Latest issue August 2001	6310.0
	■ Employment Benefits. Final issue August 1994 (Discontinued)	6334.0.40.001
	■ Forms of Employment. Irregular. Latest issue August 1998.	6359.0
	■ Job Search Experience of Unemployed Persons. Annual.	
	Latest issue July 2001	6222.0
	Labour Force Experience. Two yearly. Latest issue February 2001	6206.0
	Labour Force Status and Educational Attainment. Final issue	
	February 1994 (Discontinued)	6235.0
	■ Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families.	
	Annual. Final issue June 2000 (Discontinued)	6224.0
	Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Migrants.	
	Irregular. Latest issue November 1999	6250.0
	Labour Mobility. Two-yearly. Latest issue February 2000	6209.0
	■ Locations of Work. Irregular. Latest issue June 2000	6275.0
	Multiple Jobholding, Irregular, Latest issue August 1997	6216.0
	<ul> <li>Participation in Education. Final issue September 1999 (Discontinued)</li> </ul>	6272.0
	<ul> <li>Persons Not in the Labour Force. Annual. Latest issue September 2000</li> </ul>	
	Persons Who had Re-entered the Labour Force.	0010
	Final issue July 1995 (Discontinued)	6264.0.40.001
	<ul> <li>Persons Who Have Left the Labour Force. Final issue</li> </ul>	0201101101001
	September 1994 (Discontinued)	6267.0.40.001
	<ul> <li>Retirement and Retirement Intentions. Irregular. Latest issue</li> </ul>	0207.0.10.001
	November 1997	6238.0
	<ul> <li>Retrenchment and Redundancy. Irregular. Latest issue July 1997</li> </ul>	6266.0
	<ul> <li>Successful and Unsuccessful Job Search Experience. Two-yearly.</li> </ul>	0200.0
	Latest issue July 2000	6245.0
	Superannuation. Final issue November 1995 (Discontinued)	6245.0 6319.0
	<ul> <li>Superannuation. Final issue November 1995 (Discontinued)</li> <li>Trade Union Members. Final issue August 1996 (Discontinued)</li> </ul>	6325.0
	e	6227.0
	<ul> <li>Transition from Education to Work. Annual. Latest issue May 2000</li> <li>Undersonal workshop Annual. Latest issue September 2000</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Underemployed Workers. Annual. Latest issue September 2000</li> <li>Work Polated Universe. Integralary Latest issue September 2000</li> </ul>	6265.0
	Work Related Injuries. Irregular. Latest issue September 2000	6324.0
	■ Working Arrangements. Irregular. Latest issue November 2000	6342.0
	Topic Reference month Rel	ease
SURVEYS		

SUPPLEMENTARY SURVEYS	Persons Not in the Labour Force	Sept 2001	May 2002		
INQUIRIES	For further information on the Labour Force supplementary survey publications listed above, contact the National Information and Referral				
	Service on 1300 135 070.				

### FOR MORE INFORMATION...

INTERNET	<b>www.abs.gov.au</b> the ABS web site is the best place to start for access to summary data from our latest publications, information about the ABS, advice about upcoming releases, our catalogue, and Australia Now—a statistical profile.
LIBRARY	A range of ABS publications is available from public and tertiary libraries Australia-wide. Contact your nearest library to determine whether it has the ABS statistics you require, or visit our web site for a list of libraries.
CPI INFOLINE	For current and historical Consumer Price Index data, call 1902 981 074 (call cost 77c per minute).

DIAL-A-STATISTIC For the latest figures for National Accounts, Balance of Payments, Labour Force, Average Weekly Earnings, Estimated Resident Population and the Consumer Price Index call 1900 986 400 (call cost 77c per minute).

#### **INFORMATION SERVICE**

	Data which have been published and can be provided within five minutes are free of charge. Our information consultants can also help you to access the full range of ABS information—ABS user-pays services can be tailored to your needs, time frame and budget. Publications may be purchased. Specialists are on hand to help you with analytical or methodological advice.
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